# DECOMMISSIONING COST ANALYSIS for the

CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION



 $prepared\ for$ 

**Duke Energy Corporation** 

prepared by

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# **REVISION LOG**

No.	CRA No.	Date	Item Revised	Reason for Revision
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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This report presents estimates of the cost to decommission the Catawba Nuclear Station (Catawba) for the selected decommissioning scenarios following the scheduled cessation of plant operations. The analysis relies upon site-specific, technical information from an evaluation prepared in 2003,<sup>[1]</sup> updated to reflect current assumptions pertaining to the disposition of the nuclear plant and relevant industry experience in undertaking such projects. The current estimates are designed to provide Duke Energy Corporation, (Duke Energy) with sufficient information to assess the plant owners' financial obligations, as they pertain to the eventual decommissioning of the nuclear plant.

The primary goal of the decommissioning is the removal and disposal of the contaminated systems and structures so that the plant's operating licenses can be terminated. The analysis recognizes that spent fuel will be stored at the site in the plant's storage pools and/or in an independent spent fuel storage installation (ISFSI) until such time that it can be transferred to the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). Consequently, the estimates also include those costs to manage and subsequently decommission these interim storage facilities.

The currently projected cost to decommission the station, assuming the DECON alternative, is estimated at \$1,230.1 million, as reported in 2008 dollars. An estimate for the SAFSTOR alternative is also provided.

The estimates are based on numerous fundamental assumptions, including regulatory requirements, project contingencies, low-level radioactive waste disposal practices, high-level radioactive waste management options, and site restoration requirements. The estimates incorporate a minimum cooling period for the spent fuel that resides in the storage pools when operations cease. Once sufficiently cooled, the spent fuel is transferred to the DOE, along with the spent fuel stored at the ISFSI during plant operations. The estimates also include the dismantling of site structures and non-essential facilities and the limited restoration of the site.

#### Alternatives and Regulations

The ultimate objective of the decommissioning process is to reduce the inventory of contaminated and activated material so that the license can be terminated. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) provided initial decommissioning requirements in its rule adopted on June 27, 1988. [2] In this rule, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Decommissioning Cost Analysis for the Catawba Nuclear Station," Document No. D03-1478-002, Rev. 0, TLG Services, Inc., November 2003

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Parts 30, 40, 50, 51, 70 and 72 "General Requirements for

NRC set forth financial criteria for decommissioning licensed nuclear power facilities. The regulations addressed planning needs, timing, funding methods, and environmental review requirements for decommissioning. The rule also defined three decommissioning alternatives as being acceptable to the NRC: DECON, SAFSTOR, and ENTOMB.

<u>DECON</u> is defined as "the alternative in which the equipment, structures, and portions of a facility and site containing radioactive contaminants are removed or decontaminated to a level that permits the property to be released for unrestricted use shortly after cessation of operations." [3]

SAFSTOR is defined as "the alternative in which the nuclear facility is placed and maintained in a condition that allows the nuclear facility to be safely stored and subsequently decontaminated (deferred decontamination) to levels that permit release for unrestricted use." [4] Decommissioning is to be completed within 60 years, although longer time periods will be considered when necessary to protect public health and safety.

ENTOMB is defined as "the alternative in which radioactive contaminants are encased in a structurally long-lived material, such as concrete; the entombed structure is appropriately maintained and continued surveillance is carried out until the radioactive material decays to a level permitting unrestricted release of the property." As with the SAFSTOR alternative, decommissioning is currently required to be completed within 60 years.

The 60-year restriction has limited the practicality for the ENTOMB alternative at commercial reactors that generate significant amounts of long-lived radioactive material. In 1997, the Commission directed its staff to re-evaluate this alternative and identify the technical requirements and regulatory actions that would be necessary for entombment to become a viable option. The resulting evaluation provided several recommendations, however, rulemaking has been deferred pending the completion of additional research studies, for example, on engineered barriers.

Decommissioning Nuclear Facilities," Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Federal Register Volume 53, Number 123 (p 24018 et seq.), June 27, 1988

<sup>3</sup> Ibid. Page FR24022, Column 3

<sup>4</sup> Ibid.

<sup>5</sup> Ibid. Page FR24023, Column 2

In 1996, the NRC published revisions to the general requirements for decommissioning nuclear power plants to clarify ambiguities and codify procedures and terminology as a means of enhancing efficiency and uniformity in the decommissioning process. [6] The amendments allow for greater public participation and better define the transition process from operations to decommissioning. Regulatory Guide 1.184, issued in July 2000, further described the methods and procedures acceptable to the NRC staff for implementing the requirements of the 1996 revised rule relating to the initial activities and major phases of the decommissioning process. The costs and schedules presented in this analysis follow the general guidance and processes described in the amended regulations. The format and content of the estimates is also consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.202, issued in February 2005.[7]

#### Methodology

The methodology used to develop the estimates described within this document follows the basic approach originally presented in the cost estimating guidelines<sup>[8]</sup> developed by the Atomic Industrial Forum (now Nuclear Energy Institute). This reference describes a unit factor method for determining decommissioning activity costs. The unit factors used in this analysis incorporate site-specific costs and the latest available information on worker productivity in decommissioning.

The estimates also reflect lessons learned from TLG's involvement in the Shippingport Station decommissioning, completed in 1989, and the decommissioning of the Cintichem reactor, hot cells and associated facilities, completed in 1997. In addition, the planning and engineering for the Pathfinder, Shoreham, Rancho Seco, Trojan, Yankee Rowe, Big Rock Point, Maine Yankee, Humboldt Bay-3, Connecticut Yankee and San Onofre-1 nuclear units have provided additional insight into the process, the regulatory aspects, and technical challenges of decommissioning commercial nuclear units.

An activity duration critical path is used to determine the total decommissioning program schedule. The schedule is relied upon in calculating the carrying costs, which include program management, administration, field engineering, equipment rental, and support services, such as quality control and security.

<sup>6</sup> U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Parts 2, 50, and 51, "Decommissioning of Nuclear Power Reactors," Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Federal Register Volume 61, (p 39278 et seq.), July 29, 1996

<sup>&</sup>quot;Standard Format and Content of Decommissioning Cost Estimates for Nuclear Power Reactors," Regulatory Guide 1.202, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, February 2005

<sup>8</sup> T.S. LaGuardia et al., "Guidelines for Producing Commercial Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Cost Estimates," AIF/NESP-036, May 1986

#### Contingency

Consistent with cost estimating practice, contingencies are applied to the decontamination and dismantling costs developed as "specific provision for unforeseeable elements of cost within the defined project scope, particularly important where previous experience relating estimates and actual costs has shown that unforeseeable events which will increase costs are likely to occur." The cost elements in the estimates are based on ideal conditions; therefore, the types of unforeseeable events that are almost certain to occur in decommissioning, based on industry experience, are addressed through a percentage contingency applied on a line-item basis. This contingency factor is a nearly universal element in all large-scale construction and demolition projects. It should be noted that contingency, as used in this analysis, does not account for price escalation and inflation in the cost of decommissioning over the remaining operating life of the station.

Contingency funds are expected to be fully expended throughout the program. As such, inclusion of contingency is necessary to provide assurance that sufficient funding will be available to accomplish the intended tasks.

#### Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal

The contaminated and activated material generated in the decontamination and dismantling of a commercial nuclear reactor is classified as low-level (radioactive) waste, although not all of the material is suitable for "shallow-land" disposal. With the passage of the "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act" in 1980,<sup>[10]</sup> and its Amendments of 1985,<sup>[11]</sup> the states became ultimately responsible for the disposition of low-level radioactive waste generated within their own borders.

South Carolina is a member of the three-state Atlantic Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact, formed after South Carolina formally joined the Northeast Regional Compact. The Barnwell Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Facility, located in South Carolina, is expected to be available to support the decommissioning of Catawba. It is also assumed that Duke Energy can access other disposal sites should it prove cost-effective. As such, rate schedules for both the Barnwell and EnergySolutions's facility in Clive, Utah are used to generate disposal costs.

For the purpose of this analysis, the EnergySolutions' facility is used as the basis for estimating the disposal cost for the lowest level and majority of the radioactive waste

Project and Cost Engineers' Handbook, Second Edition, American Association of Cost Engineers, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, New York, p. 239.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act of 1980," Public Law 96-573, 1980.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985," Public Law 99-240, 1986.

(Class A [12]). EnergySolutions does not have a license to dispose of the more highly radioactive waste (Classes B and C), for example, generated in the dismantling of the reactor vessel. The disposal cost for this material is based upon the rate schedule for the Barnwell facility.

The dismantling of the components residing closest to the reactor core generates radioactive waste considered unsuitable for shallow-land disposal (i.e., low-level radioactive waste with concentrations of radionuclides that exceed the limits established by the NRC for Class C radioactive waste (GTCC)). The Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985 assigned the federal government the responsibility for the disposal of this material. The Act also stated that the beneficiaries of the activities resulting in the generation of such radioactive waste bear all reasonable costs of disposing of such waste. However, to date, the federal government has not identified a cost for disposing of GTCC or a schedule for acceptance. As such, the GTCC radioactive waste has been packaged and disposed of as high-level waste, at a cost equivalent to that envisioned for the spent fuel.

For purposes of this study, GTCC is packaged in the same canisters used for spent fuel. The GTCC material is either stored with the spent fuel at the ISFSI or shipped directly to a DOE facility as it is generated (depending upon the timing of the decommissioning and whether the spent fuel has been removed from the site prior to the start of decommissioning).

A significant portion of the waste material generated during decommissioning may only be potentially contaminated by radioactive materials. This waste can be analyzed on site or shipped off site to licensed facilities for further analysis, for processing and/or for conditioning/recovery. Reduction in the volume of low-level radioactive waste requiring disposal in a licensed low-level radioactive waste disposal facility can be accomplished through a variety of methods, including analyses and surveys or decontamination to eliminate the portion of waste that does not require disposal as radioactive waste, compaction, incineration or metal melt. The estimates for Catawba reflect the savings from waste recovery/volume reduction.

### High-Level Radioactive Waste Management

Congress passed the "Nuclear Waste Policy Act" [13] (NWPA) in 1982, assigning the federal government's long-standing responsibility for disposal of the spent nuclear fuel created by the commercial nuclear generating plants to the DOE. The NWPA provided that DOE would enter into contracts with utilities in which DOE would promise to

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 61, "Licensing Requirements for Land Disposal of Radioactive Waste"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 and Amendments," DOE's Office of Civilian Radioactive Management, 1982

take the utilities' spent fuel and high-level radioactive waste and utilities would pay the cost of the disposition services for that material. The NWPA, along with the individual contracts with the utilities, specified that the DOE was to begin accepting spent fuel by January 31, 1998.

Since the original legislation, the DOE has announced several delays in the program schedule. By January 1998, the DOE had failed to accept any spent fuel or high level waste, as required by the NWPA and utility contracts. Delays continue and, as a result, generators have initiated legal action against the DOE in an attempt to obtain compensation for DOE's breach of contract.

Operation of DOE's yet-to-be constructed repository is contingent upon the review and approval of the facility's license application by the NRC and the successful resolution of pending litigation. The DOE submitted its license application to the NRC on June 3, 2008, seeking authorization to construct the repository at Yucca Mountain, Nevada. Assuming a timely review and adequate funding, the DOE expects that receipt of fuel could begin as early as 2017,[14] although 2020 may be more likely according to the director of the DOE's waste program.[15]

It is generally necessary that spent fuel be cooled and stored for a minimum period at the generating site prior to transfer. As such, the NRC requires that licensees establish a program to manage and provide funding for the management of all irradiated fuel at the reactor site until title of the fuel is transferred to the Secretary of Energy, pursuant to 10 CFR Part 50.54(bb).<sup>[16]</sup> This funding requirement is fulfilled through inclusion of certain cost elements in the decommissioning estimates, for example, associated with the isolation and continued operation of the spent fuel pools and the ISFSI.

According to the spent fuel management plan, at shutdown the spent fuel pools are expected to contain freshly discharged assemblies (from the most recent refueling cycles) as well as the final reactor core. Over the following twelve years the assemblies are packaged into multipurpose canisters for transfer to the DOE. It is assumed that this period provides the necessary cooling for the final core to meet the transport requirements for decay heat.

DOE's contracts with utilities order the acceptance of spent fuel from utilities based upon the oldest fuel receiving the highest priority. For purposes of this analysis,

<sup>&</sup>quot;DOE Announces Yucca Mountain License Application Schedule", U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Public Affairs, Press Release July 19, 2006

<sup>&</sup>quot;Testimony of Edward Sproat", Director, Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management, before a U.S. House of Representatives subcommittee on the status of Yucca Mountain, July 15, 2008.

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 50, "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities," Subpart 54 (bb), "Conditions of Licenses."

acceptance of commercial spent fuel by the DOE is expected to begin in 2017 (in accordance with DOE's latest published schedule). The first assemblies removed from the Catawba site are assumed to be in 2020. With an estimated, maximum rate of transfer of 3,000 metric tons of uranium (MTU)/year, completion of the removal of fuel from the site is projected to be in the year 2061. Consequently, costs are included within the estimates for the long-term caretaking of the spent fuel at the Catawba site until the year 2061.

An ISFSI, which can be operated under a separate and independent license, has been constructed to support continued plant operations. The facility is not required to support future decommissioning operations, however, there will be spent fuel located at the ISFSI (from plant operations) that will need to be transferred to the DOE during decommissioning. This fuel is assumed to be transferred after the pools are emptied.

Duke Energy's position is that the DOE has a contractual obligation to accept Catawba's fuel earlier than the projections set out above consistent with its contract commitments. No assumption made in this study should be interpreted to be inconsistent with this claim. However, at this time, including the cost of storing spent fuel in this study is the most reasonable approach because it insures the availability of sufficient decommissioning funds at the end of the station's life if, contrary to its contractual obligation, the DOE has not performed earlier.

#### Site Restoration

The efficient removal of the contaminated materials at the site may result in damage to many of the site structures. Blasting, coring, drilling, and the other decontamination activities will substantially damage power block structures, potentially weakening the footings and structural supports. Prompt dismantling of site structures (once the facilities are decontaminated) is clearly the most appropriate and cost-effective option. It is unreasonable to anticipate that these structures would be repaired and preserved after the radiological contamination is removed. The cost to dismantle site structures with a work force already mobilized on site is more efficient than if the process is deferred. Site facilities quickly degrade without maintenance, adding additional expense and creating potential hazards to the public and the demolition work force. Consequently, this study assumes that site structures are removed to a nominal depth of three feet below the local grade level wherever possible. The site is then to be graded and stabilized.

#### Summary

The costs to decommission Catawba assumes the removal of all contaminated and activated plant components and structural materials such that the owner may then

have unrestricted use of the site with no further requirements for an operating license. Low-level radioactive waste, other than GTCC waste, is sent to a commercial processor for treatment/conditioning or to a controlled disposal facility.

Decommissioning is accomplished within the 60-year period required by current NRC regulations. In the interim, the spent fuel remains in storage at the site until such time that the transfer to a DOE facility is complete. Once emptied, the storage facilities are also decommissioned.

Both the DECON and SAFSTOR scenarios are described in Section 2. The assumptions are presented in Section 3, along with schedules of annual expenditures. The major cost contributors are identified in Section 6, with detailed activity costs, waste volumes, and associated manpower requirements delineated in Appendices C and D. The major cost components are also identified in the cost summary provided at the end of this section.

The cost elements in the estimates are assigned to one of three subcategories: NRC License Termination, Spent Fuel Management, and Site Restoration. The subcategory "NRC License Termination" is used to accumulate costs that are consistent with "decommissioning" as defined by the NRC in its financial assurance regulations (i.e., 10 CFR Part 50.75). The cost reported for this subcategory is generally sufficient to terminate the unit's operating license, recognizing that there may be some additional cost impact from spent fuel management.

The "Spent Fuel Management" subcategory contains costs associated with the containerization and transfer of spent fuel from the wet storage pools to a DOE transport cask, as well as the transfer the fuel in storage at the ISFSI to the DOE. Costs are included for the operation of the storage pools and the management of the ISFSI until such time that the transfer is complete.

"Site Restoration" is used to capture costs associated with the dismantling and demolition of buildings and facilities demonstrated to be free from contamination. This includes structures never exposed to radioactive materials, as well as those facilities that have been decontaminated to appropriate levels. Structures are removed to a depth of three feet and backfilled to conform to local grade.

It should be noted that the costs assigned to these subcategories are allocations. Delegation of cost elements is for the purposes of comparison (e.g., with NRC financial guidelines) or to permit specific financial treatment (e.g., ARO determinations). In reality, there can be considerable interaction between the activities in the three subcategories. For example, an owner may decide to remove non-contaminated structures early in the project to improve access to highly contaminated facilities or plant components. In these instances, the non-contaminated removal costs could be

reassigned from Site Restoration to an NRC License Termination support activity. However, in general, the allocations represent a reasonable accounting of those costs that can be expected to be incurred for the specific subcomponents of the total estimated program cost, if executed as described.

As noted within this document, the estimates were developed and costs are presented in 2008 dollars. As such, the estimates do not reflect the escalation of costs (due to inflationary and market forces) over the remaining operating life of the plant or during the decommissioning period.

# DECON COST SUMMARY DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Cost Element	Unit 1	Unit 2	Total
		,	
Decontamination	14,130	14,787	28,917
Removal	87,810	122,652	210,461
Packaging	19,654	17,231	36,885
Transportation	6,830	6,189	13,019
Waste Disposal	81,039	70,454	151,493
Off-site Waste Processing	26,566	28,122	54,688
Program Management [1]	217,307	231,397	448,704
Utility Site Indirect	17,654	18,936	36,590
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	10,819	7,212	18,031
Spent Fuel Management [2]	24,858	31,324	56,182
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	15,754	15,598	31,352
Energy	12,775	12,889	25,664
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	17,464	16,863	34,326
Property Taxes	34,237	34,425	68,663
Miscellaneous Equipment	6,503	6,438	12,940
Miscellaneous Site Services	0	2,211	2,211
Total <sup>[3]</sup>	593,400	636,727	1,230,127

Cost Element			
License Termination	477,834	477,846	955,680
Spent Fuel Management	87,173	109,208	196,902
Site Restoration	28,393	49,672	77,544
Total [3]	593,400	636,727	1,230,127

[1] Includes engineering and security costs

[3] Columns may not add due to rounding

Excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

# SAFSTOR COST SUMMARY DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Cost Element	Unit 1	Unit 2	Total
Decontamination	12,159	12,560	24,719
Removal	85,473	118,932	204,405
Packaging	15,513	13,159	28,672
Transportation	5,497	4,802	10,299
Waste Disposal	66,154	57,105	123,258
Off-site Waste Processing	28,963	30,659	59,622
Program Management [1]	332,191	250,746	582,937
Utility Site Indirect	25,181	17,906	43,087
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	10,819	7,212	18,031
Spent Fuel Management [2]	25,221	28,832	54,052
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	47,441	45,627	93,068
Energy	22,091	21,458	43,549
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	18,911	18,310	37,221
Property Taxes	35,602	35,602	71,205
Miscellaneous Equipment	17,078	20,602	37,680
Miscellaneous Site Services		2,211	2,211
Total [3]	748,292	685,723	1,434,015

Cost Element			
License Termination	590,482	533,475	1,123,957
Spent Fuel Management [4]	121,194	95,094	216,288
Site Restoration	36,616	57,155	93,770
Total [3]	748,292	685,723	1,434,015

[1] Includes engineering and security costs

[3] Columns may not add due to rounding

Direct costs only, excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

<sup>[4]</sup> Includes percentage of Period 2a (dormancy) plant operating costs until spent fuel pools are emptied, in addition to the direct costs

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents estimates of the costs to decommission the Catawba Nuclear Station, (Catawba) following a scheduled cessation of plant operations. The analysis relies upon site-specific, technical information from an earlier evaluation prepared in 2003,[1]\* updated to reflect current assumptions pertaining to the disposition of the nuclear plant and relevant industry experience in undertaking such projects. The current estimates are designed to provide Duke Energy Corporation (Duke Energy) with sufficient information to assess the plant owners' financial obligations, as they pertain to the eventual decommissioning of the nuclear station. It is not a detailed engineering document, but a financial analysis prepared in advance of the detailed engineering that will be required to carry out the decommissioning.

#### 1.1 OBJECTIVES OF STUDY

The objectives of this study are to prepare comprehensive estimates of the costs to decommission Catawba, to provide a sequence or schedule for the associated activities, and to develop waste stream projections from the decontamination and dismantling activities. For the purposes of this study, the shutdown date for the station is assumed to be December 12, 2043, based upon the current operating licenses.

#### 1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

Catawba is located in York County, South Carolina, approximately 17 miles southwest of Charlotte, North Carolina and 6 miles north-northwest of Rock Hill, South Carolina on the shore of Lake Wylie. The station is comprised of two nuclear units that are essentially identical except for certain auxiliary systems.

The Nuclear Steam Supply System (NSSS) consists of a pressurized water reactor and four-loop reactor coolant system. Each generating unit has a reference core design of 3,411 megawatts (thermal) with a corresponding net electrical rating of 1,129 megawatts (electric), with the reactor at rated power.

The reactor coolant system is comprised of the reactor vessel and four heat transfer loops, each containing a vertical U-tube type steam generator, and a single speed centrifugal reactor coolant pump. In addition, the system includes an electrically heated pressurizer, a pressurizer relief tank, and interconnected piping. The system is housed within a containment vessel, a free-standing

<sup>\*</sup> References provided in Section 7 of the document

cylindrical steel structure enclosed by a separate reinforced concrete reactor building. The reactor building houses the containment vessel and is designed to provide biological shielding as well as missile protection for the steel containment vessel. A six-foot annulus space is provided between the containment vessel and reactor building for control of containment external temperatures and pressures and also provides a controlled air volume for filtering and access to penetrations for testing and inspection. The containment shell is anchored to the reactor building foundation with a steel liner plate encased in concrete forming the base of the containment.

Heat produced in the reactor is converted to electrical energy by the steam and power conversion system. A turbine-generator system converts the thermal energy of steam produced in the steam generators into mechanical shaft power and then into electrical energy. The turbine generators consist of a tandem (single shaft) arrangement of a double-flow high-pressure turbine and three identical double-flow, low-pressure turbines driving a direct-coupled generator at 1800 rpm. The turbines are operated in a closed feedwater cycle, which condenses the steam. The heated feedwater is returned to the steam generators.

The condenser circulating water system removes heat rejected in the main condensers. The heat is dissipated to the ambient surroundings in a closed-cycle system using three round, mechanical draft, cross-flow Marley cooling towers per unit. During normal operation, makeup cooling water for the nuclear service water and low pressure service water systems is pumped from the Beaver Dam Creek arm of Lake Wylie and returned to Big Allison Creek.

#### 1.3 REGULATORY GUIDANCE

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) provided initial decommissioning requirements in its rule "General Requirements for Decommissioning Nuclear Facilities," issued in June 1988. [2] This rule set forth financial criteria for decommissioning licensed nuclear power facilities. The regulation addressed decommissioning planning needs, timing, funding methods, and environmental review requirements. The intent of the rule was to ensure that decommissioning would be accomplished in a safe and timely manner and that adequate funds would be available for this purpose. Subsequent to the rule, the NRC issued Regulatory Guide 1.159, "Assuring the Availability of Funds for Decommissioning Nuclear Reactors," [3] which provided additional guidance to the licensees of nuclear facilities on the financial methods acceptable to the NRC staff for complying with the requirements of the rule. The regulatory guide addressed the funding

requirements and provided guidance on the content and form of the financial assurance mechanisms indicated in the rule.

The rule defined three decommissioning alternatives as being acceptable to the NRC: DECON, SAFSTOR, and ENTOMB. The DECON alternative assumes that any contaminated or activated portion of the plant's systems, structures and facilities are removed or decontaminated to levels that permit the site to be released for unrestricted use shortly after the cessation of plant operations. The rule also placed limits on the time allowed to complete the decommissioning process. For SAFSTOR, the process is restricted in overall duration to 60 years, unless it can be shown that a longer duration is necessary to protect public health and safety. The guidelines for ENTOMB are similar, providing the NRC with both sufficient leverage and flexibility to ensure that these deferred options are only used in situations where it is reasonable and consistent with the definition of decommissioning. At the conclusion of a 60-year dormancy period (or longer for ENTOMB if the NRC approves such a case), the site would still require significant remediation to meet the unrestricted release limits for license termination.

The ENTOMB alternative has not been viewed as a viable option for power reactors due to the significant time required to isolate the long-lived radionuclides for decay to permissible levels. However, with rulemaking permitting the controlled release of a site,[4] the NRC has re-evaluated this alternative. The resulting feasibility study, based upon an assessment by Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, concluded that the method did have conditional merit for some, if not most reactors. However, the staff also found that additional rulemaking would be needed before this option could be treated as a generic alternative. The NRC had considered rulemaking to alter the 60year time for completing decommissioning and to clarify the use of engineered barriers for reactor entombments.<sup>[5]</sup> However, the NRC's staff has recommended that rulemaking be deferred, based upon several factors, e.g., no licensee has committed to pursuing the entombment option, the unresolved issues associated with the disposition of greater-than-Class C material (GTCC), and the NRC's current priorities, at least until after the additional research studies are complete. The Commission concurred with the staff's recommendation.

In 1996, the NRC published revisions to the general requirements for decommissioning nuclear power plants. [6] When the decommissioning regulations were adopted in 1988, it was assumed that the majority of licensees would decommission at the end of the facility's operating licensed life. Since that time, several licensees permanently and prematurely ceased operations. Exemptions from certain operating requirements were required

once the reactor was defueled to facilitate the decommissioning. Each case was handled individually, without clearly defined generic requirements. The NRC amended the decommissioning regulations in 1996 to clarify ambiguities and codify procedures and terminology as a means of enhancing efficiency and uniformity in the decommissioning process. The amendments allow for greater public participation and better define the transition process from operations to decommissioning.

Under the revised regulations, licensees will submit written certification to the NRC within 30 days after the decision to cease operations. Certification will also be required once the fuel is permanently removed from the reactor vessel. Submittal of these notices will entitle the licensee to a fee reduction and eliminate the obligation to follow certain requirements needed only during operation of the reactor. Within two years of submitting notice of permanent cessation of operations, the licensee is required to submit a Post-Shutdown Decommissioning Activities Report (PSDAR) to the NRC. The PSDAR describes the planned decommissioning activities, the associated sequence and schedule, and an estimate of expected costs. Prior to completing decommissioning, the licensee is required to submit an application to the NRC to terminate the license, which will include a license termination plan (LTP).

#### 1.3.1 Nuclear Waste Policy Act

Congress passed the "Nuclear Waste Policy Act" (NWPA) in 1982, assigning the federal government's long-standing responsibility for disposal of the spent nuclear fuel created by the commercial nuclear generating plants to the DOE. The NWPA provided that DOE would enter into contracts with utilities in which DOE would promise to take the utilities' spent fuel and high-level radioactive waste and utilities would pay the cost of the disposition services for that material. The NWPA, along with the individual contracts with the utilities, specified that the DOE was to begin accepting spent fuel by January 31, 1998.

Since the original legislation, the DOE has announced several delays in the program schedule. By January 1998, the DOE had failed to accept any spent fuel or high level waste, as required by the NWPA and utility contracts. Delays continue and, as a result, generators have initiated legal action against the DOE in an attempt to obtain compensation for DOE's breach of contract.

Operation of DOE's yet-to-be constructed repository is contingent upon the review and approval of the facility's license application by the NRC and the successful resolution of pending litigation. The DOE submitted its license application to the NRC on June 3, 2008, seeking authorization to construct the repository at Yucca Mountain, Nevada. Assuming a timely review, and adequate funding, the DOE expects that receipt of fuel could begin as early as 2017. [8]

It is generally necessary that spent fuel be actively cooled and stored for a minimum period at the generating site prior to transfer. As such, the NRC requires that licensees establish a program to manage and provide funding for the management of all irradiated fuel at the reactor site until title of the fuel is transferred to the Secretary of Energy, pursuant to 10 CFR Part 50.54(bb).<sup>[9]</sup> This funding requirement is fulfilled through inclusion of certain cost elements in the decommissioning estimate, for example, associated with the isolation and continued operation of the spent fuel pools and ISFSI.

According to the spent fuel management plan, at shutdown the spent fuel pools are expected to contain freshly discharged assemblies (from the most recent refueling cycles) as well as the final reactor core. Over the following twelve years the assemblies are packaged into multipurpose canisters for transfer to the DOE. It is assumed that this period provides the necessary cooling for the final core to meet the transport requirements for decay heat.

DOE's contracts with utilities order the acceptance of spent fuel from utilities based upon the oldest fuel receiving the highest priority. For purposes of this analysis, acceptance of commercial spent fuel by the DOE is expected to begin in 2017 (in accordance with DOE's latest published schedule). The first assemblies removed from the Catawba site are assumed to be in 2020. With an estimated maximum rate of transfer of 3,000 metric tons of uranium (MTU)/year from the commercial generators, completion of the removal of fuel from the Catawba site is projected to be in the year 2061. Consequently, costs are included within the estimates for the long-term caretaking of the spent fuel at the Catawba site until the year 2061.

An ISFSI, which can be operated under a separate and independent license, has been constructed to support continued plant operations. The facility is not required to support future decommissioning operations, however, there will be spent fuel located at the ISFSI (from plant operations) that will need to be transferred to the DOE during decommissioning. This fuel is assumed to be transferred after the pools are emptied.

Duke Energy's position is that the DOE has a contractual obligation to accept Catawba's fuel earlier than the projections set out above consistent with its contract commitments. No assumption made in this study should be interpreted to be inconsistent with this claim. However, at this time, including the cost of storing spent fuel in this study is the most reasonable approach because it insures the availability of sufficient decommissioning funds at the end of the station's life if, contrary to its contractual obligation, the DOE has not performed earlier.

# 1.3.2 Low-Level Radioactive Waste Acts

The contaminated and activated material generated in the decontamination and dismantling of a commercial nuclear reactor is classified as low-level (radioactive) waste, although not all of the material is suitable for "shallow-land" disposal. With the passage of the "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act" in 1980,<sup>[10]</sup> and its Amendments of 1985,<sup>[11]</sup> the states became ultimately responsible for the disposition of low-level radioactive waste generated within their own borders.

South Carolina is a member of the three-state Atlantic Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact, formed after South Carolina formally joined the Northeast Regional Compact. The Barnwell Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Facility, located in South Carolina, is expected to be available to support the decommissioning of Catawba. It is also assumed that Duke Energy can access other disposal sites should it prove cost-effective. As such, rate schedules for both the Barnwell and EnergySolutions's facility in Clive, Utah are used to generate disposal costs.

For the purpose of this analysis, the EnergySolutions' facility is used as the basis for estimating the disposal cost for the lowest level and majority of the radioactive waste (Class A [12]). EnergySolutions does not have a license to dispose of the more highly radioactive waste (Classes B and C), for example, generated in the dismantling of the reactor vessel. The disposal cost for this material is based upon the rate schedule for the Barnwell facility.

The dismantling of the components residing closest to the reactor core generates radioactive waste considered unsuitable for shallow-land disposal (i.e., low-level radioactive waste with concentrations of radionuclides that exceed the limits established by the NRC for Class C radioactive waste (GTCC)). The Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy

Amendments Act of 1985 assigned the federal government the responsibility for the disposal of this material. The Act also stated that the beneficiaries of the activities resulting in the generation of such radioactive waste bear all reasonable costs of disposing of such waste. However, to date, the federal government has not identified a cost for disposing of GTCC or a schedule for acceptance. As such, the GTCC radioactive waste has been packaged and disposed of as high-level waste, at a cost equivalent to that envisioned for the spent fuel.

For purposes of this study, GTCC is packaged in the same canisters used for spent fuel. The GTCC material is either stored with the spent fuel or shipped directly to a DOE facility as it is generated (depending upon the timing of the decommissioning and whether the spent fuel has been removed from the site prior to the start of decommissioning).

A significant portion of the waste material generated during decommissioning may only be potentially contaminated by radioactive materials. This waste can be analyzed on site or shipped off site to licensed facilities for further analysis, for processing and/or for conditioning/recovery. Reduction in the volume of low-level radioactive waste requiring disposal in a licensed low-level radioactive waste disposal facility can be accomplished through a variety of methods, including analyses and surveys or decontamination to eliminate the portion of waste that does not require disposal as radioactive waste, compaction, incineration or metal melt. The estimates for Catawba reflect the savings from waste recovery/volume reduction.

#### 1.3.3 Radiological Criteria for License Termination

In 1997, the NRC published Subpart E, "Radiological Criteria for License Termination," amending 10 CFR Part 20. This subpart provides radiological criteria for releasing a facility for unrestricted use. The regulation states that the site can be released for unrestricted use if radioactivity levels are such that the average member of a critical group would not receive a Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE) in excess of 25 millirem per year, and provided that residual radioactivity has been reduced to levels that are As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA). The decommissioning estimates assume that the Catawba site will be remediated to a residual level consistent with the NRC-prescribed level. It should be noted that the NRC and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) differ on the amount of residual radioactivity considered acceptable in site remediation. The EPA has two limits that apply to radioactive materials. An EPA limit of 15 millirem per year is derived

from criteria established by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or Superfund).<sup>[14]</sup> An additional and separate limit of 4 millirem per year, as defined in 40 CFR §141.16, is applied to drinking water.<sup>[15]</sup>

On October 9, 2002, the NRC signed an agreement with the EPA on the radiological decommissioning and decontamination of NRC-licensed sites. The Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)<sup>[16]</sup> provides that EPA will defer exercise of authority under CERCLA for the majority of facilities decommissioned under NRC authority. The MOU also includes provisions for NRC and EPA consultation for certain sites when, at the time of license termination, (1) groundwater contamination exceeds EPA-permitted levels; (2) NRC contemplates restricted release of the site; and/or (3) residual radioactive soil concentrations exceed levels defined in the MOU.

The MOU does not impose any new requirements on NRC licensees and should reduce the involvement of the EPA with NRC licensees who are decommissioning. Most sites are expected to meet the NRC criteria for unrestricted use, and the NRC believes that only a few sites will have groundwater or soil contamination in excess of the levels specified in the MOU that trigger consultation with the EPA. However, if there are other hazardous materials on the site, the EPA may be involved in the cleanup. As such, the possibility of dual regulation remains for certain licensees. The present study does not include any costs for this occurrence.

#### 2. DECOMMISSIONING ALTERNATIVES

Detailed cost estimates were developed to decommission the Catawba nuclear plant for the following approved decommissioning alternatives: DECON and SAFSTOR. Although the alternatives differ with respect to technique, process, cost, and schedule, they attain the same result: the ultimate release of the site for unrestricted use.

The following sections describe the basic activities associated with each alternative. Although detailed procedures for each activity identified are not provided, and the actual sequence of work may vary, the activity descriptions provide a basis not only for estimating but also for the expected scope of work, i.e., engineering and planning at the time of decommissioning.

The conceptual approach that the NRC has described in its regulations divides decommissioning into three phases. The initial phase commences with the effective date of permanent cessation of operations and involves the transition of both plant and licensee from reactor operations (i.e., power production) to facility de-activation and closure. During the first phase, notification is to be provided to the NRC certifying the permanent cessation of operations and the removal of fuel from the reactor vessel. The licensee is then prohibited from reactor operation.

The second phase encompasses activities during the storage period or during major decommissioning activities, or a combination of the two. The third phase pertains to the activities involved in license termination. The decommissioning estimates developed for Catawba are also divided into phases or periods; however, demarcation of the phases is based upon major milestones within the project or significant changes in the projected expenditures.

#### 2.1 DECON

The DECON alternative, as defined by the NRC, is "the alternative in which the equipment, structures, and portions of a facility and site containing radioactive contaminants are removed or decontaminated to a level that permits the property to be released for unrestricted use shortly after cessation of operations." This study does not address the cost to dispose of the spent fuel residing at the site; such costs are funded through a surcharge on electrical generation. However, the study does estimate the costs incurred with the interim on-site storage of the fuel pending shipment by the DOE to an off-site disposal facility.

#### 2.1.1 Period 1 - Preparations

In anticipation of the cessation of plant operations, detailed preparations are undertaken to provide a smooth transition from plant operations to site decommissioning. Through implementation of a staffing transition plan, the organization required to manage the intended decommissioning activities is assembled from available plant staff and outside resources. Preparations include the planning for permanent defueling of the reactor, revision of technical specifications applicable to the operating conditions and requirements, a characterization of the facility and major components, and the development of the PSDAR.

#### Engineering and Planning

The PSDAR, required within two years of the notice to cease operations. provides a description of the licensee's planned decommissioning activities, a timetable, and the associated financial requirements of the intended decommissioning program. Upon receipt of the PSDAR, the NRC will make the document available to the public for comment in a local hearing to be held in the vicinity of the reactor site. Ninety days following submittal and NRC receipt of the PSDAR, the licensee may begin to perform major decommissioning activities under a modified 10 CFR §50.59 procedure, i.e., without specific NRC approval. Major activities are defined as any activity that results in permanent removal of major radioactive components, permanently modifies the structure of the containment, or results in dismantling components (for shipment) containing GTCC, as defined by 10 CFR §61. Major components are further defined as comprising the reactor vessel and internals, large bore reactor coolant system piping, and other large components that are radioactive. The NRC includes the following additional criteria for use of the §50.59 process in decommissioning. The proposed activity must not:

- foreclose release of the site for possible unrestricted use,
- significantly increase decommissioning costs,
- · cause any significant environmental impact, or
- violate the terms of the licensee's existing license.

Existing operational technical specifications are reviewed and modified to reflect plant conditions and the safety concerns associated with permanent cessation of operations. The environmental impact associated with the planned decommissioning activities is also considered.

Typically, a licensee will not be allowed to proceed if the consequences of a particular decommissioning activity are greater than that bounded by previously evaluated environmental assessments or impact statements. In this instance, the licensee would have to submit a license amendment for the specific activity and update the environmental report.

The decommissioning program outlined in the PSDAR will be designed to accomplish the required tasks within the ALARA guidelines (as defined in 10 CFR §20) for protection of personnel from exposure to radiation hazards. It will also address the continued protection of the health and safety of the public and the environment during the dismantling activity. Consequently, with the development of the PSDAR, activity specifications, cost-benefit and safety analyses, work packages and procedures, would be assembled to support the proposed decontamination and dismantling activities.

## Site Preparations

Following final plant shutdown, and in preparation for actual decommissioning activities, the following activities are initiated:

- Characterization of the site and surrounding environs. This includes radiation surveys of work areas, major components (including the reactor vessel and its internals), internal piping, and primary shield cores.
- Isolation of the spent fuel storage pools and fuel handling systems, such that decommissioning operations can commence on the balance of the plant. The pools will remain operational for approximately twelve years following the cessation of operations before the inventory resident at shutdown can be transferred to the DOE.
- Specification of transport and disposal requirements for activated materials and/or hazardous materials, including shielding and waste stabilization.
- Development of procedures for occupational exposure control, control and release of liquid and gaseous effluent, processing of radwaste (including dry-active waste, resins, filter media, metallic and nonmetallic components generated in decommissioning), site security and emergency programs, and industrial safety.

#### 2.1.2 Period 2 - Decommissioning Operations

This period includes the physical decommissioning activities associated with the removal and disposal of contaminated and activated components and structures, including the successful termination of the 10 CFR §50 operating license. Significant decommissioning activities in this phase include:

- Construction of temporary facilities and/or modification of existing facilities to support dismantling activities. This may include a centralized processing area to facilitate equipment removal and component preparations for off-site disposal.
- Reconfiguration and modification of site structures and facilities as needed to support decommissioning operations. This may include the upgrading of roads (on- and off-site) to facilitate hauling and transport. Modifications may be required to the containment structure to facilitate access of large/heavy equipment. Modifications may also be required to the refueling area of the building to support the segmentation of the reactor vessel internals and component extraction.
- Design and fabrication of temporary and permanent shielding to support removal and transportation activities, construction of contamination control envelopes, and the procurement of specialty tooling.
- Procurement (lease or purchase) of shipping canisters, cask liners, and industrial packages for the disposition of low-level radioactive waste.
- Decontamination of components and piping systems as required to control (minimize) worker exposure.
- Removal of piping and components no longer essential to support decommissioning operations.
- Removal of control rod drive housings and the head service structure from the reactor vessel head. Segmentation of the vessel closure head.
- Removal and segmentation of the upper internals assemblies. Segmentation will maximize the loading of the shielded transport casks, i.e., by weight and activity. The operations are conducted under water using remotely operated tooling and contamination controls.

- Disassembly and segmentation of the remaining reactor internals, including the core shroud and lower core support assembly. Some material is expected to exceed Class C disposal requirements. As such, the segments will be packaged in modified fuel storage canisters for geologic disposal.
- Segmentation of the reactor vessel. A shielded platform is installed for segmentation as cutting operations are performed in-air using remotely operated equipment within a contamination control envelope. The water level is maintained just below the cut to minimize the working area dose rates. Segments are transferred in-air to containers that are stored under water, for example, in an isolated area of the refueling canal.
- Removal of the activated portions of the concrete biological shield and accessible contaminated concrete surfaces. If dictated by the steam generator and pressurizer removal scenarios, those portions of the associated cubicles necessary for access and component extraction are removed.
- Removal of the steam generators and pressurizer for material recovery and controlled disposal. The generators will be moved to an on-site processing center, the steam domes removed and the internal components segregated for recycling. The lower shell and tube bundle will be packaged for direct disposal. These components can serve as their own burial containers provided that all penetrations are properly sealed and the internal contaminants are stabilized, e.g., with grout. Steel shielding will be added, as necessary, to those external areas of the package to meet transportation limits and regulations. The retired units in storage at the site will be handled in a similar manner. The pressurizer is disposed of intact.

At least two years prior to the anticipated date of license termination, an LTP is required. Submitted as a supplement to the Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) or its equivalent, the plan must include: a site characterization, description of the remaining dismantling activities, plans for site remediation, procedures for the final radiation survey, designation of the end use of the site, an updated cost estimate to complete the decommissioning, and any associated environmental concerns. The NRC will notice the receipt of the plan, make the plan available for public comment, and schedule a local hearing. LTP approval will be subject to any conditions and limitations as deemed appropriate by the Commission. The licensee may then commence with the final remediation of site facilities and services, including:

- Removal of remaining plant systems and associated components as they become nonessential to the decommissioning program or worker health and safety (e.g., waste collection and treatment systems, electrical power and ventilation systems).
- Removal of the steel liners from refueling canal, disposing of the activated and contaminated sections as radioactive waste. Removal of any activated/contaminated concrete.
- Surveys of the decontaminated areas of the containment structure.
- Remediation and removal of the contaminated equipment and material from the auxiliary and fuel buildings and any other contaminated facility. Radiation and contamination controls will be utilized until residual levels indicate that the structures and equipment can be released for unrestricted access and conventional demolition. This activity may necessitate the dismantling and disposition of most of the systems and components (both clean and contaminated) located within these buildings. This activity facilitates surface decontamination and subsequent verification surveys required prior to obtaining release for demolition.
- Routing of material removed in the decontamination and dismantling
  to a central processing area. Material certified to be free of
  contamination is released for unrestricted disposition, e.g., as scrap,
  recycle, or general disposal. Contaminated material is characterized
  and segregated for additional off-site processing (disassembly,
  chemical cleaning, volume reduction, and waste treatment), and/or
  packaged for controlled disposal at a low-level radioactive waste
  disposal facility.

Incorporated into the LTP is the Final Survey Plan. This plan identifies the radiological surveys to be performed once the decontamination activities are completed and is developed using the guidance provided in the "Multi-Agency Radiation Survey and Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM)."[17] This document incorporates the statistical approaches to survey design and data interpretation used by the EPA. It also identifies state-of-the-art, commercially available instrumentation and procedures for conducting radiological surveys. Use of this guidance ensures that the surveys are conducted in a manner that provides a high degree of confidence that applicable NRC criteria are satisfied. Once the survey is complete, the results are provided to the NRC in a format that can be verified. The NRC then reviews and evaluates the information, performs an independent confirmation of radiological site conditions, and makes a determination on final termination of the license.

The NRC will terminate the operating licenses if it determines that site remediation has been performed in accordance with the LTP, and that the terminal radiation survey and associated documentation demonstrate that the facility is suitable for release.

#### 2.1.3 Period 3 - Site Restoration

Following completion of decommissioning operations, site restoration activities will begin. Efficient removal of the contaminated materials and verification that residual radionuclide concentrations are below the NRC limits will result in substantial damage to many of the structures. Although performed in a controlled, safe manner, blasting, coring, drilling, scarification (surface removal), and the other decontamination activities will substantially degrade power block structures including the reactor and auxiliary buildings. Under certain circumstances, verifying that subsurface radionuclide concentrations meet NRC site release requirements will require removal of grade slabs and lower floors, potentially weakening footings and structural supports. This removal activity will be necessary for those facilities and plant areas where historical records, when available, indicate the potential for radionuclides having been present in the soil, where system failures have been recorded, or where it is required to confirm that subsurface process and drain lines were not breached over the operating life of the station.

Prompt dismantling of site structures is clearly the most appropriate and cost-effective option. It is unreasonable to anticipate that these structures would be repaired and preserved after the radiological contamination is removed. The cost to dismantle site structures with a work force already mobilized on site is more efficient than if the process were deferred. Site facilities quickly degrade without maintenance, adding additional expense and creating potential hazards to the public as well as to future workers. Abandonment creates a breeding ground for vermin infestation as well as other biological hazards.

This cost study presumes that non-essential structures and site facilities are dismantled as a continuation of the decommissioning activity. Foundations and exterior walls are removed to a nominal depth of three feet below grade. The three-foot depth allows for the placement of gravel for drainage, as well as topsoil, so that vegetation can be established for erosion control. Site areas affected by the dismantling activities are restored and the plant area graded as required to prevent ponding and inhibit the refloating of subsurface materials.

Non-contaminated concrete rubble produced by demolition activities is processed to remove reinforcing steel and miscellaneous embedments. The processed material is then used on site to backfill foundation voids. Excess non-contaminated materials are trucked to an off-site area for disposal as construction debris.

## 2.1.4 ISFSI Operations and Decommissioning

The ISFSI will continue to operate under a separate and independent license (10 CFR §72) following the termination of the §50 operating license. Assuming the DOE starts accepting fuel from Catawba in 2020, transfer of spent fuel from the ISFSI is anticipated to begin in 2055, and continue through the year 2061.

At the conclusion of the spent fuel transfer process, the ISFSI will be decommissioned. The Commission will terminate the §72 license when it determines that the remediation of the ISFSI has been performed in accordance with an ISFSI license termination plan and that the final radiation survey and associated documentation demonstrate that the facility is suitable for release. Once the requirements are satisfied, the NRC can terminate the license for the ISFSI.

The assumed design for the ISFSI is based upon the use of a multipurpose canister and a concrete overpack for pad storage. For purposes of this cost analysis, it is assumed that once the inner canisters containing the spent fuel assemblies have been removed, any required decontamination performed on the storage overpack (some minor activation is assumed), and the license for the facility terminated, the concrete overpacks can be dismantled using conventional techniques for the demolition of reinforced concrete. The concrete storage pad is then removed and the area regraded.

#### 2.2 SAFSTOR

The NRC defines SAFSTOR as "the alternative in which the nuclear facility is placed and maintained in a condition that allows the nuclear facility to be safely stored and subsequently decontaminated (deferred decontamination) to levels that permit release for unrestricted use." The facility is left intact (during the dormancy period), with structures maintained in a sound condition. Systems that are not required to support the spent fuel pools or site surveillance and security are drained, de-energized, and secured. Minimal cleaning/removal of loose contamination and/or fixation and sealing of

remaining contamination is performed. Access to contaminated areas is secured to provide controlled access for inspection and maintenance.

The engineering and planning requirements are similar to those for the DECON alternative, although a shorter time period is expected for these activities due to the more limited work scope. Site preparations are also similar to those for the DECON alternative. However, with the exception of the required radiation surveys and site characterizations, the mobilization and preparation of site facilities is less extensive.

#### 2.2.1 Period 1 - Preparations

Preparations for long-term storage include the planning for permanent defueling of the reactor, revision of technical specifications appropriate to the operating conditions and requirements, a characterization of the facility and major components, and the development of the PSDAR.

The process of placing the plant in safe-storage includes, but is not limited to, the following activities:

- Isolating of the spent fuel storage services and fuel handling systems so that safe-storage operations may commence on the balance of the plant. This activity may be carried out by plant personnel in accordance with existing operating technical specifications. Activities are scheduled around the fuel handling systems to the greatest extent possible.
- Transferring of the spent fuel from the storage pools to the DOE, following the minimum required cooling period in the spent fuel pools.
- Draining and de-energizing of the non-contaminated systems not required to support continued site operations or maintenance.
- Disposing of contaminated filter elements and resin beds not required for processing wastes from layup activities for future operations.
- Draining of the reactor vessel, with the internals left in place and the vessel head secured.
- Draining and de-energizing non-essential, contaminated systems with decontamination as required for future maintenance and inspection.

- Preparing lighting and alarm systems whose continued use is required; de-energizing portions of fire protection, electric power, and HVAC systems whose continued use is not required.
- Cleaning of the loose surface contamination from building access pathways.
- Performing an interim radiation survey of plant, posting warning signs where appropriate.
- Erecting physical barriers and/or securing all access to radioactive or contaminated areas, except as required for inspection and maintenance.
- Installing security and surveillance monitoring equipment and relocating security fence around secured structures, as required.

#### 2.2.2 Period 2 - Dormancy

The second phase identified by the NRC in its rule addresses licensed activities during a storage period and is applicable to the dormancy phases of the deferred decommissioning alternatives. Dormancy activities include a 24-hour security force, preventive and corrective maintenance on security systems, area lighting, general building maintenance, heating and ventilation of buildings, routine radiological inspections of contaminated structures, maintenance of structural integrity, and a site environmental and radiation monitoring program. Resident maintenance personnel perform equipment maintenance, inspection activities, routine services to maintain safe conditions, adequate lighting, heating, and ventilation, and periodic preventive maintenance on essential site services.

An environmental surveillance program is carried out during the dormancy period to ensure that releases of radioactive material to the environment are prevented and/or detected and controlled. Appropriate emergency procedures are established and initiated for potential releases that exceed prescribed limits. The environmental surveillance program constitutes an abbreviated version of the program in effect during normal plant operations.

Security during the dormancy period is conducted primarily to prevent unauthorized entry and to protect the public from the consequences of its own actions. The security fence, sensors, alarms, and other surveillance equipment provide security. Fire and radiation alarms are also monitored and maintained.

Consistent with the DECON scenario, the spent fuel storage pools are emptied within twelve years of the cessation of operations. The transfer of the spent fuel to the DOE continues throughout the dormancy period until completed in 2061. Once emptied, the ISFSI is secured for storage and decommissioned along with the power block structures in Period 4.

After an optional period of storage (such that license termination is accomplished within 60 years of final shutdown), it is required that the licensee submit an application to terminate the license, along with an LTP (described in Section 2.1.2), thereby initiating the third phase.

#### 2.2.3 Periods 3 and 4 - Delayed Decommissioning

Prior to the commencement of decommissioning operations, preparations are undertaken to reactivate site services and prepare for decommissioning. Preparations include engineering and planning, a detailed site characterization, and the assembly of a decommissioning management organization. Final planning for activities and the writing of activity specifications and detailed procedures are also initiated at this time.

Much of the work in developing a termination plan is relevant to the development of the detailed engineering plans and procedures. The activities associated with this phase and the follow-on decontamination and dismantling processes are detailed in Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2. The primary difference between the sequences anticipated for the DECON and this deferred scenario is the absence, in the latter, of any constraint on the availability of the fuel storage facilities for decommissioning.

Variations in the length of the dormancy period are expected to have little effect upon the quantities of radioactive wastes generated from system and structure removal operations. Given the levels of radioactivity and spectrum of radionuclides expected from sixty years of plant operation, no plant process system identified as being contaminated upon final shutdown will become releasable due to the decay period alone, i.e., there is no significant reduction in the waste generated from the decommissioning activities. However, due to the lower activity levels, a greater percentage of the waste volume can be designated for off-site processing and recovery.

The delay in decommissioning also yields lower working area radiation levels. As such, the estimate for this delayed scenario incorporates

reduced ALARA controls for the SAFSTOR's lower occupational exposure potential.

Although the initial radiation levels due to <sup>60</sup>Co will decrease during the dormancy period, the internal components of the reactor vessel will still exhibit sufficiently high radiation dose rates to require remote sectioning under water due to the presence of long-lived radionuclides such as <sup>94</sup>Nb, <sup>59</sup>Ni, and <sup>63</sup>Ni. Therefore, the dismantling procedures described for the DECON alternative would still be employed during this scenario. Portions of the biological shield will still be radioactive due to the presence of activated trace elements with long half-lives (<sup>152</sup>Eu and <sup>154</sup>Eu). Decontamination will require controlled removal and disposal. It is assumed that radioactive corrosion products on inner surfaces of piping and components will not have decayed to levels that will permit unrestricted use or allow conventional removal. These systems and components will be surveyed as they are removed and disposed of in accordance with the existing radioactive release criteria.

#### 2.2.4 Period 5 - Site Restoration

Following completion of decommissioning operations, site-restoration activities can begin. Dismantling, as a continuation of the decommissioning process, is clearly the most appropriate and cost-effective option, as described in Section 2.1.3. The basis for the dismantling cost in this scenario is consistent with that described for DECON, presuming the removal of structures and site facilities to a nominal depth of three feet below grade and the limited restoration of the site.

#### 3. COST ESTIMATE

The cost estimates prepared for decommissioning Catawba consider the unique features of the site, including the NSSS, power generation systems, support services, site buildings, and ancillary facilities. The basis of the estimates, including the sources of information relied upon, the estimating methodology employed, site-specific considerations, and other pertinent assumptions, is described in this section.

#### 3.1 BASIS OF ESTIMATE

The estimates were developed using the site-specific, technical information from the 2003 analysis. This information was reviewed for the current analysis and updated as deemed appropriate. The site-specific considerations and assumptions used in the previous evaluation were also revisited. Modifications were incorporated where new information was available or experience from ongoing decommissioning programs provided viable alternatives or improved processes.

#### 3.2 METHODOLOGY

The methodology used to develop the estimates follows the basic approach originally presented in the AIF/NESP-036 study report, "Guidelines for Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Producing Commercial "Decommissioning Handbook."[19] DOE Estimates,"[18] and the documents present a unit factor method for estimating decommissioning activity costs, which simplifies the estimating calculations. Unit factors for concrete removal (\$/cubic yard), steel removal (\$/ton), and cutting costs (\$/inch) are developed using local labor rates. The activity-dependent costs are estimated with the item quantities (cubic yards and tons), developed from plant drawings and inventory documents. Removal rates and material costs for the conventional disposition of components and structures rely upon information available in the industry publication, "Building Construction Cost Data," published by R.S. Means.[20]

The unit factor method provides a demonstrable basis for establishing reliable cost estimates. The detail provided in the unit factors, including activity duration, labor costs (by craft), and equipment and consumable costs, ensures that essential elements have not been omitted. Appendix A presents the detailed development of a typical unit factor. Appendix B provides the values contained within one set of factors developed for this analysis.

This analysis reflects lessons learned from TLG's involvement in the Shippingport Station Decommissioning Project, completed in 1989, as well as the decommissioning of the Cintichem reactor, hot cells, and associated facilities, completed in 1997. In addition, the planning and engineering for the Pathfinder, Shoreham, Rancho Seco, Trojan, Yankee Rowe, Big Rock Point, Maine Yankee, Humboldt Bay-3, Oyster Creek, Connecticut Yankee, and San Onofre-1 nuclear units have provided additional insight into the process, the regulatory aspects, and the technical challenges of decommissioning commercial nuclear units.

#### Work Difficulty Factors

TLG has historically applied work difficulty adjustment factors (WDFs) to account for the inefficiencies in working in a power plant environment. WDFs are assigned to each unique set of unit factors, commensurate with the inefficiencies associated with working in confined, hazardous environments. The ranges used for the WDFs are as follows:

•	Access Factor	10% to 20%
•	Respiratory Protection Factor	10% to 50%
•	Radiation/ALARA Factor	10% to 37%
•	Protective Clothing Factor	10% to 30%
•	Work Break Factor	8.33%

The factors and their associated range of values were developed in conjunction with the AIF/NESP-036 study. The application of the factors is discussed in more detail in that publication.

#### Scheduling Program Durations

The unit factors, adjusted by the WDFs as described above, are applied against the inventory of materials to be removed in the radiologically controlled areas. The resulting man-hours, or crew-hours, are used in the development of the decommissioning program schedule, using resource loading and event sequencing considerations. The scheduling of conventional removal and dismantling activities is based upon productivity information available from the "Building Construction Cost Data" publication.

An activity duration critical path is used to determine the total decommissioning program schedule. The schedule is relied upon in calculating the carrying costs, which include program management, administration, field engineering, equipment rental, and support services such as quality control and security. This systematic approach for assembling decommissioning estimates ensures a high degree of confidence in the reliability of the resulting costs.

### 3.3 IMPACT OF DECOMMISSIONING MULTIPLE REACTOR UNITS

In estimating the near simultaneous decommissioning of two co-located reactor units there can be opportunities to achieve economies of scale, by sharing costs between units, and coordinating the sequence of work activities. There will also be schedule constraints, particularly where there are requirements for specialty equipment and staff, or practical limitations on when final status surveys can take place. For purposes of the estimate, Units 1 and 2 are assumed to be essentially identical. Common facilities have been assigned to Unit 2. A summary of the principal impacts are listed below.

- The sequence of work generally follows the principal that the work is done at Unit 1 first, followed by similar work at Unit 2. This permits the experience gained at Unit 1 to be applied by the workforce at the second unit. It should be noted however, that the estimate does not consider productivity improvements at the second unit, since there is little documented experience with decommissioning two units simultaneously. The work associated with developing activity specifications and procedures can be considered essentially identical between the two units, therefore the second unit costs are assumed to be a fraction of the first unit (~ 43%).
- Segmenting the reactor vessel and internals will require the use of special equipment. The decommissioning project will be scheduled such that Unit 2's reactor internals and vessel are segmented immediately after the activities at Unit 1 have been completed.
- Some program management and support costs, particularly costs associated with the more senior positions, can be avoided with two reactors undergoing decommissioning simultaneously. As a result, the estimate is based on a "lead" unit that includes these senior positions, and a "second" unit that excludes these positions. The designation as lead is based on the unit undertaking the most complex tasks (for instance vessel segmentation) or performing tasks for the first time.
- The final radiological survey schedule is also affected by a two-unit decommissioning schedule. It would be considered impractical to try to complete the final status survey of Unit 1, while Unit 2 still has ongoing radiological remediation work and waste handling in process. As such, the transfer of the spent fuel from the storage pools and subsequent

decontamination of the fuel handling buildings is coordinated so as to synchronize the final status survey for the station.

- The final demolition of buildings at Units 1 and 2 are considered to take place concurrently. This is considered a reasonable assumption since access to the buildings is considered good at the station.
- Unit 1, as the first unit to enter decommissioning, incurs the majority of site characterization costs.
- Shared systems and common structures are generally assigned to Unit 2.
- Station costs such as emergency response fees, regulatory agency fees, corporate overhead, and insurance are generally allocated on an equal basis between the two units.

#### 3.4 FINANCIAL COMPONENTS OF THE COST MODEL

TLG's proprietary decommissioning cost model, DECCER, produces a number of distinct cost elements. These direct expenditures, however, do not comprise the total cost to accomplish the project goal, i.e., license termination and site restoration.

Inherent in any cost estimate that does not rely on historical data is the inability to specify the precise source of costs imposed by factors such as tool breakage, accidents, illnesses, weather delays, and labor stoppages. In the DECCER cost model, contingency fulfills this role. Contingency is added to each line item to account for costs that are difficult or impossible to develop analytically. Such costs are historically inevitable over the duration of a job of this magnitude; therefore, this cost analysis includes funds to cover these types of expenses.

#### 3.4.1 Contingency

The activity- and period-dependent costs are combined to develop the total decommissioning cost. A contingency is then applied on a line-item basis, using one or more of the contingency types listed in the AIF/NESP-036 study. "Contingencies" are defined in the American Association of Cost Engineers "Project and Cost Engineers' Handbook"[21] as "specific provision for unforeseeable elements of cost within the defined project scope; particularly important where previous experience relating estimates and actual costs has shown that unforeseeable events which will increase costs are likely to occur." The cost elements in this analysis are based upon ideal conditions and maximum efficiency; therefore, consistent with industry practice,

contingency is included. In the AIF/NESP-036 study, the types of unforeseeable events that are likely to occur in decommissioning are discussed and guidelines are provided for percentage contingency in each category. It should be noted that contingency, as used in this analysis, does not account for price escalation and inflation in the cost of decommissioning over the remaining operating life of the station.

Contingency funds are an integral part of the total cost to complete the decommissioning process. Exclusion of this component puts at risk a successful completion of the intended tasks and, potentially, subsequent related activities. For this study, TLG examined the major activity-related problems (decontamination, segmentation, equipment handling, packaging, transport, and waste disposal) that necessitate a contingency. Individual activity contingencies ranged from 10% to 75%, depending on the degree of difficulty judged to be appropriate from TLG's actual decommissioning experience. The contingency values used in this study are as follows:

<ul> <li>Decontamination</li> <li>Contaminated Component Removal</li> <li>Contaminated Component Packaging</li> <li>Contaminated Component Transport</li> <li>Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal</li> </ul>	50% 25% 10% 15% 25%
<ul> <li>Reactor Segmentation</li> <li>NSSS Component Removal</li> <li>Reactor Waste Packaging</li> <li>Reactor Waste Transport</li> <li>Reactor Vessel Component Disposal</li> <li>GTCC Disposal</li> </ul>	75% 25% 25% 25% 50% 15%
<ul> <li>Non-Radioactive Component Removal</li> <li>Heavy Equipment and Tooling</li> <li>Supplies</li> <li>Engineering</li> <li>Energy</li> </ul>	15% 15% 25% 15% 15%
<ul> <li>Characterization and Termination Surveys</li> <li>Construction</li> <li>Taxes and Fees</li> <li>Insurance</li> <li>Staffing</li> </ul>	30% 15% 10% 10% 15%

The contingency values are applied to the appropriate components of the estimates on a line item basis. A composite value is then reported at the end of each detailed estimate (as provided in Appendix C and D). For example, the composite contingency value reported for the DECON alternative in Appendix C is approximately 18.7% and for the SAFSTOR alternative in Appendix D is approximately 17.3%.

#### 3.4.2 Financial Risk

In addition to the routine uncertainties addressed by contingency, another cost element that is sometimes necessary to consider when bounding decommissioning costs relates to uncertainty, or risk. Examples can include changes in work scope, pricing, job performance, and other variations that could conceivably, but not necessarily, occur. Consideration is sometimes necessary to generate a level of confidence in the estimate, within a range of probabilities. TLG considers these types of costs under the broad term "financial risk." Included within the category of financial risk are:

- Transition activities and costs: ancillary expenses associated with eliminating 50% to 80% of the site labor force shortly after the cessation of plant operations, added cost for worker separation packages throughout the decommissioning program, national or company-mandated retraining, and retention incentives for key personnel.
- Delays in approval of the decommissioning plan due to intervention, public participation in local community meetings, legal challenges, and national and local hearings.
- Changes in the project work scope from the baseline estimate, involving the discovery of unexpected levels of contaminants, contamination in places not previously expected, contaminated soil previously undiscovered (either radioactive or hazardous material contamination), variations in plant inventory or configuration not indicated by the as-built drawings.
- Regulatory changes, for example, affecting worker health and safety, site release criteria, waste transportation, and disposal.
- Policy decisions altering national commitments (e.g., in the ability to accommodate certain waste forms for disposition), or in the timetable for such, for example, the start and rate of acceptance of spent fuel by the DOE.

 Pricing changes for basic inputs such as labor, energy, materials, and disposal. Items subject to widespread price competition (such as materials) may not show significant variation; however, others such as waste disposal could exhibit large pricing uncertainties, particularly in markets where limited access to services is available.

It has been TLG's experience that the results of a risk analysis, when compared with the base case estimate for decommissioning, indicate that the chances of the base decommissioning estimate being too high is a low probability, and the chances that the estimate is too low is a higher probability. This is mostly due to the pricing uncertainty for low-level radioactive waste burial, and to a lesser extent due to schedule increases from changes in plant conditions and to pricing variations in the cost of labor (both craft and staff). This cost study, however, does not add any additional costs to the estimate for financial risk, since there is insufficient historical data from which to project future liabilities. Consequently, the areas of uncertainty or risk are revisited periodically and addressed through repeated revisions or updates of the base estimates.

#### 3.5 SITE-SPECIFIC CONSIDERATIONS

There are a number of site-specific considerations that affect the method for dismantling and removal of equipment from the site and the degree of restoration required. The cost impact of the considerations identified below is included in this cost study.

#### 3.5.1 Spent Fuel Management

The cost to dispose the spent fuel generated from plant operations is not reflected within the estimates to decommission Catawba. Ultimate disposition of the spent fuel is within the province of the DOE's Waste Management System, as defined by the Nuclear Waste Policy Act. As such, the disposal cost is financed by a 1 mill/kWhr surcharge paid into the DOE's waste fund during operations. However, the NRC requires licensees to establish a program to manage and provide funding for the management of all irradiated fuel at the reactor site until title of the fuel is transferred to the Secretary of Energy. This funding requirement is fulfilled through inclusion of certain high-level waste cost elements within the estimates, as described below.

Completion of the decommissioning process is highly dependent upon the DOE's ability to remove spent fuel from the site. The timing for removal of spent fuel from the site is based upon the DOE's most recently published annual acceptance rates of 400 MTU/year for year 1, 3,800 MTU total for years 2 through 4 and 3,000 MTU/year for year 5 and beyond. [22] The DOE contracts provide mechanisms for altering the oldest fuel first allocation scheme, including emergency deliveries, exchanges of allocations amongst utilities and the option of providing priority acceptance from permanently shutdown nuclear reactors. Because it is unclear how these mechanisms may operate once DOE begins accepting spent fuel from commercial reactors, this study assumes that DOE will accept spent fuel in an oldest fuel first order.

#### **ISFSI**

An ISFSI, which can be operated under a separate and independent license, has been constructed to support continued plant operations. The facility is not required to support future decommissioning operations; however, there will be spent fuel located at the ISFSI (from plant operations) that will need to be transferred to the DOE during decommissioning. This fuel is assumed to be transferred after the pools are emptied.

The ISFSI will continue to operate throughout decommissioning, and beyond the termination of the operating license in the DECON decommissioning scenario, until such time that the transfer of spent fuel to the DOE can be completed. Assuming that DOE commences repository operation in 2017, Catawba fuel is projected to be removed from the site beginning in 2020. The process is expected to be completed by the year 2061, based upon the current shutdown date, as delineated in Table 3.1. The scenario is similar for the SAFSTOR alternative; however, based upon the expected completion date for fuel transfer, the ISFSI will be emptied prior to the commencement of decommissioning operations.

Operation and maintenance costs for the spent fuel pools and the ISFSI are included within the estimates and address the cost for staffing the facility, as well as security, insurance, and licensing fees. Costs are also provided for the final disposition of the facilities once the transfer is complete.

#### Storage Canister Design

A multi-purpose storage canister, with a 24-fuel assembly capacity, is assumed to be used at the ISFSI and in the transfer of spent fuel to the DOE. For fuel transferred directly from the pools to the DOE, the DOE

was assumed to provide Transport, Aging and Disposal (TAD) canisters with a 21 assembly capacity at no additional cost to the owner.

#### Canister Loading and Transfer

An average cost of \$1,800 per assembly is used for the labor and equipment to seal and load each spent fuel canister into the DOE transport cask from the wet storage pools. For estimating purposes, 50% of this cost is used to estimate the cost to transfer the fuel from the ISFSI into the transport cask. An additional cost of \$100,000 is used for the labor and equipment to perform the closure and testing of the TAD cask for shipment to the DOE repository.

#### Operations and Maintenance

An annual cost (excluding labor) of approximately \$745,000 and \$109,000 are used for operation and maintenance of the spent fuel pools and the ISFSI, respectively. Pool operations are expected to continue approximately twelve years after the cessation of operations. ISFSI operating costs are based upon a 18 year period of operations following plant shutdown.

#### ISFSI Design Considerations

A multi-purpose (storage and transport) dry shielded storage canister with a vertical, reinforced concrete storage overpack is used as a basis for the cost analyses. The overpacks are assumed to have some level of neutron-induced activation as a result of the long-term storage of the fuel, i.e., to levels exceeding free-release limits. The cost of the disposition of this material, as well as the demolition of the ISFSI facility, is included in the estimates.

#### <u>GTCC</u>

The dismantling of the reactor internals generates radioactive waste considered unsuitable for shallow land disposal (i.e., low-level radioactive waste with concentrations of radionuclides that exceed the limits established by the NRC for Class C radioactive waste (GTCC)). The Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985 assigned the federal government the responsibility for the disposal of this material. The Act also stated that the beneficiaries of the activities resulting in the generation of such radioactive waste bear all reasonable costs of disposing of such waste. Although there are strong arguments

that GTCC waste is covered by the spent fuel contact with DOE and the fees being paid pursuant to that contract, DOE has taken the position that GTCC waste is not covered by that contract or its fees and that utilities, including Duke Energy, will have to pay an additional fee for the disposal of their GTCC waste. However, to date, the federal government has not identified a cost for disposing of GTCC or a schedule for acceptance. As such, the GTCC radioactive waste has been packaged and disposed of as high-level waste, at a cost equivalent to that envisioned for the spent fuel.

For purposes of this study, GTCC is packaged in the same canisters used to store spent fuel. Disposal costs are based upon a cost equivalent to that envisioned for the spent fuel. It is not anticipated that the DOE would accept this waste prior to completing the transfer of spent fuel. Therefore, until such time the DOE is ready to accept GTCC waste, it is reasonable to assume that this material would remain in storage with the spent fuel in the ISFSI at the Catawba site (for the DECON alternative). In the SAFSTOR scenario, the GTCC material is shipped directly to a DOE facility as it is generated since the fuel has been removed from the site prior to the start of decommissioning and the ISFSI deactivated.

### 3.5.2 Reactor Vessel and Internal Components

The reactor pressure vessel and internal components are segmented for disposal in shielded, reusable transportation casks. Segmentation is performed in the refueling canal, where a turntable and remote cutter are installed. The vessel is segmented in place, using a mast-mounted cutter supported off the lower head and directed from a shielded work platform installed overhead in the reactor cavity. Transportation cask specifications and transportation regulations dictate the segmentation and packaging methodology.

Intact disposal of reactor vessel shells has been successfully demonstrated at several of the sites currently being decommissioned. Access to navigable waterways has allowed these large packages to be transported to the Barnwell disposal site with minimal overland travel. Intact disposal of the reactor vessel and internal components can provide savings in cost and worker exposure by eliminating the complex segmentation requirements, isolation of the GTCC material, and transport/storage of the resulting waste packages. Portland General Electric (PGE) was able to dispose of the Trojan reactor as an intact

package (including the internals). However, its location on the Columbia River simplified the transportation analysis since:

- the reactor package could be secured to the transport vehicle for the entire journey, i.e., the package was not lifted during transport,
- there were no man-made or natural terrain features between the plant site and the disposal location that could produce a large drop, and
- transport speeds were very low, limited by the overland transport vehicle and the river barge.

As a member of the Northwest Compact, PGE had a site available for disposal of the package - the US Ecology facility in Washington State. The characteristics of this arid site proved favorable in demonstrating compliance with land disposal regulations.

It is not known whether this option will be available when the Catawba plant ceases operation. Future viability of this option will depend upon the ultimate location of the disposal site, as well as the disposal site licensee's ability to accept highly radioactive packages and effectively isolate them from the environment. Consequently, the study assumes the reactor vessel will require segmentation, as a bounding condition. With lower levels of activation, the vessel shell can be packaged more efficiently than the curie-limited internal components. This will allow the use of more conventional waste packages rather than shielded casks for transport (although some shielded casks are still required).

### 3.5.3 Primary System Components

In the DECON scenario, the reactor coolant system components are assumed to be decontaminated using chemical agents prior to the start of dismantling operations. This type of decontamination can be expected to have a significant ALARA impact, since in this scenario the removal work is done within the first few years of shutdown. A decontamination factor (average reduction) of 10 is assumed for the process. Disposal of the decontamination solution effluent is included within the estimate as a "process liquid waste" charge. In the SAFSTOR scenario, radionuclide decay is expected to provide the same benefit and, therefore, a chemical decontamination is not included.

The following discussion deals with the removal and disposition of the steam generators, but the techniques involved are also applicable to other large components, such as heat exchangers, component coolers, and the pressurizer. The steam generators' size and weight, as well as their location within the reactor building, will ultimately determine the removal strategy.

A trolley crane is set up for the removal of the generators. It can also be used to move portions of the steam generator cubicle walls and floor slabs from the reactor building to a location where they can be decontaminated and transported to the material handling area. Interferences within the work area, such as grating, piping, and other components are removed to create sufficient laydown space for processing these large components.

The generators are rigged for removal, disconnected from the surrounding piping and supports, and maneuvered into the open area where they are lowered onto a dolly. Each generator is rotated into the horizontal position for extraction from the containment and placed onto a multi-wheeled vehicle for transport to an on-site processing and storage area.

The generators are disassembled on-site with the outer shell and lightly contaminated subassemblies designated for off-site recycling. The more highly contaminated tube sheet and tube bundle are packaged for direct disposal. The interior volume is filled with low-density cellular concrete for stabilization of the internal contamination.

Disposal costs are based upon the displaced volume and weight of the units. Each component is then loaded onto a rail car for transport to the disposal facility.

Reactor coolant piping is cut from the reactor vessel once the water level in the vessel (used for personnel shielding during dismantling and cutting operations in and around the vessel) is dropped below the nozzle zone. The piping is boxed and transported by shielded van. The reactor coolant pumps and motors are lifted out intact, packaged, and transported for processing and/or disposal.

### 3.5.4 Retired Components

The estimate includes the cost to dispose of the four Unit 1 retired steam generators expected to be in storage at the site upon the cessation of

plant operations. The components are processed for disposal in the same manner as described for the installed units.

#### 3.5.5 Main Turbine and Condenser

The main turbine is dismantled using conventional maintenance procedures. The turbine rotors and shafts are removed to a laydown area. The lower turbine casings are removed from their anchors by controlled demolition. The main condensers are also disassembled and moved to a laydown area. Material is then prepared for transportation to an off-site recycling facility where it is surveyed and designated for either decontamination or volume reduction, conventional disposal, or controlled disposal. Components are packaged and readied for transport in accordance with the intended disposition.

#### 3.5.6 Transportation Methods

Contaminated piping, components, and structural material other than the highly activated reactor vessel and internal components will qualify as LSA-I, II or III or Surface Contaminated Object, SCO-I or II, as described in Title 49.<sup>[23]</sup> The contaminated material will be packaged in Industrial Packages (IP-1, IP-2, or IP-3, as defined in subpart 173.411) for transport unless demonstrated to qualify as their own shipping containers. The reactor vessel and internal components are expected to be transported in accordance with Part 71, as Type B. It is conceivable that the reactor, due to its limited specific activity, could qualify as LSA II or III. However, the high radiation levels on the outer surface would require that additional shielding be incorporated within the packaging so as to attenuate the dose to levels acceptable for transport.

Any fuel cladding failure that occurred during the lifetime of the plant is assumed to have released fission products at sufficiently low levels that the buildup of quantities of long-lived isotopes (e.g., <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>90</sup>Sr, or transuranics) has been prevented from reaching levels exceeding those that permit the major reactor components to be shipped under current transportation regulations and disposal requirements.

Transport of the highly activated metal, produced in the segmentation of the reactor vessel and internal components, will be by shielded truck cask. Cask shipments may exceed 95,000 pounds, including vessel segment(s), supplementary shielding, cask tie-downs, and tractor-trailer. The maximum level of activity per shipment assumed permissible was based upon the license limits of the available shielded

transport casks. The segmentation scheme for the vessel and internal segments is designed to meet these limits.

The transport of large intact components (e.g., large heat exchangers and other oversized components) will be by a combination of truck, rail, and/or multi-wheeled transporter.

Transportation costs for material requiring controlled disposal are based upon the mileage to the Barnwell facility and/or the EnergySolutions facility in Clive, Utah. Transportation costs for off-site waste processing are based upon the mileage to Oak Ridge, Tennessee. Truck transport costs are estimated using published tariffs from Tri-State Motor Transit.<sup>[24]</sup>

#### 3.5.7 Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal

To the greatest extent practical, metallic material generated in the decontamination and dismantling processes is processed to reduce the total cost of controlled disposal. Material meeting the regulatory and/or site release criterion, is released as scrap, requiring no further cost consideration. Conditioning (preparing the material to meet the waste acceptance criteria of the disposal site) and recovery of the waste stream is performed off site at a licensed processing center. Any material leaving the site is subject to a survey and release charge, at a minimum. Based on TLG's experience, rates were assumed for off-site processing as well as survey and release.

The mass of radioactive waste generated during the various decommissioning activities at the site is shown on a line-item basis in the detailed Appendices C and D, and summarized in Section 5. The quantified waste summaries shown in these tables are consistent with 10 CFR Part 61 classifications. Commercially available steel containers are presumed to be used for the disposal of piping, small components, and concrete. Larger components can serve as their own containers, with proper closure of all openings, access ways, and penetrations. The volumes are calculated based on the exterior package dimensions for containerized material or a specific calculation for components serving as their own waste containers.

The more highly activated reactor components will be shipped in reusable, shielded truck casks with disposable liners. In calculating disposal costs, the burial fees are applied against the liner volume, as well as the special handling requirements of the payload. Packaging

efficiencies are lower for the highly activated materials (greater than Type A quantity waste), where high concentrations of gamma-emitting radionuclides limit the capacity of the shipping canisters.

Disposal fees are based upon estimated charges, with surcharges added for the highly activated components, for example, generated in the segmentation of the reactor vessel. The cost to dispose of the lowest level and majority of the material generated from the decontamination and dismantling activities is based upon the current cost for disposal at EnergySolutions facility in Clive, Utah. Disposal costs for the higher activity waste (Class B and C) are based upon the rate schedule for the Barnwell facility.

#### 3.5.8 Site Conditions Following Decommissioning

The NRC will terminate (or amend) the site license if it determines that site remediation has been performed in accordance with the license termination plan, and that the terminal radiation survey and associated documentation demonstrate that the facility is suitable for release. The NRC's involvement in the decommissioning process will end at this point. Local building codes and state environmental regulations will dictate the next step in the decommissioning process, as well as the owner's own future plans for the site.

All structures will be removed except for the switchyard. The switchyard is required for grid operations. Structures to be removed include but are not limited to the Reactor Buildings, Auxiliary Buildings, Service Building, Turbine Buildings, Intake and Discharge Structures, ponds, dams, and dikes. The landfill and shooting range will be remediated and closed.

The structures that may require decontamination or radiological remediation are the Reactor Buildings, Auxiliary Buildings, Containment Mechanical Equipment Building, Fuel Building, Retired Steam Generator Storage Facility, Monitor Tank Building, Contaminated Material Storage Warehouse and the asphalt pad under the RP Storage Tent.

The estimates presented herein include the dismantling of the major structures to a nominal depth of three feet below grade, backfilling and the collapsing of below grade voids, and general terra-forming such that the site upon which the power block and supplemental structures are located is transformed into a "grassy plain."

The estimates do not assume the remediation of any significant volume of contaminated soil. This assumption may be affected by continued plant operations and/or future regulatory actions, such as the development of site-specific release criteria.

Costs are included for the remediation and post-closure care and maintenance of the landfill and shooting range at the site. Since the care and maintenance of the landfill will extend beyond the active decommissioning period, a lump-sum perpetuity payment is included in the final year of decommissioning for the remaining duration.

#### **Environmental Remediation**

For purposes of this estimate, the sanitary and chemical treatment ponds are not projected to require remediation. The first sanitary pond has a synthetic liner and will not require remediation. The tertiary pond is not lined, but the liquid is releasable; therefore, no remediation will be required. As for the chemical treatment ponds, the initial hold-up pond is concrete and should not require remediation. The conventional waste basins are earthen and unlined. Current groundwater monitoring around these basins has not indicated any problems; therefore, no remediation will be required. The final hold-up pond has a synthetic liner and should not require remediation.

#### 3.6 ASSUMPTIONS

The following are the major assumptions made in the development of the estimates for decommissioning the site.

#### 3.6.1 Estimating Basis

The study follows the principles of ALARA through the use of work duration adjustment factors. These factors address the impact of activities such as radiological protection instruction, mock-up training, and the use of respiratory protection and protective clothing. The factors lengthen a task's duration, increasing costs and lengthening the overall schedule. ALARA planning is considered in the costs for engineering and planning, and in the development of activity specifications and detailed procedures. Changes to worker exposure limits may impact the decommissioning cost and project schedule.

#### 3.6.2 Labor Costs

The craft labor required to decontaminate and dismantle the nuclear plant is acquired through standard site contracting practices. The current cost of labor at the site is used as an estimating basis.

Duke Energy will continue to provide site operations support, including decommissioning program management, licensing, radiological protection, and site security. Duke Energy will serve as the Decommissioning Operations Contractor, providing the supervisory staff needed to oversee the labor subcontractors, consultants, and specialty contractors needed to perform the work envisioned in the decontamination and dismantling effort. Duke Energy will also provide the engineering services needed to develop activity specifications, detailed procedures, detailed activation analyses, and support field activities such as structural modifications. Severance and retention costs are not included in the estimate. Reduction in staff levels will be handled through normal staffing processes.

Personnel costs are based upon average salary information provided by Duke Energy. Overhead costs are included for site and corporate support, reduced commensurate with the staffing of the project.

Security, while reduced from operating levels, is maintained throughout the decommissioning for access control, material control, and to safeguard the spent fuel.

#### 3.6.3 Design Conditions

Any fuel cladding failure that occurred during the lifetime of the plant is assumed to have released fission products at sufficiently low levels that the buildup of quantities of long-lived isotopes (e.g., <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>90</sup>Sr, or transuranics) has been prevented from reaching levels exceeding those that permit the major NSSS components to be shipped under current transportation regulations and disposal requirements.

The curie contents of the vessel and internals at final shutdown are derived from those listed in NUREG/CR-3474.<sup>[25]</sup> Actual estimates are derived from the curie/gram values contained therein and adjusted for the different mass of the Catawba components, projected operating life, and different periods of decay. Additional short-lived isotopes were derived from CR-0130<sup>[26]</sup> and CR-0672,<sup>[27]</sup> and benchmarked to the long-lived values from CR-3474.

The control elements are disposed of along with the spent fuel, i.e., there is no additional cost provided for their disposal.

Activation of the containment building structure is confined to the biological shield. More extensive activation (at very low levels) of the interior structures within containment has been detected at several reactors and the owners have elected to dispose of the affected material at a controlled facility rather than reuse the material as fill on site or send it to a landfill. The ultimate disposition of the material removed from the containment building will depend upon the site release criteria selected, as well as the designated end use for the site.

#### 3.6.4 General

#### Transition Activities

Existing warehouses are cleared of non-essential material and remain for use by Duke Energy and its subcontractors. The plant's operating staff performs the following activities at no additional cost or credit to the project during the transition period:

- Drain and collect fuel oils, lubricating oils, and transformer oils for recycle and/or sale.
- Drain and collect acids, caustics, and other chemical stores for recycle and/or sale.
- Process operating waste inventories, i.e., the estimates do not address the disposition of any legacy wastes; the disposal of operating wastes during this initial period is not considered a decommissioning expense.

#### Scrap and Salvage

The existing plant equipment is considered obsolete and suitable for scrap as deadweight quantities only. Duke Energy will make economically reasonable efforts to salvage equipment following final plant shutdown. However, dismantling techniques assumed by TLG for equipment in this analysis are not consistent with removal techniques required for salvage (resale) of equipment. Experience has indicated that some buyers wanted equipment stripped down to very specific requirements before they would consider purchase. This required expensive rework after the equipment had been removed from its installed location. Since placing a salvage value on this machinery and

equipment would be speculative, and the value would be small in comparison to the overall decommissioning expenses, this analysis does not attempt to quantify the value that an owner may realize based upon those efforts.

It is assumed, for purposes of this analysis, that any value received from the sale of scrap generated in the dismantling process would be more than offset by the on-site processing costs. The dismantling techniques assumed in the decommissioning estimates do not include the additional cost for size reduction and preparation to meet "furnace ready" conditions. For example, the recovery of copper from electrical cabling may require the removal and disposition of any contaminated insulation, an added expense. With a volatile market, the potential profit margin in scrap recovery is highly speculative, regardless of the ability to free release this material. This assumption is an implicit recognition of scrap value in the disposal of clean metallic waste at no additional cost to the project.

Furniture, tools, mobile equipment such as forklifts, trucks, bulldozers, and other property is removed at no cost or credit to the decommissioning project. Disposition may include relocation to other facilities. Spare parts are also made available for alternative use.

#### Energy

For estimating purposes, the plant is assumed to be de-energized, with the exception of those facilities associated with spent fuel storage. Replacement power costs are used to calculate the cost of energy consumed during decommissioning for tooling, lighting, ventilation, and essential services.

#### **Insurance**

Costs for continuing coverage (nuclear liability and property insurance) following cessation of plant operations and during decommissioning are included and based upon current operating premiums. Reductions in premiums, throughout the decommissioning process, are based upon the guidance and the limits for coverage defined in the NRC's proposed rulemaking "Financial Protection Requirements for Permanently Shutdown Nuclear Power Reactors." The NRC's financial protection requirements are based on various reactor (and spent fuel) configurations.

#### Taxes

Property tax payments continue throughout the decommissioning process, although at a substantially reduced level. The rate of decrease in disbursements is consistent over the same time interval for both the DECON and SAFSTOR alternatives.

The value of plant structures and equipment decreases from 100% to 0% over an eight-year period. The property taxes are determined based on a 100% value of the plant structures and equipment for the first two years, 66.7% of the value for the next three years, 33.3% of the value for the next three years, and 0% for the remainder of the decommissioning period.

#### Site Modifications

The perimeter fence and in-plant security barriers will be moved, as appropriate, to conform to the Site Security Plan in force during the various stages of the project.

Integrated earthworks created during the initial formation of the Lake Wylie area and integral with it will be left intact and maintained in accordance with the current dam maintenance and inspection program. The on-site dike and earthwork network forming water retention ponds and lagoons will be disabled to relieve ongoing inspection requirements.

#### 3.7 COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY

Schedules of expenditures are provided in Tables 3.2 through 3.5. The tables delineate the cost contributors by year of expenditures as well as cost contributor (e.g., labor, materials, and waste disposal).

Additional tables in Appendices C and D provide detailed costs elements. The cost elements are also assigned to one of three subcategories: "License Termination," "Spent Fuel Management," and "Site Restoration." The subcategory "License Termination" is used to accumulate costs that are consistent with "decommissioning" as defined by the NRC in its financial assurance regulations (i.e., 10 CFR §50.75). The cost reported for this subcategory is generally sufficient to terminate the plant's operating license, recognizing that there may be some additional cost impact from spent fuel management.

The "Spent Fuel Management" subcategory contains costs associated with the containerization and transfer of spent fuel from the pool to the DOE and the transfer of casks from the ISFSI to the DOE. Costs are also included for the operations of the pools and management of the ISFSI until such time that the transfer of all fuel from this facility to an off-site location (e.g., geologic repository) is complete.

"Site Restoration" is used to capture costs associated with the dismantling and demolition of buildings and facilities demonstrated to be free from contamination. This includes structures never exposed to radioactive materials, as well as those facilities that have been decontaminated to appropriate levels. Structures are removed to a depth of three feet and backfilled to conform to local grade.

As discussed in Section 3.4.1, it is not anticipated that the DOE will accept the GTCC waste prior to completing the transfer of spent fuel. Therefore, the cost of GTCC disposal is shown in the final year of ISFSI operation (for the DECON alternative). While designated for disposal at the geologic repository along with the spent fuel, GTCC waste is still classified as low-level radioactive waste and, as such, included as a "License Termination" expense.

Decommissioning costs are reported in 2008 dollars. Costs are not inflated, escalated, or discounted over the period of expenditure (or projected lifetime of the plant). The schedules are based upon the detailed activity costs reported in Appendices C and D, along with the timeline presented in Section 4.

TABLE 3.1 SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE

### Fuel Assembly Inventory

		v	
Year	Pool	ISFSI	DOE Acceptance
0015	0000	11.40	0
2017	2202	1146	0
2018	2202	1306	0
2019	2202	1386	0
2020	2202	1386	80
2021	2202	1386	160
2022	2202	1386	80
2023	2202	1386	80
2024	2202	1386	160
2025	2202	1386	80 80
2026	2202	1386	
2027	2202	1386	160
2028	2202	1386	80
2029	2202	1386	80
2030	2202	1386	160
2031	2202	1386	80
2032	2202	1386	80
2033	2202	1386	160
2034	2202	1386	80
2035	2202	1386	80
2036	2202	1386	160
2037	2202	1386	80
2038	2202	1386	80
2039	2202	1386	160
2040	2202	1386	80
2041	2202	1386	80
2042	2202	1386	160
2043	2428	1386	160
2044	2256	1386	172
2045	2089	1386	167
2046	1917	1386	172
2047	1745	1386	172
2048	1573	1386	172
2049	1401	1386	172
2050	1229	1386	172

### TABLE 3.1 (continued) SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE

### Fuel Assembly Inventory

Year	Pool	ISFSI	DOE Acceptance
2051	971	1386	258
2052	713	1386	258
2053	455	1386	258
2054	197	1386	258
2055	0	1325	258
2056	0	1067	258
2057	0	809	258
2058	0	551	258
2059	0	293	258
2060	0	35	258
2061	0	0	35
			6454

# TABLE 3.2 CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

uip		

Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	2,285	114	100	2	810	3,312
2044	42,090	2,527	1,931	328	16,078	62,954
2045	45,092	15,335	2,630	22,892	25,546	111,495
2046	43,593	19,573	1,740	37,709	14,163	116,777
2047	33,987	7,819	1,407	13,132	10,544	66,889
2048	33,090	6,630	1,377	10,637	10,200	61,934
2049	13,481	2,351	639	2,882	5,098	24,451
2050	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2051	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2052	6,233	768	367	7	3,218	10,593
2053	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2054	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2055	10,479	2,387	460	2,099	4,267	19,692
2056	9,839	3,257	382	917	13,155	27,550
2057	9,855	7,444	183	0	957	18,438
2058	5,022	3,793	93	O	488	9,396
2059	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	0	688	0	0	16,975	17,663
	279,912	75,748	12,775	90,630	134,335	593,400

# TABLE 3.2a CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	2,258	89	100	2	741	3,190
2044	41,556	2,068	1,931	328	14,798	60,682
2045	43,997	14,839	2,630	22,892	23,970	108,328
2046	42,502	19,057	1,740	37,709	12,328	113,335
2047	32,361	7,301	1,407	13,132	9,216	63,418
2048	31,405	6,111	1,377	10,637	8,921	58,450
2049	8,495	1,653	403	2,877	2,413	15,840
2050	0	0	41	0	0	41
2051	0	0	41	0	0	41
2052	0	0	41	0	0	41
2053	0	0	41	0	0	41
2054	0	0	41	0	0	41
2055	5,806	1,693	31	2,094	1,769	11,393
2056	8,430	2,090	276	917	12,982	24,695
2057	74	0	0	0	346	420
2058	37	0	0	0	177	214
2059	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	0	688	0	0	16,975	17,663
	216,921	55,588	10,101	90,587	104,637	477,834

# TABLE 3.2b CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	8	25	0	0	70	103
2044	153	459	0	0	1,280	1,891
2045	159	476	0	0	1,276	1,910
2046	160	479	0	0	1,276	1,915
2047	161	483	O	0	1,276	1,920
2048	162	485	0	0	1,280	1,926
2049	4,574	689	267	5	2,685	8,220
2050	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2051	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2052	6,233	768	367	7	3,218	10,593
2053	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2054	6,216	766	366	7	3,209	10,564
2055	4,673	694	273	5	2,498	8,143
2056	613	140	23	0	161	938
2057	4,085	98	165	0	527	4,875
2058	2,082	50	84	0	268	2,484
2059	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	0	0	0	0	0	0
	47,928	7,909	2,644	43	28,649	87,173

# TABLE 3.2c CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	19	0	0	0	0	19
2044	381	0	0	0	0	381
2045	937	20	0	0	300	1,257
2046	931	37	0	0	559	1,527
2047	1,465	34	0	0	52	1,551
2048	1,524	34	0	0	0	1,558
2049	412	9	0	0	0	421
2050	0	0	0	0	0	0
2051	0	0	0	0	0	0
2052	0	0	0	0	0	0
2053	0	0	0	0	0	0
2054	0	0	0	0	0	0
2055	0	0	0	0	0	0
2056	796	1,026	3	0	12	1,837
2057	5,696	7,346	18	0	83	13,144
2058	2,903	3,743	9	0	43	6,698
2059	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	0	0	0	0	0	0
	15,064	12,250	30	0	1,049	28,393

# TABLE 3.3 CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	922	80	60	1	622	1,685
2044	16,868	1,460	1,098	25	11,383	30,833
2045	17,469	1,784	1,186	234	11,934	32,607
2046	41,542	18,066	2,630	21,895	20,255	104,388
2047	46,310	21,131	1,660	30,756	13,143	113,001
2048	43,235	9,172	1,377	12,909	10,650	77,343
2049	41,701	8,826	1,335	12,380	10,333	74,576
2050	6,223	785	366	7	3,124	10,504
2051	6,223	785	366	7	3,124	10,504
2052	6,240	787	367	7	3,132	10,533
2053	6,223	785	366	7	3,124	10,504
2054	6,223	785	366	7	3,124	10,504
2055	12,384	2,950	460	2,107	4,344	22,244
2056	16,382	4,557	382	922	15,251	37,495
2057	18,747	13,771	183	0	1,970	34,671
2058	11,203	7,107	183	0	1,673	20,166
2059	3,364	182	183	0	1,365	5,094
2060	3,373	183	184	0	1,368	5,108
2061	2,308	2,501	137	336	19,685	24,967
	306,937	95,697	12,889	81,600	139,602	636,727

# TABLE 3.3a CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	909	54	60	1	545	1,570
2044	16,638	995	1,098	25	9,977	28,733
2045	17,227	1,320	1,186	234	10,532	30,499
2046	40,396	17,551	2,630	21,895	18,554	101,026
2047	44,526	20,590	1,660	30,756	11,174	108,707
2048	40,900	8,635	1,377	12,909	8,646	72,468
2049	39,223	8,281	1,321	12,380	8,292	69,498
2050	0	0	0	0	0	0
2051	0	0	0	0	0	0
2052	0	0	0	O	0	0
2053	0	0	0	0	O	0
2054	0	0	0	0	0	0
2055	7,706	2,241	187	2,102	1,866	14,102
2056	13,725	2,506	356	922	14,850	32,359
2057	32	0	0	0	778	809
2058	16	0	0	0	396	413
2059	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	0	688	0	0	16,975	17,663
	221,297	62,862	9,875	81,226	102,587	477,846

# TABLE 3.3b CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	8	25	0	0	77	111
2044	155	465	0	0	1,405	2,025
2045	155	464	0	0	1,401	2,020
2046	161	484	0	0	1,401	2,046
2047	161	484	0	0	1,401	2,047
2048	162	485	0	0	1,405	2,052
2049	394	495	14	0	1,466	2,369
2050	6,223	785	366	7	3,078	10,459
2051	6,223	785	366	7	3,078	10,459
2052	6,240	787	367	7	3,087	10,487
2053	6,223	785	366	7	3,078	10,459
2054	6,223	785	366	7	3,078	10,459
2055	4,678	708	273	5	2,433	8,097
2056	1,233	143	23	0	344	1,743
2057	8,525	113	165	0	1,062	9,866
2058	5,994	147	174	0	1,188	7,503
2059	3,364	182	183	0	1,319	5,048
2060	3,373	183	184	0	1,323	5,062
2061	2,308	1,813	137	336	2,302	6,896
WAR IN THE RESERVE OF	61,803	10,120	2,984	374	33,927	109,208

### TABLE 3.3c CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	4	0	0	0	0	4
2044	75	0	0	0	0	75
2045	87	0	0	0	0	87
2046	985	31	0	0	300	1,316
2047	1,623	57	0	0	567	2,247
2048	2,174	52	0	0	598	2,824
2049	2,084	50	0	0	575	2,710
2050	0	0	0	0	45	45
2051	0	0	0	0	45	45
2052	0	0	0	0	46	46
2053	0	0	0	0	45	45
2054	0	0	0	0	45	45
2055	0	0	0	0	45	45
2056	1,424	1,908	3	0	57	3,392
2057	10,190	13,657	18	0	130	23,996
2058	5,192	6,960	9	0	89	12,250
2059	0	0	0	0	45	45
2060	0	0	0	0	46	46
2061	0	0	0	0	408	408
	23,838	22,716	30	0	3,089	49,672

### TABLE 3.4 CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

Year	Labor	Equipment & Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	1,877	90	100	2	810	2,879
2044	34,866	2,242	1,836	94	17,209	56,247
2045	21,682	4,061	1,020	645	16,857	44,266
2046	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2047	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2048	7,833	888	367	22	4,838	13,947
2049	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2050	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2051	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2052	7,833	888	367	22	4,838	13,947
2053	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2054	7,811	886	366	22	4,824	13,909
2055	6,677	762	320	21	3,864	11,644
2056	3,371	400	184	20	1,057	5,031
2057	3,361	398	183	20	1,054	5,017
2058	3,361	398	183	20	1,054	5,017
2059	3,361	398	183	20	1,054	5,017
2060	3,371	400	184	20	1,057	5,031
2061	2,289	303	183	20	912	3,706
2062	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2063	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2064	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2065	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2066	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2067	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2068	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2069	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2070	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2071	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2072	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2073	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2074	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2075	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284

# TABLE 3.4 (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2077	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2078	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2079	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2080	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2081	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2082	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2083	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2084	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2085	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2086	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2087	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2088	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2089	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2090	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2091	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2092	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2093	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2094	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2095	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2096	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2097	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2098	24,826	1,315	1,520	26	4,030	31,716
2099	33,490	8,490	1,804	11,737	8,565	64,085
2100	38,853	18,204	1,740	38,879	20,000	117,676
2101	35,146	9,015	1,392	19,371	6,811	71,737
2102	12,601	3,004	714	6,321	2,314	24,953
2103	6,052	1,762	357	18	11,870	20,058
2104	11,040	7,339	184	0	549	19,112
2105	6,666	4,432	111	0	331	11,540
	393,220	80,803	22,091	78,141	174,036	748,292

# TABLE 3.4a CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENSITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	1,868	65	100	2	741	2,776
2044	34,713	1,783	1,836	94	15,929	54,356
2045	18,364	3,527	919	645	14,108	37,563
2046	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2047	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2048	1,948	301	184	22	889	3,344
2049	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2050	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2051	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2052	1,948	301	184	22	889	3,344
2053	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2054	1,943	300	183	22	887	3,334
2055	1,943	295	183	21	887	3,329
2056	1,948	280	184	20	889	3,321
2057	1,943	279	183	20	887	3,312
2058	1,943	279	183	20	887	3,312
2059	1,943	279	183	20	887	3,312
2060	1,948	280	184	20	889	3,321
2061	1,943	274	183	20	871	3,291
2062	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2063	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2064	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2065	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2066	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2067	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2068	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2069	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2070	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2071	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2072	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2073	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2074	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2075	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284

# TABLE 3.4a (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2077	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2078	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2079	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2080	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2081	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2082	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2083	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2084	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2085	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2086	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2087	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2088	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2089	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2090	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2091	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2092	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2093	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2094	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2095	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2096	1,948	273	184	20	868	3,293
2097	1,943	272	183	20	866	3,284
2098	24,525	1,315	1,520	26	4,030	31,416
2099	32,426	8,477	1,804	11,737	8,564	<b>63,009</b>
2100	37,731	18,162	1,740	38,879	19,997	116,510
2101	32,659	8,959	1,392	19,371	6,811	69,192
2102	11,716	2,984	714	6,321	2,314	24,049
2103	5,484	1,381	347	18	11,868	19,097
2104	99	0	0	0	518	616
2105	60	<b>0</b> .	0	0	313	372
	300,738	61,132	19,900	78,141	130,571	590,482

# TABLE 3.4b CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	8	25	0	0	70	103
2044	153	459	0	0	1,280	1,891
2045	3,318	535	101	0	2,749	6,703
2046	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2047	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2048	5,885	587	184	0	3,948	10,604
2049	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2050	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2051	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2052	5,885	587	184	0	3,948	10,604
2053	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2054	5,868	586	183	0	3,938	10,575
2055	4,735	467	136	0	2,977	8,315
2056	1,422	120	0	0	167	1,710
2057	1,419	120	0	0	167	1,705
2058	1,419	120	0	0	167	1,705
2059	1,419	120	0	0	167	1,705
2060	1,422	120	0	0	167	1,710
2061	346	29	o	0	41	416
2062	<b>O</b>	0	0	0	0	0
2063	0	0	0	0	0	0
2064	0	0	0	0	0	0
2065	0	0	o	O	0	0
2066	0	0	0	O	O	0
2067	0	0	0	0	0	0
2068	0	0	0	0	0	0
2069	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	0	0	0	0	0	0
2073	0	0	0	0	0	0
2074	0	0	0	0	0	0
2075	0	0	0	0	0	0

# TABLE 3.4b (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

Year	Labor	Equipment & Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	0	0	0	0	0	0
2077	0	0	0	0	0	0
2078	0	0	0	0	0	0
2079	0	0	0	0	0	0
2080	O	0	0	0	0	0
2081	0	0	0	0	0	0
2082	O	0	0	0	0	0
2083	0	0	0	0	0	0
2084	0	0	0	0	0	0
2085	0	0	0	0	0	0
2086	O	0	O	0	0	0
2087	O	0	0	0	0	0
2088	O	0	O	O	O	0
2089	0	0	0	0	0	0
2090	0	0	0	0	0	0
2091	0	0	O	0	0	0
2092	0	0	O	0	0	0
2093	0	0	0	0	0	0
2094	0	0	0	0	0	0
2095	0	0	0	0	0	0
2096	0	0	0	О	0	0
2097	0	0	0	O	0	0
2098	0	0	0	0	0	0
2099	0	0	0	0	0	0
2100	0	<b>O</b>	O	0	0	0
2101	0	0	0	0	0	0
2102	0	0	0	0	0	0
2103	0	0	0	0	0	0
2104	0	0	0	0	0	0
2105	0	0.	0	0	0	0
	68,509	7,388	1,887	0	43,410	121,194

### TABLE 3.4c CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

Year	Labor	Equipment & Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	0	0	0	0	0	0
2044	0	0	0	0	0	0
2045	0	0	0	O	0	0
2046	0	0	0	0	0	0
2047	0	0	0	0	0	0
2048	0	0	O	0	0	0
2049	0	0	0	o	0	0
2050	0	0	0	O	0	0
2051	0	0	0	0	0	0
2052	0	0	0	0	0	0
2053	0	0	0	0	0	0
2054	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0
2055	0	0	0	O	0	0
2056	0	0	0	0	0	0
2057	0	0	0	0	0	0
2058	0	0	0	O	0	0
2059	<b>O</b> !	0	0	O	0	0
2060	0	0	O	0	0	0
2061	0	0	0	0	0	0
2062	0	0	0	0	0	0
2063	0	0	0	0	0	0
2064	0	0	0	0	0	0
2065	0	0	0	0	0	0
2066	0	0	0	0	0	0
2067	0	0	0	0	0	0
2068	0	0	0	0	0	0
2069	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	0	0	0	0	0	0
2073	0	0	0	0	0	0
2074	0	0	0	0	0	0
2075	0	0	0	0	0	0

### TABLE 3.4c (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

	ment	

Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	0	0	0	0	0	0
2077	0	0	0	0	0	0
2078	0	0	0	0	0	0
2079	0	O	0	0	0	0
2080	0	0	0	O	0	0
2081	0	0	0	O	0	0
2082	0	0	0	0	0	0
2083	0	0	0	O	О	0
2084	0	0	0	O	0	0
2085	0	0	0	0	0	0
2086	0	0	0	0	0	0
2087	0	0	0	0	0	0
2088	0	0	0	0	0	
2089	0	0	0	0	0	0
2090	0	0	0	0	0	0
2091	0	0	0	0	0	0
2092	0	0	0	0	0	0
2093	0	0	0	0	0	0
2094	0	0	0	0	0	
2095	0	0	0	0	0	0
2096	0	0	0	0	0	0
2097	0	0	0	0	0	0
2098	300	0	0	0	0	300
2099	1,063	13	0	0	1	1,077
2100	1,122	42	0	0	3	1,166
2101	2,487	57	0	0	0	2,544
2102	885	20	0	0	0	904
2103	568	381	10	0	2	960
2104	10,941	7,339	184	0	31	18,495
2105	6,607	4,432	111	0	19	11,168
	23,973	12,283	304	0	55	36,616

# TABLE 3.5 CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	1,497	88	100	2	825	2,512
2044	28,021	2,237	1,836	95	16,604	48,793
2045	17,658	4,140	1,020	654	13,734	37,207
2046	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2047	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2048	4,864	883	367	20	4,687	10,822
2049	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2050	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2051	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2052	4,864	883	367	20	4,687	10,822
2053	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2054	4,851	881	366	20	4,674	10,793
2055	4,060	759	320	20	3,766	8,924
2056	1,750	403	184	20	1,113	3,469
2057	1,745	402	183	19	1,110	3,459
2058	1,745	402	183	19	1,110	3,459
2059	1,745	402	183	19	1,110	3,459
2060	1,750	403	184	20	1,113	3,469
2061	1,424	311	183	19	873	2,811
2062	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2063	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2064	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2065	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2066	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2067	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2068	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2069	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2070	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2071	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2072	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2073	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2074	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2075	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602

### TABLE 3.5 (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2077	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2078	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2079	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2080	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2081	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2082	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2083	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2084	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2085	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2086	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2087	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2088	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2089	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2090	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2091	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2092	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2093	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2094	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2095	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2096	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2097	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2098	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2099	14,724	1,101	1,262	23	2,273	19,384
2100	24,635	6,725	1,818	5,577	5,755	44,509
2101	42,496	23,093	1,703	36,681	21,729	125,703
2102	46,810	13,536	1,373	22,351	8,291	92,362
2103	19,293	4,911	553	4,366	15,146	44,268
2104	15,199	14,217	184	0	580	30,180
2105	9,178	8,585	111	0	350	18,223
	326,322	100,083	21,458	70,788	167,071	685,723

# TABLE 3.5a CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	1,489	63	100	2	699	2,353
2044	27,868	1,778	1,836	95	14,345	<b>45,92</b> 3
2045	15,634	3,606	919	654	10,947	31,760
2046	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2047	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2048	1,325	296	184	20	808	2,632
2049	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2050	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2051	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2052	1,325	296	184	20	808	2,632
2053	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2054	1,321	295	183	20	806	2,625
2055	1,321	292	183	20	806	2,621
2056	1,325	283	184	20	808	2,618
2057	1,321	282	183	19	806	2,611
2058	1,321	282	183	19	806	2,611
2059	1,321	282	183	19	806	2,611
2060	1,325	283	184	20	808	2,618
2061	1,321	282	183	19	799	2,604
2062	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2063	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2064	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2065	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2066	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2067	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2068	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2069	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2070	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2071	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2072	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2073	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2074	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2075	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602

#### TABLE 3.5a (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE LICENSE TERMINATION EXPENDITURES

	Equipment &
Labor	Materials

Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2077	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2078	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2079	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2080	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2081	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2082	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2083	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2084	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2085	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2086	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2087	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2088	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2089	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2090	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2091	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2092	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2093	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2094	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2095	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2096	1,325	283	184	20	799	2,609
2097	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2098	1,321	282	183	19	797	2,602
2099	14,620	1,101	1,262	23	2,273	19,279
2100	24,029	6,715	1,818	5,577	5,754	43,892
2101	40,430	22,995	1,703	36,655	21,572	123,355
2102	42,839	13,179	1,373	22,091	6,726	86,208
2103	17,734	4,103	543	4,315	14,838	41,533
2104	42	0	0	0	518	560
2105	26	0	0	0	313	338
	254,768	68,619	19,267	70,453	120,368	533,475

#### TABLE 3.5b CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	8	25	0	0	77	110
2044	153	459	0	0	1,405	2,017
2045	2,024	535	101	0	2,752	5,412
2046	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2047	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2048	3,540	587	184	0	3,853	8,163
2049	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2050	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2051	3,530	586	183	О	3,842	8,141
2052	3,540	587	184	0	3,853	8,163
2053	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2054	3,530	586	183	0	3,842	8,141
2055	2,739	467	136	0	2,912	6,255
2056	425	120	0	0	194	739
2057	424	120	0	0	194	737
2058	424	120	0	0	194	737
2059	424	120	0	0	194	737
2060	425	120	0	0	194	739
2061	103	29	0	0	47	180
2062	0	0	0	0	0	0
2063	0	0	0	0	0	0
2064	0	0	0	0	O	0
2065	0	0	0	0	0	0
2066	0	0	0	0	0	0
2067	0	0	<b>O</b> '	O	0	0
2068	0	0	0	O	0	0
2069	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	0	0	0	0	0	0
2073	0	0	0	0	0	0
2074	0	0	0	O	0	0
2075	0	0	0	0	0	0

### TABLE 3.5b (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT EXPENDITURES

Year	Labor	Equipment & Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	0	0	0	0	0	0
2077	0	0	0	0	O	0
2078	0	0	0	0	0	0
2079	0	0	0	0	0	0
2080	0	0	0	0	0	0
2081	0	0	0	0	0	0
2082	0	0	0	0	0	0
2083	0	<b>O</b>	0	0	0	0
2084	0	0	0	0	0	0
2085	0	0	0	0	0	0
2086	0	0	0	0	0	0
2087	0	0	O	0	O	0
2088	0	0	0	0	0	0
2089	0	0	O	0	О	0
2090	0	0	0	0	0	0
2091	0	0	0	0	0	0
2092	0	0	0	0	O	0
2093	0	0	0	0	0	0
2094	0	0	0	0	0	0
2095	0	0	0	0	0	0
2096	0	0	0	0	0	0
2097	0	0	0	0	0	0
2098	0	0	0	0	0	0
2099	0	0	0	0	0	0
2100	0	0	0	0	0	0
2101	31	27	0	26	124	207
2102	316	270	0	260	1,256	2,101
2103	73	83	0	51	246	453
2104	230	587	0	0	30	846
2105	139	354	0	0	18	511
	39,727	8,708	1,887	336	44,436	95,094

#### TABLE 3.5c CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2043	0	0	0	0	49	49
2044	0	0	0	0	854	854
2045	0	0	0	0	35	35
2046	0	0	0	0	27	27
2047	0	0	0	0	27	27
2048	0	0	0	0	27	27
2049	0	0	0	0	27	27
2050	0	0	0	0	27	27
2051	0	0	0	0	27	27
2052	0	0	0	0	27	27
2053	0	0	0	0	27	27
2054	0	0	0	0	27	27
2055	0	0	0	0	48	48
2056	0	0	o	0	112	112
2057	0	0	0	0	111	111
2058	0	0	0	0	111	111
2059	0	0	0	0	111	111
2060	0	0	0	O	112	112
2061	0	0	0	0	27	27
2062	0	0	0	0	0	0
2063	0	0	0	0	0	0
2064	0	0	0	0	0	0
2065	0	0	0	0	0	0
2066	0	0	0	0	0	0
2067	0	0	0	O	0	0
2068	0	0	O	0	O	0
2069	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	0	0	0	0	0	0
2073	0	0	0	0	0	0
2074	0	0	0	0	0	0
2075	0	0	0	0	0	0

### TABLE 3.5c (continued) CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE SITE RESTORATION EXPENDITURES

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Year	Labor	Materials	Energy	Burial	Other	Total
2076	0	0	0	0	0	0
2077	0	0	0	0	0	0
2078	0	0	0	0	0	0
2079	0	0	0	0	0	0
2080	0	0	0	0	0	0
2081	0	0	0	0	0	0
2082	0	0	0	O	o	0
2083	0	0	0	0	0	0
2084	0	0	0	0	O	0
2085	0	0	0	0	0	0
2086	0	0	0	0	0	0
2087	0	0	0	0	0	0
2088	0	0	0	0	0	0
2089	0	0	0	0	0	0
2090	0	0	0	0	0	0
2091	O,	<b>O</b>	0	O	0	0
2092	<b>O</b>	0	0	0	0	0
2093	O	0	O	O	0	0
2094	0	0	0	0	0	0
2095	0	0	0	O	0	0
2096	0	0	0	0	0	0
2097	0	0	0	0	0	0
2098	0	0	0	0	0	0
2099	104	0	0	0	0	104
2100	606	10	0	0	0	617
2101	2,035	72	0	0	33	2,140
2102	3,656	87	0	0	309	4,052
2103	1,486	725	10	0	62	2,282
2104	14,927	13,631	184	0	32	28,773
2105	9,013	8,231	111	0	20	17,374
	31,827	22,756	304	0	2,268	57,155

#### 4. SCHEDULE ESTIMATE

The schedules for the decommissioning scenarios considered in this study follow the sequences presented in the AIF/NESP-036 study, with minor changes to reflect recent experience and site-specific constraints. In addition, the scheduling has been revised to reflect the spent fuel management plan described in Section 3.5.1.

A schedule or sequence of activities for the DECON alternative from shutdown through ISFSI site restoration is presented in Figure 4.1. The scheduling sequence is based on the fuel being removed from the spent fuel pools within twelve years. The key activities listed in the schedule do not reflect a one-to-one correspondence with those activities in the cost tables, but reflect dividing some activities for clarity and combining others for convenience. The schedule was prepared using the "Microsoft Project Professional 2003" computer software.<sup>[29]</sup>

#### 4.1 SCHEDULE ESTIMATE ASSUMPTIONS

The schedule reflects the results of a precedence network developed for the site decommissioning activities, i.e., a PERT (Program Evaluation and Review Technique) Software Package. The work activity durations used in the precedence network reflect the actual man-hour estimates from the cost table, adjusted by stretching certain activities over their slack range and shifting the start and end dates of others. The following assumptions were made in the development of the decommissioning schedule:

- The Fuel Building is isolated until such time that all spent fuel has been discharged from the spent fuel pools to the DOE. Decontamination and dismantling of the storage pools is initiated once the transfer of spent fuel is complete (DECON option).
- All work (except vessel and internals removal) is performed during an 8-hour workday, 5 days per week, with no overtime. There are eleven paid holidays per year.
- Reactor and internals removal activities are performed by using separate crews for different activities working on different shifts, with a corresponding backshift charge for the second shift.
- Multiple crews work parallel activities to the maximum extent possible, consistent with optimum efficiency, adequate access for cutting, removal and laydown space, and with the stringent safety measures necessary during demolition of heavy components and structures.

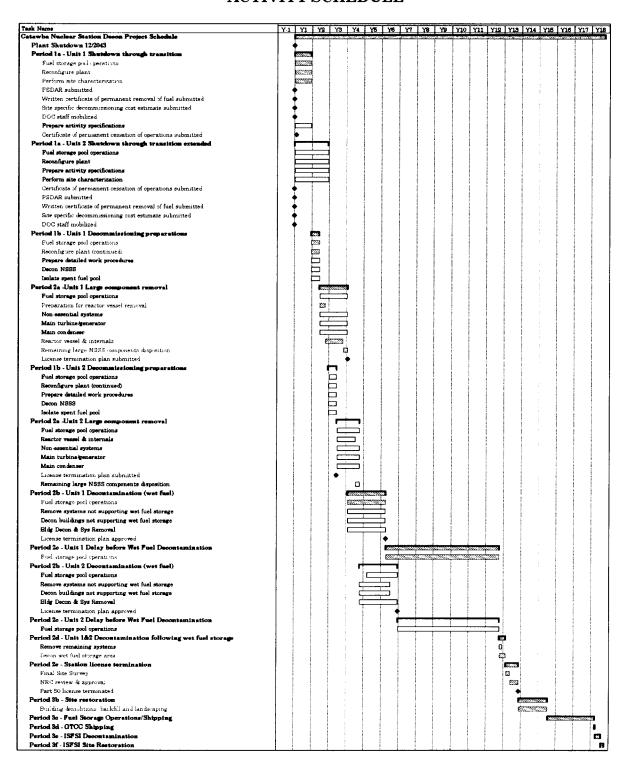
 For plant systems removal, the systems with the longest removal durations in areas on the critical path are considered to determine the duration of the activity.

#### 4.2 PROJECT SCHEDULE

The period-dependent costs presented in the detailed cost tables are based upon the durations developed in the schedules for decommissioning. Durations are established between several milestones in each project period; these durations are used to establish a critical path for the entire project. In turn, the critical path duration for each period is used as the basis for determining the period-dependent costs. A second critical path is shown for the spent fuel storage period, which determines the release of the Fuel Building for final decontamination.

Project timelines are provided in Figures 4.2 and 4.3 with milestone dates based on a 2043 shutdown date. The fuel pools are emptied approximately twelve years after shutdown, while ISFSI operations continue until the DOE can complete the transfer of assemblies to its geologic repository. Deferred decommissioning in the SAFSTOR scenarios is assumed to commence so that the operating licenses are terminated within a 60-year period from the cessation of plant operations.

#### FIGURE 4.1 ACTIVITY SCHEDULE



### FIGURE 4.1 (continued) ACTIVITY SCHEDULE

#### **LEGEND**

Red text and/or shaded scheduling bars indicate critical path activities
 Shaded scheduling bars associated with major decommissioning periods, e.g., Period 1a, indicate overall duration of that period
 Blue text and/or diamond symbols indicate major milestones

FIGURE 4.2 DECOMMISSIONING TIMELINE DECON

		End 31-Mar-61	End 01-Oct-61	P 00
	ISFSi Decon and Demolition		3f 01-Aug-61 0.2 17.8	<del>1</del> &
	ISFSI Decon		3e 31-Mar-61 0.3 17.6	
	Post - Decommissioning ISFSI Operations	3d 17-Mar-61 0.04 17.3	3d 17-Mar-61 0.04 17.3	
	Po Decomin ISFSI O	3c 06-Jul-58 2.7 17.3	3c 06-Jul-58 2.7 17.3	ន
	Site Restoration	3b 11-Nov-56 1.6 14.6	3b 11-Nov-56 1.6 14.6	22
		2e 10-Feb-56 0.8 12.9	2e 10-Feb-56 0.8 12.9	=
	ning	2d 30-Sep-55 0.4 12.2	2d 30-Sep-55 0.4 12.2	7
	Prompt Decommissioning DECON	2c 10-Apr-49 6.5 11.8	2c 18-Dec-49 5.8 11.8	92
	Prompt	2b 04-Feb-47 2.2 5.3	2b 14-0ct-47 2.2 6.0	92
		2a 19-Jun-45 1.6 3.1	2a 19-Jun-46 1.3 3.8	80
		ਦ 24 <i>ਜ</i> ਹਂ <b>ਜ</b> ਹਂ	15 25 25	ω
	Buing Ning	13-Dec.	19-D	
NOIL	Shutdown and Decommissioning Preparation	1a 1b 12-Dec-43 13-Dec-44 1.0 0.5	1a 1b 12-Dec-43 19-Dec-45 2.0 0.5	ω
CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION	DECON	Unit 1 Periods Start Dates Durations (Years) Elapsed Time (Years)	Unit 2 Periods Start Dates Ourations (Years) Elapsed Time (Years)	CNS Spent Fuel Schedule CNS Pool (DOE Cask Loaded) CNS ISFSI (Cask to DOE)

Note: Cask distribution is provided as a general representation of inventory per period, totals per period are not actuals as used to calculate costs.

FIGURE 4.3 DECOMMISSIONING TIMELINE SAFSTOR

Delayed Decommissioning Site SAFSTOR	3a 3b 4a 4b 4d 4e 5b End 11-Mar-88 11-Mar-99 13-Sep-89 20-Jan-01 07-May-02 13-Mar-03 13-Dec-03 10-Aug-05 1.0 0.5 1.4 1.3 0.8 0.8 1.7 55.2 55.8 57.1 58.4 59.2 60.0 61.7	3a 3b 4a 4b 4e 5b End 07-May-99 07-May-00 09-Nov-00 26-Nov-01 13-Mar-03 13-Dec-03 10-Aug-05 1.0 0.5 1.0 1.3 0.8 1.7 56.4 56.8 58.0 59.2 60.0 61.7	116 Total
	2c 31-Mar-61 36.9 54.2	2c 31-Mar-61 38.1 55.4	
Wet & Dry & No Fuel Dormancy	2a 2b 45 30-Sep-55 0.3 5.5 1.8 17.3	2a 2b 45 30-Sep-55 0.3 5.5 1.8 17.3	5 <b> </b> &
	13-Jun- 11	13-Jun 1	¥
Preparations for Safe-Storage	1b 1c 11-Dec-44 13-Mar-45 0.3 0.3	1c 13-Mar-45 0.3 1.5	4
	1b 11-Dec-44 0.3 1.3	1b 11-Dec-44 0.3 1.3	*
STATION Shutdown and Decommisioning Preparation	1a 12-Dec-43 1.0	1a 12-Dec-43 1.0	dule 8
CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION. SAFSTOR Decom Prep	Unit 1 Periods Start Dates Durations (Years) Elapsed Time (Years)	Unit 2 Periods Start Dates Durations (Years) Elapsed Time (Years)	CNS Spent Fuel Schedule CNS Pool (DOE Cask Loaded) CNS ISFSI

Note: Cask distribution is provided as a general representation of inventory per period, totals per period are not actuals as used to calculate costs.

#### 5. RADIOACTIVE WASTES

The objectives of the decommissioning process are the removal of all radioactive material from the site that would restrict its future use and the termination of the NRC license. This currently requires the remediation of all radioactive material at the site in excess of applicable legal limits. Under the Atomic Energy Act,<sup>[30]</sup> the NRC is responsible for protecting the public from sources of ionizing radiation. Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations delineates the production, utilization, and disposal of radioactive materials and processes. In particular, Part 71 defines radioactive material as it pertains to transportation and Part 61 specifies its disposition.

Most of the materials being transported for controlled burial are categorized as Low Specific Activity (LSA) or Surface Contaminated Object (SCO) materials containing Type A quantities, as defined in 49 CFR Parts 173-178. Shipping containers are required to be Industrial Packages (IP-1, IP-2 or IP-3, as defined in 10 CFR §173.411). For this study, commercially available steel containers are presumed to be used for the disposal of piping, small components, and concrete. Larger components can serve as their own containers, with proper closure of all openings, access ways, and penetrations.

The volumes of radioactive waste generated during the various decommissioning activities at the site are shown on a line-item basis in Appendices C and D, and summarized in Tables 5.1 and 5.2. The quantified waste volume summaries shown in these tables are consistent with Part 61 classifications. The volumes are calculated based on the exterior dimensions for containerized material and on the displaced volume of components serving as their own waste containers.

The reactor vessel and internals are categorized as large quantity shipments and, accordingly, will be shipped in reusable, shielded truck casks with disposable liners. In calculating disposal costs, the burial fees are applied against the liner volume, as well as the special handling requirements of the payload. Packaging efficiencies are lower for the highly activated materials (greater than Type A quantity waste), where high concentrations of gamma-emitting radionuclides limit the capacity of the shipping canisters.

No process system containing/handling radioactive substances at shutdown is presumed to meet material release criteria by decay alone (i.e., systems radioactive at shutdown will still be radioactive over the time period during which the decommissioning is accomplished, due to the presence of long-lived radionuclides). While the dose rates decrease with time, radionuclides such as <sup>137</sup>Cs will still control the disposition requirements.

The waste material produced in the decontamination and dismantling of the nuclear plants is primarily generated during Period 2 of DECON and Period 4 of SAFSTOR. Material that is considered potentially contaminated when removed from the radiological controlled area is sent to processing facilities in Tennessee for conditioning and disposal. Heavily contaminated components and activated materials are routed for controlled disposal. The disposal volumes reported in the tables reflect the savings resulting from reprocessing and recycling.

For purposes of constructing the estimates, the cost for disposal at the EnergySolutions' and Barnwell facilities were used as a proxy for future disposal facilities. Separate rates were used for containerized waste and large components, including the steam generators and reactor coolant pump motors. Demolition debris including miscellaneous steel, scaffolding, and concrete was disposed of at a bulk rate. The decommissioning waste stream also included resins and dry active waste.

Since EnergySolutions is not currently able to receive the more highly radioactive components generated in the decontamination and dismantling of the reactor, disposal costs for the Class B and C material were based upon the rate schedule for the Barnwell facility. Additional surcharges were included for activity, dose rate, and/or handling added as appropriate for the particular package.

#### TABLE 5.1 UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING WASTE SUMMARY

Waste	Cost Basis	Class [1]	Waste Volume (cubic feet)	Mass (pounds)
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (near-surface	EnergySolutions	A	67,425	5,232,975
disposal)	Barnwell	A	47,061	3,805,531
	Barnwell	В	3,686	477,228
	Barnwell	C	459	48,192
Greater than Class C (geologic repository)	Spent Fuel Equivalent	GTCC	666	129,800
Processed/Conditioned (off-site recycling center)	Recycling Vendors	A	239,465	10,528,640
Total <sup>[2]</sup>			358,763	20,222,360

 $<sup>^{[1]}</sup>$  Waste is classified according to the requirements as delineated in Title 10 CFR, Part 61.55

<sup>[2]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### TABLE 5.2 UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING WASTE SUMMARY

Waste	Cost Basis	Class [1]	Waste Volume (cubic feet)	Mass (pounds)
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (near-surface	EnergySolutions	A	80,096	6,573,254
disposal)	Barnwell	A	32,138	2,581,515
	Barnwell	В	3,686	477,228
	Barnwell	C	459	48,192
Greater than Class C (geologic repository)	Spent Fuel Equivalent	GTCC	666	129,800
Processed/Conditioned (off-site recycling center)	Recycling Vendors	A	257,225	10,926,380
Total <sup>[2]</sup>			374,270	20,736,370

Waste is classified according to the requirements as delineated in Title 10 CFR, Part 61.55

<sup>[2]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### TABLE 5.3 UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING WASTE SUMMARY

Waste	Cost Basis	Class [1]	Waste Volume (cubic feet)	Mass (pounds)
T 10 10 11 11				
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (near-surface	EnergySolutions	A	68,409	4,089,718
disposal)	Barnwell	A	45,472	3,642,274
	Barnwell	В	3,080	314,050
	Barnwell	C	470	47,502
Greater than Class C (geologic repository)	Spent Fuel Equivalent	GTCC	666	129,800
Processed/Conditioned (off-site recycling center)	Recycling Vendors	A	260,802	11,458,920
Total [2]			378,899	19,682,270

Waste is classified according to the requirements as delineated in Title 10 CFR, Part 61.55

<sup>[2]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### TABLE 5.4 UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING WASTE SUMMARY

Waste	Cost Basis	Class [1]	Waste Volume (cubic feet)	Mass (pounds)
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (near-surface	EnergySolutions	A	81,875	5,571,837
disposal)	Barnwell	A	30,349	2,403,179
	Barnwell	В	3,080	314,050
	Barnwell	C	470	47,502
Greater than Class C (geologic repository)	Spent Fuel Equivalent	GTCC	666	129,800
Processed/Conditioned (off-site recycling center)	Recycling Vendors	A	280,180	11,911,320
Total <sup>[2]</sup>			396,619	20,377,690

Waste is classified according to the requirements as delineated in Title 10 CFR, Part 61.55

<sup>[2]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding.

#### 6. RESULTS

The analysis to estimate the costs to decommission Catawba relied upon the site-specific, technical information developed for a previous analysis prepared in 2003. While not an engineering study, the estimates provide Duke Energy with sufficient information to assess their financial obligations, as they pertain to the eventual decommissioning of the nuclear station.

The estimates described in this report are based on numerous fundamental assumptions, including regulatory requirements, project contingencies, low-level radioactive waste disposal practices, high-level radioactive waste management options, and site restoration requirements. The decommissioning scenarios assume continued operation of the station's spent fuel pools for a minimum of twelve years following the cessation of operations for continued cooling of the assemblies.

The cost projected to promptly decommission (DECON) Catawba is estimated to be \$1,230.1million. The majority of this cost (approximately 77.7%) is associated with the physical decontamination and dismantling of the nuclear plant so that the operating license can be terminated. Another 16.0% is associated with the management, interim storage, and eventual transfer of the spent fuel. The remaining 6.3% is for the demolition of the designated structures and limited restoration of the site.

The cost projected for deferred decommissioning (SAFSTOR) is estimated to be \$1,434.0 million. The majority of this cost (approximately 78.4%) is associated with placing the plant in storage, ongoing caretaking of the plant during dormancy, and the eventual physical decontamination and dismantling of the nuclear plant so that the operating license can be terminated. Another 15.1% is associated with the management, interim storage, and eventual transfer of the spent fuel. The remaining 6.5% is for the demolition of the designated structures and limited restoration of the site.

The primary cost contributors, identified in Tables 6.1 thru 6.4, are either labor-related or associated with the management and disposition of the radioactive waste. Program management is the largest single contributor to the overall cost. The magnitude of the expense is a function of both the size of the organization required to manage the decommissioning, as well as the duration of the program. It is assumed, for purposes of this analysis, that Duke Energy will oversee the decommissioning program, acting as the DOC to manage the decommissioning labor force and the associated subcontractors. The size and composition of the management organization varies with the decommissioning phase and associated site activities. However, once the operating license is terminated, the staff is

substantially reduced for the conventional demolition and restoration of the site, and the long-term care of the spent fuel (for the DECON alternative).

As described in this report, the spent fuel pools will remain operational for a minimum of twelve years following the cessation of operations. The pools will be isolated and an independent spent fuel island created. This will allow decommissioning operations to proceed in and around the pool area. Over the twelve-year period, the spent fuel will be packaged into transportable canisters for loading into a DOE-provided transport cask. Spent fuel will also be in storage at the ISFSI (from operations). This inventory will be transferred to the DOE after the pools are emptied.

The cost for waste disposal includes only those costs associated with the controlled disposition of the low-level radioactive waste generated from decontamination and dismantling activities, including plant equipment and components, structural material, filters, resins and dry-active waste. As described in Section 5, disposition of the low-level radioactive material required controlled disposal is at the EnergySolutions' and Barnwell facilities. Highly activated components, requiring additional isolation from the environment (GTCC), are packaged for geologic disposal. The cost of geologic disposal is based upon a cost equivalent for spent fuel.

A significant portion of the metallic waste is designated for additional processing and treatment at an off-site facility. Processing reduces the volume of material requiring controlled disposal through such techniques and processes as survey and sorting, decontamination, and volume reduction. The material that cannot be unconditionally released is packaged for controlled disposal at one of the currently operating facilities. The cost identified in the summary tables for processing is all-inclusive, incorporating the ultimate disposition of the material.

Removal costs reflect the labor-intensive nature of the decommissioning process, as well as the management controls required to ensure a safe and successful program. Decontamination and packaging costs also have a large labor component that is based upon prevailing union wages. Non-radiological demolition is a natural extension of the decommissioning process. The methods employed in decontamination and dismantling are generally destructive and indiscriminate in inflicting collateral damage. With a work force mobilized to support decommissioning operations, non-radiological demolition can be an integrated activity and a logical expansion of the work being performed in the process of terminating the operating license. Prompt demolition reduces future liabilities and can be more cost effective than deferral, due to the deterioration of the facilities (and therefore the working conditions) with time.

The reported cost for transport includes the tariffs and surcharges associated with moving large components and/or overweight shielded casks overland, as well as the general expense, e.g., labor and fuel, of transporting material to the destinations identified in this report. For purposes of this analysis, material is primarily moved overland by truck.

Decontamination is used to reduce the plant's radiation fields and minimize worker exposure. Slightly contaminated material or material located within a contaminated area is sent to an off-site processing center, i.e., this analysis does not assume that contaminated plant components and equipment can be decontaminated for uncontrolled release in-situ. Centralized processing centers have proven to be a more economical means of handling the large volumes of material produced in the dismantling of a nuclear plant.

License termination survey costs are associated with the labor intensive and complex activity of verifying that contamination has been removed from the site to the levels specified by the regulating agency. This process involves a systematic survey of all remaining plant surface areas and surrounding environs, sampling, isotopic analysis, and documentation of the findings. The status of any plant components and materials not removed in the decommissioning process will also require confirmation and will add to the expense of surveying the facilities alone.

The remaining costs include allocations for heavy equipment and temporary services, as well as for other expenses such as regulatory fees and the premiums for nuclear insurance. While site operating costs are greatly reduced following the final cessation of plant operations, certain administrative functions do need to be maintained either at a basic functional or regulatory level.

#### TABLE 6.1 UNIT 1 DECON ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
Decontamination	14,130	2.4
Removal	87,810	14.8
Packaging	19,654	3.3
Transportation	6,830	1.2
Waste Disposal	81,039	13.7
Off-site Waste Processing	26,566	4.5
Program Management [1]	217,307	36.6
Utility Site Indirect	17,654	3.0
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	10,819	1.8
Spent Fuel Management [2]	24,858	4.2
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	15,754	2.7
Energy	12,775	2.2
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	17,464	2.9
Property Taxes	34,237	5.8
Miscellaneous Equipment	6,503	1.1
Total [3]	593,400	100

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
License Termination	477,834	80.5
Spent Fuel Management	87,173	14.7
Site Restoration	28,393	4.8
Total [3]	593,400	100

<sup>[1]</sup> Includes engineering and security costs

Excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer costs/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

<sup>[3]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding

### TABLE 6.2 UNIT 2 DECON ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
Decontamination	14,787	2.3
Removal	122,652	19.3
Packaging	17,231	2.7
Transportation	6,189	1.0
Waste Disposal	70,454	11.1
Off-site Waste Processing	28,122	4.4
Program Management [1]	231,397	36.3
Utility Site Indirect	18,936	3.0
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	7,212	1.1
Spent Fuel Management [2]	31,324	4.9
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	15,598	2.4
Energy	12,889	2.0
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	16,863	2.6
Property Taxes	34,425	5.4
Miscellaneous Equipment	6,438	1.0
Miscellaneous Site Services	2,211	0.3
Total [3]	636,727	100

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
	477.046	75.0
License Termination	477,846	<u> 75.U</u>
Spent Fuel Management	109,208	17.2
Site Restoration	49,672	7.8
Total [3]	636,727	100

<sup>[1]</sup> Includes engineering and security costs

Excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer costs/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

<sup>[3]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding

#### TABLE 6.3 UNIT 1 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
Decontamination	12,159	1.6
Removal	85,473	11.4
Packaging	15,513	2.1
Transportation	5,497	0.7
Waste Disposal	66,154	8.8
Off-site Waste Processing	28,963	3.9
Program Management [1]	332,191	44.4
Utility Site Indirect	25,181	3.4
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	10,819	1.4
Spent Fuel Management [2]	25,221	3.4
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	47,441	6.3
Energy	22,091	3.0
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	18,911	2.5
Property Taxes	35,602	4.8
Miscellaneous Equipment	17,078	2.3
Total <sup>[3]</sup>	748,292	100

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
		=
License Termination	590,482	78.9
Spent Fuel Management	121,194	16.2
Site Restoration	36,616	4.9
Total [3]	748,292	100

<sup>[1]</sup> Includes engineering and security costs

Excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer costs/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

<sup>[3]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding

#### TABLE 6.4 UNIT 2 SAFSTOR ALTERNATIVE DECOMMISSIONING COST ELEMENTS

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
Decontamination	12,560	1.8
Removal	118,932	17.3
Packaging	13,159	1.9
Transportation	4,802	0.7
Waste Disposal	57,105	8.3
Off-site Waste Processing	30,659	4.5
Program Management [1]	250,746	36.6
Utility Site Indirect	17,906	2.6
Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	7,212	1.1
Spent Fuel Management [2]	28,832	4.2
Insurance and Regulatory Fees	45,627	6.7
Energy	21,458	3.1
Characterization and Licensing Surveys	18,310	2.7
Property Taxes	35,602	5.2
Miscellaneous Equipment	20,602	3.0
Miscellaneous Site Services	2,211	0.3
Total [3]	685,723	100

Cost Element	Total	Percentage
License Termination	533,475	77.8
Spent Fuel Management	95,094	13.9
Site Restoration	57,155	8.3
Total [3]	685,723	100

<sup>[1]</sup> Includes engineering and security costs

Excludes program management costs (staffing) but includes costs for spent fuel loading/transfer costs/spent fuel pool O&M and EP fees

<sup>[3]</sup> Columns may not add due to rounding

#### 7. REFERENCES

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- 3. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Regulatory Guide 1.159, "Assuring the Availability of Funds for Decommissioning Nuclear Reactors," October 2003
- 4. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 20, Subpart E, "Radiological Criteria for License Termination"
- 5. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Parts 20 and 50, "Entombment Options for Power Reactors," Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, Federal Register Volume 66, Number 200, October 16, 2001
- 6. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Parts 2, 50 and 51, "Decommissioning of Nuclear Power Reactors," Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Federal Register Volume 61 (p 39278 et seq.), July 29, 1996.
- 7. "Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 and Amendments," U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Civilian Radioactive Management, 1982
- 8. "DOE Announces Yucca Mountain License Application Schedule", U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Public Affairs, Press Release July 19, 2006
- 9. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 50, "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities," Subpart 54 (bb), "Conditions of Licenses"
- 10. "Low Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act," Public Law 96-573, 1980
- 11. "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985," Public Law 99-240, 1986
- 12. Waste is classified in accordance with U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 61.55

#### 7. REFERENCES

(continued)

- 13. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 20, Subpart E, "Radiological Criteria for License Termination," Federal Register, Volume 62, Number 139 (p 39058 et seq.), July 21, 1997
- 14. "Establishment of Cleanup Levels for CERCLA Sites with Radioactive Contamination," EPA Memorandum OSWER No. 9200.4-18, August 22, 1997.
- 15. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 141.16, "Maximum contaminant levels for beta particle and photon radioactivity from man-made radionuclides in community water systems"
- 16. "Memorandum of Understanding Between the Environmental Protection Agency and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission: Consultation and Finality on Decommissioning and Decontamination of Contaminated Sites," OSWER 9295.8-06a, October 9, 2002
- 17. "Multi-Agency Radiation Survey and Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM)," NUREG/CR-1575, Rev. 1, EPA 402-R-97-016, Rev. 1, August 2000
- 18. T.S. LaGuardia et al., "Guidelines for Producing Commercial Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Cost Estimates," AIF/NESP-036, May 1986
- 19. W.J. Manion and T.S. LaGuardia, "Decommissioning Handbook," U.S. Department of Energy, DOE/EV/10128-1, November 1980
- 20. "Building Construction Cost Data 2008," Robert Snow Means Company, Inc., Kingston, Massachusetts
- 21. Project and Cost Engineers' Handbook, Second Edition, p. 239, American Association of Cost Engineers, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, New York, 1984
- 22. Civilian Radioactive Waste Management System Waste Acceptance System Requirements Document, Revision 5" (DOE/RW-0351) issued May 31, 2007
- 23. U.S. Department of Transportation, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, "Transportation," Parts 173 through 178, 2007

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- 25. J.C. Evans et al., "Long-Lived Activation Products in Reactor Materials" NUREG/CR-3474, Pacific Northwest Laboratory for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. August 1984
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- 27. H.D. Oak, et al., "Technology, Safety and Costs of Decommissioning a Reference Boiling Water Reactor Power Station," NUREG/CR-0672 and addenda, Pacific Northwest Laboratory for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. June 1980
- 28. "Financial Protection Requirements for Permanently Shutdown Nuclear Power Reactors," 10 CFR Parts 50 and 140, Federal Register Notice, Vol. 62, No. 210, October 30, 1997
- 29. "Microsoft Project Professional 2003," Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, WA.
- 30. "Atomic Energy Act of 1954," (68 Stat. 919)

### APPENDIX A UNIT COST FACTOR DEVELOPMENT

### APPENDIX A UNIT COST FACTOR DEVELOPMENT

Example: Unit Factor for Removal of Contaminated Heat Exchanger < 3,000 lbs.

#### 1. SCOPE

Heat exchangers weighing < 3,000 lbs. will be removed in one piece using a crane or small hoist. They will be disconnected from the inlet and outlet piping. The heat exchanger will be sent to the waste processing area.

#### 2. CALCULATIONS

Act ID	Activity Description	Activity Duration (minutes)	Critical Duration (minutes)*
a b c d e f g h	Remove insulation Mount pipe cutters Install contamination controls Disconnect inlet and outlet lines Cap openings Rig for removal Unbolt from mounts Remove contamination controls Remove, wrap, send to waste processing area	60 60 20 60 20 30 30 15 60	(b) 60 (b) 60 (d) 30 30 15 60
	Totals (Activity/Critical)	355	255
+ Re + Re	ation adjustment(s): espiratory protection adjustment (50% of critical duradiation/ALARA adjustment (37% of critical durationsted work duration		128 <u>95</u> 478
	rotective clothing adjustment (30% of adjusted durat uctive work duration	tion)	$\frac{143}{621}$
+ W	ork break adjustment (8.33 % of productive duration	n)	<u>52</u>
Tota	l work duration (minutes)		673

#### \*\*\* Total duration = 11.217 hr \*\*\*

<sup>\*</sup> alpha designators indicate activities that can be performed in parallel

## APPENDIX A

(continued)

## 3. LABOR REQUIRED

Crew	Number	Duration (hours)	Rate (\$/hr)	Cost
Laborers	3.00	11.217	\$**.**	\$**.**
Craftsmen	2.00	11.217	\$**.**	\$***.**
Foreman	1.00	11.217	\$ <b>**</b> .**	\$***.**
General Foreman	0.25	11.217	\$**.**	\$***.**
Fire Watch	0.05	11.217	\$**.**	\$**.**
Health Physics Technician	1.00	11.217	\$**.**	<u>\$***.**</u>
Total Labor Cost				\$3,097.30
4. EQUIPMENT & CON	SUMABLES	COSTS		
Equipment Costs				none
Consumables/Materials Costs -Blotting paper 50 @ \$0.54 se -Plastic sheets/bags 50 @ \$0Gas torch consumables 1 @	q ft <sup>{1}</sup> 16/sq ft <sup>{2}</sup>	r <sup>(3)</sup>		\$27.00 \$8.00 <u>\$9.69</u>
Subtotal cost of equipment an	d materials			\$44.69
Overhead & profit on equipme		ials @ 17.00 %		\$7.60
Total costs, equipment & mat	erial			\$52.29
TOTAL COST:				
Removal of contaminated	d heat excha	nger <3000 pc	ounds:	\$3,149.59
Total labor cost: Total equipment/material cos Total craft labor man-hours re		nit:		\$3,097.30 \$52.29 81.88

<sup>\*\*</sup> denotes business sensitive information

#### 5. NOTES AND REFERENCES

- Work difficulty factors were developed in conjunction with the Atomic Industrial Forum's (now NEI) program to standardize nuclear decommissioning cost estimates and are delineated in Volume 1, Chapter 5 of the "Guidelines for Producing Commercial Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Cost Estimates," AIF/NESP-036, May 1986.
- References for equipment & consumables costs:
  - 1. McMaster-Carr, Item 7193T88, Spill Control
  - 2. R.S. Means (2008) Division 01 56, Section 13.60-0200, page 20
  - 3. R.S. Means (2008) Division 01 54 33, Section 40-6360, Reference-10
- Material and consumable costs were adjusted using the regional indices for Rock Hill, South Carolina.

Unit Cost Factor	Cost/Unit(\$)
Removal of clean instrument and sampling tubing, \$/linear foot	0.31
Removal of clean pipe 0.25 to 2 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	3.16
Removal of clean pipe >2 to 4 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	4.69
Removal of clean pipe >4 to 8 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	9.81
Removal of clean pipe >8 to 14 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	18.36
Removal of clean pipe >14 to 20 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	23.88
Removal of clean pipe >20 to 36 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	35.13
Removal of clean pipe >36 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	41.74
Removal of clean valve >2 to 4 inches	63.89
Removal of clean valve >4 to 8 inches	98.09
Removal of clean valve >8 to 14 inches	183.60
Removal of clean valve >14 to 20 inches	238.76
Removal of clean valve >20 to 36 inches	351.29
Removal of clean valve >36 inches	417.35
Removal of clean pipe hanger for small bore piping	20.82
Removal of clean pipe hanger for large bore piping	71.37
Removal of clean pump, <300 pound	165.50
Removal of clean pump, 300-1000 pound	474.87
Removal of clean pump, 1000-10,000 pound	1,851.56
Removal of clean pump, >10,000 pound	3,580.82
Removal of clean pump motor, 300-1000 pound	199.24
Removal of clean pump motor, 1000-10,000 pound	770.54
Removal of clean pump motor, >10,000 pound	1,733.71
Removal of clean heat exchanger <3000 pound	995.83
Removal of clean heat exchanger >3000 pound	2,506.66
Removal of clean feedwater heater/deaerator	7,055.14
Removal of clean moisture separator/reheater	14,489.84
Removal of clean tank, <300 gallons	212.89
Removal of clean tank, 300-3000 gallon	671.20
Removal of clean tank, >3000 gallons, \$/square foot surface area	5.82

Unit Cost Factor	Cost/Unit(\$)
Removal of clean electrical equipment, <300 pound	90.08
Removal of clean electrical equipment, 300-1000 pound	324.39
Removal of clean electrical equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	648.77
Removal of clean electrical equipment, >10,000 pound	1,564.83
Removal of clean electrical transformer < 30 tons	1,086.75
Removal of clean electrical transformer > 30 tons	3,129.67
Removal of clean standby diesel generator, <100 kW	1,110.04
Removal of clean standby diesel generator, 100 kW to 1 MW	2,477.65
Removal of clean standby diesel generator, >1 MW	5,129.25
Removal of clean electrical cable tray, \$/linear foot	8.44
Removal of clean electrical conduit, \$/linear foot	3.68
Removal of clean mechanical equipment, <300 pound	90.08
Removal of clean mechanical equipment, 300-1000 pound	324.39
Removal of clean mechanical equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	648.77
Removal of clean mechanical equipment, >10,000 pound	1,564.83
Removal of clean HVAC equipment, <300 pound	90.08
Removal of clean HVAC equipment, 300-1000 pound	324.39
Removal of clean HVAC equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	648.77
Removal of clean HVAC equipment, >10,000 pound	1,564.83
Removal of clean HVAC ductwork, \$/pound	0.33
Removal of contaminated instrument and sampling tubing, \$/linear foot	1.11
Removal of contaminated pipe 0.25 to 2 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	15.09
Removal of contaminated pipe >2 to 4 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	25.75
Removal of contaminated pipe >4 to 8 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	43.02
Removal of contaminated pipe >8 to 14 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	82.04
Removal of contaminated pipe >14 to 20 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	98.32
Removal of contaminated pipe >20 to 36 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	135.63
Removal of contaminated pipe >36 inches diameter, \$/linear foot	160.08
Removal of contaminated valve >2 to 4 inches	326.20
Removal of contaminated valve >4 to 8 inches	393.44

Unit Cost Factor	Cost/Unit(\$)
Removal of contaminated valve >8 to 14 inches	779.46
Removal of contaminated valve > 14 to 20 inches	989.11
Removal of contaminated valve > 14 to 20 inches	1,315.31
Removal of contaminated valve > 36 inches	1,559.89
Removal of contaminated varve so menes  Removal of contaminated pipe hanger for small bore piping	78.42
Removal of contaminated pipe hanger for large bore piping	243.53
Removal of contaminated pump, <300 pound	702.01
Removal of contaminated pump, 300-1000 pound	1,639.62
Removal of contaminated pump, 1000-10,000 pound	5,141.39
Removal of contaminated pump, >10,000 pound	12,520.67
Removal of contaminated pump motor, 300-1000 pound	704.17
Removal of contaminated pump motor, 1000-10,000 pound	2,101.79
Removal of contaminated pump motor, >10,000 pound	4,718.84
Removal of contaminated heat exchanger <3000 pound	3,149.59
Removal of contaminated heat exchanger >3000 pound	9,145.58
Removal of contaminated tank, <300 gallons	1,168.83
Removal of contaminated tank, >300 gallons, \$/square foot	22.90
Removal of contaminated electrical equipment, <300 pound	540.02
Removal of contaminated electrical equipment, 300-1000 pound	1,321.90
Removal of contaminated electrical equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	2,545.19
Removal of contaminated electrical equipment, >10,000 pound	5,001.30
Removal of contaminated electrical cable tray, \$/linear foot	26.05
Removal of contaminated electrical conduit, \$/linear foot	12.16
Removal of contaminated mechanical equipment, <300 pound	601.13
Removal of contaminated mechanical equipment, 300-1000 pound	1,461.15
Removal of contaminated mechanical equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	2,808.75
Removal of contaminated mechanical equipment, >10,000 pound	5,001.30
Removal of contaminated HVAC equipment, <300 pound	601.13
Removal of contaminated HVAC equipment, 300-1000 pound	1,461.15
Removal of contaminated HVAC equipment, 1000-10,000 pound	2,808.75

Unit Cost Factor Co	st/Unit(\$)
Removal of contaminated HVAC equipment, >10,000 pound	5,001.30
Removal of contaminated HVAC ductwork, \$/pound	1.66
Removal/plasma arc cut of contaminated thin metal components, \$/linear in	2.84
Additional decontamination of surface by washing, \$/square foot	5.68
Additional decontamination of surfaces by hydrolasing, \$/square foot	28.17
Decontamination rig hook up and flush, \$/ 250 foot length	5,093.89
Chemical flush of components/systems, \$/gallon	15.40
Removal of clean standard reinforced concrete, \$/cubic yard	109.54
Removal of grade slab concrete, \$/cubic yard	139.74
Removal of clean concrete floors, \$/cubic yard	292.19
Removal of sections of clean concrete floors, \$/cubic yard	846.97
Removal of clean heavily rein concrete w/#9 rebar, \$/cubic yard	200.34
Removal of contaminated heavily rein concrete w/#9 rebar, \$/cubic yard	1,681.68
Removal of clean heavily rein concrete w/#18 rebar, \$/cubic yard	253.37
Removal of contaminated heavily rein concrete w#18 rebar, \$/cubic yard	2,225.13
Removal heavily rein concrete w#18 rebar & steel embedments, \$/cubic yar	d 374.16
Removal of below-grade suspended floors, \$/cubic yard	292.19
Removal of clean monolithic concrete structures, \$/cubic yard	707.49
Removal of contaminated monolithic concrete structures, \$/cubic yard	1,677.78
Removal of clean foundation concrete, \$/cubic yard	557.04
Removal of contaminated foundation concrete, \$/cubic yard	1,563.43
Explosive demolition of bulk concrete, \$/cubic yard	25.36
Removal of clean hollow masonry block wall, \$/cubic yard	71.58
Removal of contaminated hollow masonry block wall, \$/cubic yard	259.60
Removal of clean solid masonry block wall, \$/cubic yard	71.58
Removal of contaminated solid masonry block wall, \$/cubic yard	259.60
Backfill of below-grade voids, \$/cubic yard	16.05
Removal of subterranean tunnels/voids, \$/linear foot	85.91
Placement of concrete for below-grade voids, \$/cubic yard	136.74
Excavation of clean material, \$/cubic yard	2.63

Unit Cost Factor	Cost/Unit(\$)
Excavation of contaminated material, \$/cubic yard	35.76
Removal of clean concrete rubble, \$/cubic yard	20.82
Removal of contaminated concrete rubble, \$/cubic yard	21.46
Removal of building by volume, \$/cubic foot	0.26
Removal of clean building metal siding, \$/square foot	0.76
Removal of contaminated building metal siding, \$/square foot	3.03
Removal of standard asphalt roofing, \$/square foot	1.45
Removal of transite panels, \$/square foot	1.67
Scarifying contaminated concrete surfaces (drill & spall), \$/square foot	11.83
Scabbling contaminated concrete floors, \$/square foot	6.30
Scabbling contaminated concrete walls, \$/square foot	15.89
Scabbling contaminated ceilings, \$/square foot	53.82
Scabbling structural steel, \$/square foot	5.48
Removal of clean overhead crane/monorail < 10 ton capacity	472.58
Removal of contaminated overhead crane/monorail < 10 ton capacity	1,418.62
Removal of clean overhead crane/monorail >10-50 ton capacity	1,134.20
Removal of contaminated overhead crane/monorail >10-50 ton capacity	3,404.07
Removal of polar crane > 50 ton capacity	4,785.69
Removal of gantry crane > 50 ton capacity	19,560.45
Removal of structural steel, \$/pound	0.17
Removal of clean steel floor grating, \$/square foot	3.59
Removal of contaminated steel floor grating, \$/square foot	10.80
Removal of clean free standing steel liner, \$/square foot	8.73
Removal of contaminated free standing steel liner, \$/square foot	<b>26.7</b> 3
Removal of clean concrete-anchored steel liner, \$/square foot	4.37
Removal of contaminated concrete-anchored steel liner, \$/square foot	31.15
Placement of scaffolding in clean areas, \$/square foot	14.61
Placement of scaffolding in contaminated areas, \$/square foot	22.36
Landscaping with topsoil, \$/acre	23,279.22
Cost of CPC B-88 LSA box & preparation for use	1,721.57

Unit Cost Factor	Cost/Unit(\$)
Cost of CPC B-25 LSA box & preparation for use	1,511.13
Cost of CPC B-12V 12 gauge LSA box & preparation for use	1,479.08
Cost of CPC B-144 LSA box & preparation for use	9,284.26
Cost of LSA drum & preparation for use	124.25
Cost of cask liner for CNSI 8 120A cask (resins)	6,977.85
Decontamination of surfaces with vacuuming, \$/square foot	0.49

# APPENDIX C DETAILED COST ANALYSIS DECON

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

13   101	15		Decon F	Removal I	Packaging Costs	Transport Costs	Off-Site Processing E Costs	LLRW Disposal ( Costs (	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total Li Costs	NRC Llc. Term. N Costs	Spent Fuel Management Costs	Site Restoration Costs	Processed Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Burial Volumes Class B Class Cu. Feet Cu. Fe	0 %	GTCC Cu. Feet	Burial / Processed Wt, Lbs.	Craft Manhours	Utility and Contractor Manhours
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400 72 552 552 552 552 552 552 552 552 552	460     72     52     52       440     66     506     506       440     66     506     506       440     66     506     506       211     32     243     243       27     4     31     23       27     4     31     23       31     47     359     36       31     47     359     36       31     47     359     36       31     47     359     36       31     47     359     36       31     47     359     36       32     44     31     47     369       34     244     244     31     47       359     316     36     36       40     316     316     316       41     47     316     316       41     48     48     48       41     48     48     48       41     41     41     41       41     41     41     41     41       41     41     41     41     41       41     41     41     41     41       42     42				•				282	4	324	292	•	32		•			•			4,167
40         66         507         506         507         507	440         66         506							, ,	¥ 5	s 2	39	552										7,100
214     22     23     39       108     16     174     62     62       108     16     174     62     62       21     24     31     23     23       311     47     358     358     351       258     384     2942     2581     351       258     384     2942     2581     351       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     316     316       270     46     318     318       270     46     1128     1036       280     612     612     351       281     271     612     351       282     80     612     612       283     552     80     612       281     521     521 <td>21     32     23     23       21     12     23     23     23       27     4     124     62     62       21     24     23     121     23       21     32     243     121     23       31     32     24     121     23       61     9     26     36     36       61     9     26     36     36       62     36     316     36     36       63     36     36     36     36       64     316     316     316     316       65     44     316     316     316       66     316     316     316     316       67     46     316     316     316       67     46     316     316     316       61     52     61     612     612       61     61     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61       61     62     62</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>044</td> <td>98</td> <td>206</td> <td>206</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>٠</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>6,500</td>	21     32     23     23       21     12     23     23     23       27     4     124     62     62       21     24     23     121     23       21     32     243     121     23       31     32     24     121     23       61     9     26     36     36       61     9     26     36     36       62     36     316     36     36       63     36     36     36     36       64     316     316     316     316       65     44     316     316     316       66     316     316     316     316       67     46     316     316     316       67     46     316     316     316       61     52     61     612     612       61     61     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61     61       61     62     61     61       61     62     62			,					044	98	206	206			٠	•				•	•	6,500
108   16   124   62   62   62   62   62   62   62	108								z 17	93 °	39	2 <del>4</del> 3							. ,			3,120
27     4     31     -     31       271     32     243     121     -     31       311     47     384     363     -     -     -       61     9     70     36     36     -     -       61     9     70     36     36     -     -       700     46     316     316     -     -     -     -       8     14     14     187     -     -     -     -     -       9     14     1468     1126     136     -     -     -     -     -       1191     1191     119     1310     1310     - <td>27     4     31     -     31       211     32     34     121     121     121       311     47     384     358     -     35       46     314     2942     2581     -     351       51     49     36     -     351     -       51     40     316     -     -       51     46     316     -     -       51     46     10     -     -       51     46     11,26     10,305     -       51     53     80     612     -       61     -     612     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>108</td> <td>£ .</td> <td>124</td> <td>62</td> <td>1</td> <td>29 2</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>1,600</td>	27     4     31     -     31       211     32     34     121     121     121       311     47     384     358     -     35       46     314     2942     2581     -     351       51     49     36     -     351     -       51     40     316     -     -       51     46     316     -     -       51     46     10     -     -       51     46     11,26     10,305     -       51     53     80     612     -       61     -     612     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61     -     -     -     -       61				,	•			108	£ .	124	62	1	29 2	•		•				•	1,600
211     32     243     121     121     121       61     9     70     35     35         61     9     70     35          70     405     3165     3165          8     14     187     187          9     14     193     165           1     1,100     316             1     1,200     405                1     1,100     316 </td <td>211       32       243       121       121   </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, <u>1</u>2</td> <td>4 4</td> <td>5 E</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6 6</td>	211       32       243       121       121								, <u>1</u> 2	4 4	5 E						, .					6 6
11     47     388     358     .       256     384     2942     2591     .     .       162     24     187     .     .     .       2700     405     3105     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     108     .     .     .       18     14     109     .     .     .       18     14     109     .     .     .       18     14     109     .     .     .       18     14     109     .     .     .       10     14     11     .     .     .       11     11     11     .     .     .       11     12     .     .     .     .       11     12     .     .     .     .       11     12     .     .     . <t< td=""><td>162     24     187     187     358        162     24     187     187          163     3105     3105     3105           164     187     187             165     246     3105     3105             165     246     316   </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>211</td><td>32</td><td>243</td><td>121</td><td>•</td><td>121</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>3,120</td></t<>	162     24     187     187     358        162     24     187     187          163     3105     3105     3105           164     187     187             165     246     3105     3105             165     246     316				•			•	211	32	243	121	•	121	•	•					•	3,120
2589     384     2942     2591     351	162       24       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       187       188       18							٠.	FE 69	<b>₹</b> 00	g 2	35 33	. ,	. 8								906
162     24     187     187       2700     405     3105     3105       14     109     109       15     2416     109       17     2416     109       18     1486     11,256       109     1486       11     11,256     10,905       11     1310     1310       11     1310     1310       11     149     130       10     149     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140       10     140     140 <td>162     24     187     -       2700     405     3105     -     -       100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>2,558</td><td>384</td><td>2.942</td><td>2.591</td><td></td><td>351</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>·</td><td>,</td><td>37,827</td></t<></td>	162     24     187     -       2700     405     3105     -     -       100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100     -     -     -     -     -       1100 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>2,558</td><td>384</td><td>2.942</td><td>2.591</td><td></td><td>351</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>·</td><td>,</td><td>37,827</td></t<>			1			•		2,558	384	2.942	2.591		351			•		•	·	,	37,827
2700 405 3.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9	2.702     405     3.05     3.05       95     14     108     109       100     315     2415     351       100     315     351     351       100     315     351     351       100     315     351     351       11,91     1310     1310     1310       11,61     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       100     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310       11     1310     1310     1310								Ş	7	107	187					,					2.400
532     80     612     - <td< td=""><td>53     84     1756     109     -     &lt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2,700</td><td>405</td><td>3.105</td><td>3,105</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>٠</td><td>•</td><td></td></td<>	53     84     1756     109     -     <								2,700	405	3.105	3,105		•						٠	•	
532 80 612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612	532     80     612     612       612     612     612       7,648     765     8,413       8     2     8       9     2     8       70     71     71       71     71     71				•	ŧ	•		8 5	4 4	109	109 7.415	1	•			•					1.400
9,788     1,488     1,256     10,905     351	378       1,488       1,256       10,905       351       .								3 &	2 2	, 8	2 88				•				•		1,230
532     80     612     612       532     80     612     612       7648     765     8413     8413       1191     119     1310     1310       111     657     567     67       8     521     521       9     2     26       1601     240     1841       1841     1841	532     80     612     612        612      612         7648     871          8           9           9           710     71     781     781						•		9,788	1.468	11,256	10,905	•	351		•					•	73.753
		i		,	•				532	6	612	•	612	,	•	,	•			•		
				•	•				532	80	612	•	612		•					,	,	•
7.648 765 6413 8413	7,648 765 8413 8413				•		•		1,191	119	1,310	1,310	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
9 2 26 68 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521	9 2 26 68 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521			446					7,648	765	8,413	8,413 557						, ,				
2 2 2 8 4 4 45 619 12,378	2 2 6 8 45 45 619 12,378			453		•	•			89	524	521	•	•	٠	. ;				. !		
	710 71 781 781	. ,			σ '	, 2		98,	1,601	240	1,841	1.841				619				12,378		

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

		،				Off-Site		1	Tabel			Spent Fuel	Site			Clase R Class C		ي م وا	Processed	Craft	Contractor
Activity	Activity Description	Cost		Costs Costs			Costs	Costs Co	Contingency	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet C		Cu. Feet W		el.	Manhours
Period 1a P	Penod 1a Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																				
1a.4.8	Emergency Planning Fees	,					,	383	38	421		421					,		,		
12.4.9	FEMA Fees	,						210	35	242	242	. :					,	,	ı		
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M						,	9 6	217	862		798		•				•			. ,
	Indirect Overhead		r					2,47	37.1	3.472	3.477				•	•	•		•		102,634
	Security Staff Cost	•						3,013	3.601	27.608	27.608	. ,			•				•		436,206
2. 4. e.	Offility Staff Costs Subtotal Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs		669	6	, 2		92	41.989	5,989	48,913	47,630	1,283	•	•	619		•	,	12,378	21	538.840
1a.0	TOTAL PERIOD 1a COST	•	899	თ	2	,	8	52.309	7,537	60,782	58,535	1,895	351	•	619				12,378	21	612,593
PERIOD 16	PERIOD 1b - Decommissioning Preparations																				
Denod 1h	Period 1b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Detailed Wo	Detailed Work Procedures							į	:		Š		ţ								4 733
	Plant systems	1		,			•	320	4. 4 20 C	80 F	25.		3/	•					•		90
	NSSS Decontamination Flush				•	,	1	5 9	5 K	5 5	0,10					, ,					2,500
	Keactor Internate			•		•		3 2	41	51	<u> </u>	•	62						,	,	1,350
41.1.4	Kemaining buildings				. ,		. ,	- 89	ţ ţ	82	8 82	•					,		,		1,000
	CRD cooling assembly	•						8 8	9 9	28	82.	•	•	,					,	,	1,000
	Income posterimentation					•		8 8	9	92	82				,	,		•	,		1,000
10.1.	Description of the state of the							245	3.5	282	282	,	,	•	•	•		,		•	3,630
	Reactor vessel	•		, ,				£ 2	5 2	6	47	٠	47	•		,	•			,	1,200
_	Missile shields			•	,		,	30	ī	38	35	,	1	•				•			450
	Biological shield			,	,	•		<b>8</b>	12	93	93	•	,	•	•	•		,			1,200
	Steam generators		•	•	,	,		311	47	328	358										009,
15,1,1,13	Reinforced concrete	•	1	•				88	10	78	38		e ;	į	•						99.
	Main Turbine	•	,	•		1		90 5	16	121			121	•		,					8.5
	Main Condensers					•		5 5	9 9	17.	101		2 6						•	,	2.730
15.1.16	Auxiliary building	•				•		28.	87 86	212	191		27	1 1							2,730
16.1.1	Total					•		2,248	337	2,585	2,099	•	486	•					,		33,243
									į		į									190	
1b.1.2	Decon primary loop	501			•	•			520	751	751	•	•		•	,	i	,		8	•
19.1	Subtotal Period 1b Activity Costs	501	•	•			٠	2,248	288	3,337	2,850	•	486	•	•	,				1,067	33,243
Period 1b	Period 1b Additional Costs																				
1b.2.1	Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	•	•	•	,	•		9,407	1,411	10,819	10,819	1		,			1			. !	
15.2.2	Site Characterization	,	•	٠				2,927	878	3,805	3,805	•		•						19.100	7,852
1b.2	Subtotal Period 1b Additional Costs	•						12,334	2,289	14,624	14,624	•		,						2	700'/
Period 1b (	Period 1b Collateral Costs																				
15.3.1	Decon equipment	862	1	. 4		•			129	3 240	3 210				. 6	749			26.773	184	
16.3.2 16.3.2	Process iquid waste Small tool allowance	₹ .		3.	ğ,		7.931		0	) ) -	5 F				<u>;</u>	·					
1b.3.4	Pipe cutting equipment		1,000		٠	•		,	150	1,150	1,150		•	•		•		,			
15.3.5	Decon rig	1.400		•		•			210	1,610	1,610	•	i	•			•				
15.3.6	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer	, 292	100	, ¥	. 45		2 337	28.28	4 6	324 7 286	6.962	324			193	749			94,773	184	
5.0	Subtotal Period 10 Collateral Costs	767.7		3	3	•	5,7	Ę	3	2		į									
Period 1b i	Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs								,	;	7										
15.4.1	Decon supplies	27	,			,		. 5	- 2	4 5	¥ 5.	•		, ,	4 1						. ,
16.4.2	Insurance					, ,		2 742	274	3.016	3.016		•	•	,			,			
? •	riopeny laxes							! i	i	:											

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Figure 5 (per other of control of	Proof Disposital Control of the Cont	Activity Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport Costs	Off-Site Processing Costs	LLRW Disposal Costs	Other Costs C	Total Contingency	Total L Costs	NRC Lic. Term. N Costs	Spent Fuel Management Costs	Site Restoration Costs	Processed Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Burial Volumes Class B Class Cu. Feet Cu. Fe	U \$	GTCC Cu. Feet		Burial / Processed Wt, Lbs.	Burial / Processed Craft Wt, Lbs. Manhours	Burial / Processed Wt, Lbs.
Part	Have equiver time of the control of	(basisismos) stand Chambridge Chambridge				ı																	
Hart equipment triang of the control	Comparison   Com	Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs (continued) 1b.4.4 Health physics subplies	•	252	•				,	63	315	315	٠		,		,	•		•		•	
Decense of configuration of the configuration of th	December		•	232	. '	. '		, ;	,	35	792	267	1			. 750					7 285	7 285 12	7 285 12
Figure 1997	Main		•		٥	-		2	1640	246	188	1886	. ,			ξ,		, ,					
Fig. 7 Fi	Fig. 7 Fi				•		,	,	363	98	400	400	•	,	•			,				•	
Section   Sect	Figure 1		,	•	,	•	,		196	29	216	,	216	,		•		,					
Speri Chiefoldo M.  Ling Staff Card M.  Ling S	Particular   Par		٠	•	,	•	•	,	108	16	124	124	. !		•								
	1,500   1,70		•	•	•	,	•		384	29	442	, 6	442		•	•	•			, ,			
Distance	Substantial Protect Department Could be protected by a contract Could by a contract C		•						7,582	757	2 F	1,020			•								
Total Employ to Cost   Total Employ to Cost   Total Employ Emp	Unity State   Period Dependent Cache   27   464   6   1   15   2480   5471   2070   2080   657   2080   677   2080   587   2080   577   2080   587   2080   577   2080   587   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   577   2080   2		•			•			1,040	797	0//0	10,770	•						•				•
	Total Delication to Cost   Total Delication to		•	484	. "	, -		, <del>t</del>	24.852	3,641	29,027	28,369	657		•	364			•		7,285	7,285 12	
				1 405	G	191		2 353	30 746	7.678	54 273	52.806	8	486	٠	227	749		,		102.058	102.058 20.363	_
1170 ALE   1.1.   1.1	1170   1.5		8,0,7	0	8	<u>-</u>	•	706.7	2	5	2	30.4	9	}		•	<b>!</b>				į		
2.b. Lage Component Removal         2.b. Lage Component Removal Removal Removal Removal Removal Removal Removal Removal Remo	2.b. Lugge Component Removal         2.b. Lugge Component Removal Removal         2.b. Lugge Component Removal Removal Removal         2.b. Lugge Component Removal Remova	PERIOD 1 TOTALS	2,819		0,2	162		2,378	92.025	15,215	115,054	111,341	2.876	838	•	1,176	749		1		114,436	114,436 20,384	
Direct Decommissioning Activities         1284         21         47         234         244         1046         1046         1046         1289         1272 <t< td=""><td>  Direct Decommissioning Activities   Section 1988   Section Remarks   Section Remar</td><th>PERIOD 2a - Large Component Removal</th><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Direct Decommissioning Activities   Section 1988   Section Remarks   Section Remar	PERIOD 2a - Large Component Removal																					
Pacient Coular Paging   Pacient Paging   Pacient Coular Paging   Pacient Coular Paging   Pacient Paging	Reactor County Plant         255         154         21         4         1646         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,046         1,048	Period 2a Direct Decommissioning Activities																					
Restand Coults (Nethors)         205         154         21         47         384         244         (164         1789	Reaction Very State Ministry         205         154         21         47         234         1046         1046         1046         273         473         273         47																						
Presentation of the properties of the presentation of the presenta	Presentacion Clearle Fank Presentacion Clear	Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal	205		25	47	,	334		244	1046	1046	•	•	•	1.268			٠		153,369		
Research Coolant Pumpa & Motors         76         69         39         152         143         120         406         2084	Reactor Condant Pumpa & Moltos         76         66         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2064         2066         2069 <th< td=""><th></th><td>21</td><td></td><td></td><td>9</td><td>•</td><td>8</td><td>,</td><td>33</td><td>151</td><td>151</td><td>ı</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>272</td><td>,</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>30,174</td><td></td><td></td></th<>		21			9	•	8	,	33	151	151	ı	•	•	272	,		•		30,174		
Steam Generation         39         46         3851         129         774         279         167         167         167         168         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2480         2481         642         2480         2481         2482         2481 <th< td=""><td>Persistance and the persistance and the persis</td><th></th><td>92</td><td></td><td>39</td><td>152</td><td>143</td><td>1,210</td><td></td><td>406</td><td>2,094</td><td>2,094</td><td>•</td><td>,</td><td>272</td><td>4.708</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>888,360</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Persistance and the persis		92		39	152	143	1,210		406	2,094	2,094	•	,	272	4.708			•		888,360		
Steam Control Steam C	Steam Generators         329         2 66B         2 389         1,038         2,281         8 542         3 369         2 08 50         2 1553         1515 <th< td=""><th></th><td>33</td><td></td><td>351</td><td>129</td><td></td><td>774</td><td></td><td>279</td><td>1.617</td><td>1,617</td><td></td><td></td><td>. :</td><td>2.490</td><td>ı</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>6/0'0/</td><td></td><td></td></th<>		33		351	129		774		279	1.617	1,617			. :	2.490	ı			•	6/0'0/		
Reactor Vassel Internals	CROMACING/Service Structure Removal   1		329		2,369	1,038	2,281	8,542	•	3,686	20,850	20,850	1		21,655	15,151				Ní C	2,268,503		
Feator Vascel Internal   14	CRUSTIGNESS FINATION REPORTS         147         6,672         190         1,67         2,87 <t< td=""><th></th><td>. ;</td><td></td><td>2,369</td><td>1,038</td><td>2,281</td><td>8,542</td><td></td><td>2,870</td><td>00 s</td><td>001 /1</td><td>ı</td><td>•</td><td>CD .</td><td>FCF , CF</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Ą</td><td>2,463,378 86,603</td><td>A6.603 5.001</td><td></td></t<>		. ;		2,369	1,038	2,281	8,542		2,870	00 s	001 /1	ı	•	CD .	FCF , CF				Ą	2,463,378 86,603	A6.603 5.001	
National Color Sets Interest   National Color Sets   National Co	Reaction Vessel Internals         7.5         5.291         10.06         2.4         10.06         2.4         2.7         2.777		74.			9 7	•	6 4	, 043	7 130	23.873	23.873			•	2.754	683	459			341,105		
1,021   11,096   13,692   3,167   4,706   36,137   487   24,462   94,970	1		<b>7</b> 2			243	. ,	10.026	243	9.632	27.272	27,277		•	,	6,320	2,254	١.			937,367		
Main Turbine/Generator   Main Turbine Building   Main Team Displayers   Main Turbine Building   M	Main Turbue/Generator   Associated   Assoc		1,021			3,167	4,706	36,137	487	24,462	94.970	94.970	٠	•	44,032	52,037	2,937	429		7	7,240,938		
Main Turbine/Generator         389         2.507         2.507         4.756         2.652           Main Turbine/Generator         1,274         160         81         733         419         562         3.259         7.274         2.145           Main Condensers         1,274         160         81         733         419         562         3.259         7.274         2.145           Treactor         308         20         2         2.23         2.23         2.22         2.275         2.24         2.145         2.145           A B - Few function and Muchanical Equipment         5         2         4         187         188         188         188         18	Main Turbine/Generator         389         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         2507         274         2145         2628         2507         2507         274         2145 </td <th>Removal of Major Equipment</th> <td></td> <td>;</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Removal of Major Equipment																			;		
Main Condensers         12/4         160         81         733         419         302         3223         323	Main Condensers         Main Condensers         1.274         160         81         7.33         419         36.25         3.22         3.23         3		•	380		8 3	900	488		389	2,507	2,507	,		4.726	2.632					637,812	537,812 9,495	
Second Part	Pocks from Clean Buikding Demolition  Reactor  Routs Building  Reactor  Rea		1	1.2/4		50	55/	4		700	3.223	3,423	•	•	7.7	<u>}</u>					5		
Reaction         308         -         40         353         353         353         455 </td <td>Reaction         308         -         40         353         353         -         -         -         40         353         353         -</td> <th>Cascading Costs from Clean Building Demoiftion</th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>i</td> <td>ě</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4 509</td> <td>4 500</td>	Reaction         308         -         40         353         353         -         -         -         40         353         353         -	Cascading Costs from Clean Building Demoiftion								,	i	ě										4 509	4 500
Auxiliary Steam Rode S	Auxiliary Selem RoA 4 9 5 4 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187		•	308	•	,	•	,		ą,	200	င် င်			•	,	•	•				200	500't
Auxiliary Steam RCA Auxiliary Steam RCA Auxiliary Steam RCA Auxiliary Steam RCA Backwash RCA Backwash RCA RCA Backwash RCA	State   Containment   State		•	S 5	•					24.5	187	187					•				,		
Main Steam Dog/bouses         91         104         105         20         225         125         225         225         225         225         225         225         225         225         226         229         219         219         219         219         214         224         227         224         227         224         227         224         227	Main Steam Doglouses         91         14         104			20.00	,	•		,		· -	ø	9		•	•	,			,				
1	Turbine Building 282 - 4 325 325 - 7 1 1 2 4 3 1 3 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		,	9.	•	•	•	,	٠	4	5	104		•	•	1	•		,				
Lugber Head Injection Tank Building         4         -         -         5         -	Upper Head Injection Tank Building         4         -         -         -         5         -		,	282	,		,		,	42	325	325	,	•	,			,			,		
Telle Building	Total Building   12   12   13   1097   109		1	4		•	ı			<del>-</del> !	n i	ro (	1		•			,	•				
Louis         Color line         36         219         -	Aux Bidgo Transis Steams Aux Bidgo Transis Steams S		•	8 %	•		. 1			143	1097	1 097	. ,								. ,	14.497	·
of Plant Systems         80         1         3         99         36         219         219         -	Auxiliary Setzen RoA		•	r S	•					2	ğ	3											
Auxiliary Feathwalet 226 12 24 927 200 1390 1390 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 13	Auxiliary Seleva Market Screen Backwash 252 24 927 200 1,390	70	1	e e	-	r.	8			98	219	219	1		1,094			•	•		44,411		
Auxiliary Steam 13	13   14   15   14   17   14   17   14   17   14   17   14   17   17			226		24	927	•		200	1,390	1,390	,	•	10,186				•		413,660	413,660 5,480	
Auxiliary Steam RCA 45 279 279 6 70 6 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	Auxiliary Steam RCA . 96 2 4 133 45 279 279		•	13	•			,	,	2	4	•	ı	4	•	•		,	•				
CCW Inlake Soren Backwash 5 6 6 6 6 9 9 9	CCW Inlake Screen Backwash - 5 5 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - 6		•	8		4	133	٠	,	45	279	279	•	•	1.467	•	,		٠		29,568		
CO2 Gen Purge - 8 9	COZ Gen Purge - 8 9 9 Condensate - 350 52 402 402		•	S		•	,			-	g		,	9	1			•			•		
	Condensate - 350 52 402 402		•	•			,	•		-;	6	•		on §	•	•		,			•		

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						Off-Site	LLRW			NRC		Spent Fuel	Site Pro	Processed	ľ	ıšı	ш		4	Utility and
Activity	Activity Description	Cost	Cost	rackaging Costs	Costs		- 1	Costs Contin	Contingency	Costs Co.			ı		Cu. Feet Cu.	Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	net Cu. Feet	et Wt, Lbs.	ž	
100000	(becoming the District County of the County																			
2a 1 5 8	Condensate Storage	٠	19	,					o	70	,	,	02	,	•	,	•	•	1,737	
	Condenser Cleaning		38						9	44	,	,	4				,	•	1,12	,
_	Condenser Steam Air Elector	•	32	,					ĸ	37	•		37	,		•	•	•		
	Containment Spray/Valve Inj Water	,	212	4	80	308			101	634	634		•	3.389	•			137,648	~	
	Convent LP Service Water		06	•		•			13	103			103					•	2,69	
2a.1.5.13 (	Conventional Chemical Addition	٠	80	٠	•				-	თ			o		,			, ;		
	Conventional Chemical Addition RCA	•	13	0	0	9			ഹ	78	28		. :	109			•	4.42		•
2a.1.5.15	DG Engine Cooling Water	•	92				•		m	20		,	8					•	X ;	,
	DG Engine Fuel Oil	•	63					,	თ	72			2			,		•	1,75	,
2a.1.5.17	DG Engine Lube Oil		27	•					4	31		•	<del>.</del>					•	26	
2a.1.5.18	DG Engine Starting Air		33	1					S	38		,	98			,		•		
2a.1.5.19 [	DG Room Sump Pump	٠	9			•		,	-	^			7					•	- 6	,
	FDWP Condensate Seal		20			4			m	23			2 2			1		•	8 5	,
2a.1.5.21 F	Feedwater		5		•	,			œ ·	28			90					•	, ,	
	Feedwater Lube & Hydraulic Oil	•	13	•		,			7	5	į		ŧ	,				•	4.	
2a.1.5.23 F	Feedwater Pump Turbine Steam Seal	•	3	,					0	ო			m					1 1		,
2a.1.5.24 F	Feedwater RCA	1	78	e	7	249		•	28	396	386			2,742			•	111,34	<b>5</b> 0	
2a.1.5.25 (	Generator Hydrogen		2			,	•		+	80			80					•	2.5	
2a.1.5.26 (	Generator Seal Oil		10				,		-	F			Ξ	,	•			•	E .	
2a.1.5.27	Heater Bleed Steam	•	33						2	38	,		38					•	86	
2a.1.5.28	Heater Drains	•	128						49	147			147				•	•	3,85	
2a.1.5.29	Heater Relief Valve	•	19				•	•	e	52			23	,	•			•	25	o
2a.1.5.30	Heater Vent	•	17		•				က	20			20	•				•	3	
	MN Turbine Lube Oil & Purification	,	37						9	<del>.</del>			<b>4</b>					•	5.	
	Main Steam	•	4					•	5	17			- 1					•	4 6	•
	Main Steam Bypass to Condenser		56					,	4	8	•		. 3G	•		,	•	•		4 (
	Main Steam Leakoff & Steam Seal	•	œ.			,		•	- !	o i	. !		on	. ;				' ?		,
	Main Steam RCA	1	8	•	-	3			£ ;	97	/6 6	,	•	4 5	,			72,12/		
	Main Steam Vent	•	119	m	œ	230			ç,	423	574		. •	676,7		,		0,701		
	Miscellaneous Equipment		- 1		•				<b>&gt;</b> •	- u			- u						Ţ	
	Moisture Separator Reheater Bid Steam	•	n ;					,	۶ -	99			, i						4	,
28.1.5.39	Moisture Separator Reneater Drain		<u>‡</u> ‡			, ¥			<b>1</b> -	§ 4	. 6		3 ,	174			•	2,060		,
	SC VVet Layup Redictions		ē Ķ	,	,	2			. 4	, e	٠.		28				•			
	on supply to Aux Equipment DOA		g a			σ			. 4	22	22		١.	9			•	4,077		
	Standby Shitdown Diesel		o m	٠,	,	,			0	6	١.	,	က		,			•		4
	Steam Generator Blowdown Recycle	•	280	28	47	573	218		220	1.367	1,367			6,304	1,114		•	355,792		9
	Steam Supply to FW Pump Turbine	•	24		,		,		4	58			28	,	•		•		2	
	Turbine Crossover	•	6					ı	0	4			4		•			•	102	2
	Turbine Exhaust	•	2	,					0	7			7						~ }	4.
2a.1.5.48	Turbine Hydraulic Oil	,	10			•				7		,	=	. :						
2a.1.5	Totals	•	2.511	55	101	2,609	218		928	6.454	4.898		1,556	28.685	1,114			1,254,574		
2816	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning		761	12	m	02	80		204	1.059	1,059			694	43			35,088	88 23,823	63
	B		•	!																
2a.1	Subtotal Period 2a Activity Costs	1.021	16,979	14,435	3,387	9,018	37,270	487	26,719 10	109,315	652,759		1,556	85,410	57,971	2,937	459	9,698,283	83 268,579	9 6,352
Period 2a C	Period 2a Collateral Costs																			
	Process liquid waste	67		27	92	,	119			367	367	•	•		458			. 27,481		- 68
	Small tool allowance	•	194			•				223	200		23							•
	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer	•	•		,		,	906		1.042		1.042		,						•
2a.3.4	Survey and Release of Scrap Metal			. !	, 1		. ;	676	ē ;	777	111	, ,	, 8		, 9					
2a.3	Subtotal Period 2a Collateral Costs	67	<u>76</u>	27	9/		119	1,582		2.409	344	7,042	7		436					

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						Off-Cite	WG I I				ı		e ije	Processed		Burial Volu	umes	l	Burial /	5	ity and
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport F Costs	sts	Disposal Costs	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Costs	Lic. Term. Costs	Management Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B cu. Feet (	lass C J. Feet	GTCC P Cu. Feet 1	Processed Wt., Lbs. Ma	Craft Co Manhours Ma	Contractor Manhours
9						ı															
2a.4.1 D	Period za Period-Dependent Costs 2a.4.1 Decon supplies	98			٠				2	107	107	•					•				
	Insurance			,	,	ı	•	843	84	927	927					•	•		•		
	Property taxes	•		•				8.284	828	9,113	8,202		F18								
2a.4.4 H	Health physics supplies		1,816						120	4.058	2,2,2 4,058										
	neavy equipment remain Disposal of DAW generated			. 02	13				88	33.5	335				4.624		,	•	92,471	35	
	Plant energy budget	•	•		٠,	1		2,466	370	2.836	2,836			•			•	•			
	NRC Fees	,	•	•				1,073	107	1,180	1,180	•	•	•							
	Emergency Planning Fees	,	•		,			621	62	683	1	683	į	1							
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M	•	,	,	•			1,215	182	1,397		1,397									1
	Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services			•	•	•		306	46	352	352		,	•		,	1		,		
	Indirect Overhead					•		3,996	299	4,596	4,596	,	•	•	,						
	Security Staff Cost	•	•	,	1			3,812	572	4,383	4,383			•		•					009.621
2a.4.14 U	Utility Staff Cost Subtotal Pariod 2a Pariod Denendant Costs	, ¥	5 346	۶.	, 5		, 182	40,348 62.963	6,052 9,966	46,400 78,639	75.647	2.080	941		4.624				92.471	156	831,300
	Subtotal Period Za Period-Dependent Costs	8	5	2	2	•		25.30	3		1	200	5						į	į	!
2a.0 T	TOTAL PERIOD 2a COST	1,174	22.519	14,532	3,476	9,018	37.584	65,032	37,029	190,362	184,751	3,122	2,489	85,410	63,052	2,937	459		9,818,235	268.825	837,652
PERIOD 26	PERIOD 2b - Site Decontamination																				
i i																					
Period Zb U	Period 2b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Disposal of	Disposal of Plant Systems																				
2b.1.1.1 A	Annulus Ventilation		8	2	4	109	თ		<b>58</b>	188	188		•	1,203	48		,		53,191	118	
	Aux & RB Heating Water	•	429	S	5	362	,	,	164	696	696		•	3.980		,	٠		161,630	9,838	
2b.1.1.3 A	Aux Bldg Ventilation			F	20	403	99	,	125	108	108	٠		4,430	340	•	,		210,383	4,312	
2b.1.1.4 B	Boron Recycle	362	373	29	33	284	215		379	1,681	1,681		,	3,121	1,261				225,201	17,220	٠
	Boron Thermal Regeneration	191		24	æ	103	223		240	1,078	1,078		•	1,132	1,143	,			148,472	699'6	
	Chemical & Volume Control	929	•	119	157	279	1,019		800	3,619	3,619			3,070	5,314				592,074	20,000	,
	Component Cooling	•	400	. '	1	. ?			4 0	80.	. 5		9	2.413					138 588	3.583	
201.1.8	Component Cooling RCA	•	80	*	0	0.5			8 7	107	8		107	2 F					900'001	2,774	•
_	Cont Air Release & Addition		8	2		2	20	•	. 6	\$	104			235	102				18,645	2967	,
	Cont Air Return Ex & H2 Skimmer	٠	95	9	5	87	53	٠	25	303	303		•	955	270				63,011	2,421	
	Cont CRD, & ICI Room Vent	•	98	Ξ	8	228	83		83	519	519		•	2.502	474		,		144,102	2,170	•
	Cont Water Sample & Purge	ţ	on t	0	0	-	2		m •	₹ (	15		, 8	9	9				607'L	23/	
26.1.1.14	Containment Chilled Water	•	C a	, '	, "	428			3.7	87 8	238	, ,	67 ,	1407				. ,	57 124	1636	
	Containment Duras Mentilation	, ,	3 5	4 1	, 70	430	401	. ,	139	9	068		•	4 824	532		•		243,596	4,226	
	Conventional Sampling	•	332	24	2	4	157		134	712	712	ı	,	456	803		,		90,449	8,357	
2b.1.1.18 C	Diesel Bldg Ventilation		80			,			-	6		•	m						,	243	
	Electrical (clean)		2,300	•					345	2,645			2,645	•		,	,		. !	64,849	
1.1.20	Electrical (contaminated)		929		88	290	273		586	1,579	1,579			3,192	1,394	•	•		254,729	16,365	,
	Electrical (contaminated) RCA	•	4.037	_	129	4.874	. :		-786 -26	10,871	10,871		•	53,582	. 8	,	1		2,1/5,984	975.79	
	Equipment Decon			2	2	23	F		4	£ 4	83	,	۶	667	8				ZIC.CI	9	
	Fire Protection		8 5		. '	, ?		,	ս ե	04 6			₽	1 0					116 405	9.45	,
20.1.1.24 P	Fire Protection RCA	•	142	2	۶ -	6 5			966	100	100		•	2,003					346,098	11,005	
	between Air		180	2	3				8,0	21.0	5		218		•					6.048	,
	Instrument Air RCA		649	,	4	515	•		242	1.427	1.427	•		5,663					229,971	14,768	
	Ligard Waste Recycle	699		79	105	193	679	,	763	3,313	3,313	•		2.118	3.681	•			397,696	34,293	
_	Miscellaneous Ventilation			,	•	•			7	5		•	51	•	•				,	1,466	
_	Nuclear Sampling	٠	270	17	16	52	107	,	102	539	539	•	•	275	220	,			60,389	6,926	
_	Nuclear Service Water		63						<b>о</b>	2.	1	•	2,							969	
_	Nuclear Service Water Pump Vent	•	-						0	- !	. !	•	-	. ;		,			, ,	8 9	
2b.1.1.33	Nuclear Service Water RCA		473	4	28	1,060			283	1.857	1.857	•	•	11,651			,		4/3,134	409	

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Costs   Cost							200	PAN I				ı			100000		Burial Volumes	- Lucie	ľ	Rurial /	1	lity and
Part of part of the control of the	Activity	A nethoday Dance and addition	Decon			Ē	ocessing			Total					•	1 -	1	ر د د	GTCC Pro	<b>B</b> .	Craft Co	Contractor
Partic Symmetry Charles State	NG A	ACUAITY Describuon	1600	55	I	2000	ı	ı	ı	THE PRINCY	ı	l		2000	1		ı	ı			ı	
Secretary Control of the Control of Secretary Contr	Disposal of	Plant Systems (continued)																				
According to According to Sept. 14 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	2b.1.1.34 F	Reactor Coolant		1.1	2	38	83	245		109	809	909	,	•	915	1,252	,			149,507	2,867	
Secretariant Reference of the Secret		Refueling Water		306	14	55	409	8		163	993	993			4,494	443	,				7.716	
The protection of the protecti		Residual Heat Removal	140	140	20	59	4	187	,	164	723	723	,		484	926	,				4,883	
The Manufactor Manufactor (1988) 14,282 622 617 11,789 11,		Safety Injection		390	20	88	420	281	,	327	1.885	1,885		, ;	4,619	3,025					4000	
Accompany of section and study control decompassion of the section		Turbine Building Ventilation	, 00	96	, 8			. ;		14	108	27.00		108	120 275	. 52				7 145 543	3,003	
Subtributing in support of teacminessaming 4.0 Sept. 4.1 Sept. 6.1		1 otals	388	14.282	709	/16	99/11	<b>4</b> .12 <b>4</b>		#07:	£.	37,530		3,388	0/6/87	000,12					200,750	
Active biladery  Light State biladery  Ligh State biladery  Ligh State Stat		Scaffolding in support of decommissioning		951	16	4	87	£		256	1,324	1,324	,		867	54	,	1		43,860	29,778	•
Procession   Pro	rimetacoo.	Security Control of the security of the securi																				
Contaminate Businest Equipment   28   28   28   28   28   28   28   2	2b.1.3.1	Reactor	1,038	811	130	246	864	857		1,116	5.062	5,062	ı	1	9,498	7,103	,		,	1,057,322	42,696	
Second Equipment Seco		Auxiliary Building	496	288	54	112	8	164		396	1,596	1,596			943	3,156	,	,		351,577	18,480	
Retinaci Placity         334         44         13         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         17         34         44         35         1287         1587         1587         1587         1587         1587         4584         884         884         140,884         1588         140,884		Containment Mechanical Equipment	22	19	7	'n	F	7	i	50	98	88	,	•	122	128				17,327	296	
Contact Decomposition   Cont		Retired Steam Generator Facility	¥ 5	4 (	- 5	- 5	. 3	7 5		18	23	29			10 660	36		•	,	3,600	959	
2. Colativa City State		lotaks	.000 .000	1,123	10	304	Ē	870.		nee'l	60.0	500	,	•	10.362	674.0				.469,063	2	
20 Colleted Cotable of Coultier Cotable of Coultier Cotable of Cot		Subtotal Period 2b Activity Costs	3,577	16,356	804	1,285	12,817	5,163		690'6	49.072	45.684		3,388	140,804	32,133				8.619,228	490,682	
State   Contact   Contac	0 40	of the state of th																				
Specified Contained Contai	9	Collateral Costs	*00		ğ	553		1 277		503	2 7.48	2.748		,	,	3.282	,		,	204 100	640	
Supplied Translated Coath State Coather Coathe		Process liquid waste	40	333	<u></u>	222	, ,	117		5 5	383	383				3.202				661,167	ξ,	
Succial Packes of Scrap Metal Subtrail Packes of Scrap Metal Subtrail Packes of Scrap Metal Subtrail Packes Su		Smart Enal Contains and Transfer		9					1 223	181	46	3	1406							•	,	
Subtorial Period 2b Collateral Costs  Subtorial Period 2b Collateral C		Succession Release of Street Metal				. ,	. ,	, ,	845	127	27.5	971	3	•		•		,	,			,
2D Period-Deprinent Costs         806         2.27.7         1.728         1.728         1.008         1.008         1.008         1.008         1.241         1.2		Subtotal Period 2b Collateral Costs	204	333	191	553		1,277	2,067	883	5,508	4,102	1,406	ı	•	3,282				294,199	640	
Decincial papered Casis		4																				
112   124	2b 4 1	Jenod-Dependent Costs Decon supplies	808	,	,	,				202	1.008	1.008							,	,		•
Properly lases 4 bits by Loader I broader I broader I between supplies 1 and 1		Insurance	} ,	,					1,128	113	1.241	1.241	٠		٠		٠	,	,	•		
Hearth physics supplies 12877 719 3.597 3.		Property taxes	,	,			•		7,851	785	8.636	8,636	•	,	i	•				,		
Heavy departed the fall by the control becomes a control become of the control becomes of t		Health physics supplies		2.877	,	,			ı	719	3,597	3,597			•	,						٠
Disposal of Dispos		Heavy equipment rental	,	3.380					,	202	3,887	3,887				. !		,	,	. !	. ;	•
NET Fire Fire Produced From Fire Produced From Fire Produced From Fire Produced From From From From From From From From		Disposal of DAW generated			56	£			, 60	5	5,473	2,005	•	•	,	9759	•			130,526	7	
Emigracies Signature Float Sam Float		Plant energy budget	•						1,004	144	2,335 1,578	1,579			, ,	, ,				. ,		
Sperify Lue Pool O&M   Sperify Lue Short Services   Specify Lue Sho		Emergency Planning Faces	' '	, ,					830	E	576		913							,		
Redwinked processing Equipment/Services         409         61         470		Spent Fuel Pool O&M			,	•			1,626	244	1,870		1.870	,	j	,	•			,	•	•
Indication   Project   P		Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services	,						409	19	470	470	,	,	•		•		1			•
Security Start Cost		Indirect Overhead	,	,				,	3,800	570	4,371	4,371		,	•	•			,			
Utility Staff Cost Subtract Costs		Security Staff Cost		,	,	•			5,099	765	5,864	5,864			,							168,297
D 2 c - Delay before Wet Finel Storage Decontamination  2 c Direct Decominisation Activities  3 c Direct Decominisation Activities  4 c Direct Decominisation Activities  5 c Direct Decominisation Activities  5 c Direct Decominisation Activities  6 c Direct Decominisation Activities  7 c Direct Decominisation Activities  8 c Direct Decominisation Activities  9 c Direct Dec		Utility Staff Cost Subtotal Period 2b Period-Dependent Costs	806	6.257	, 66	, 8			37,578	10.301	80,118	43,215	2,783			6,526				130,526	, <u>2</u>	839,211
ToTAL PERIOD 26 COST 4,588 22,946 1,094 1,855 12,817 6,715 64,429 20,294 1,94,698 1,27,121 4,189 3,388 140,804  D 2c - Delay before Wet Fuel Springe Decontamination  2c Direct Decommissioning Adminies  2c Collected Costs Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtrait Period 2c Collected Costs Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtrait Decomposition Costs Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtrait Period 2c Collected Costs Fuel Capital and Transfer Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Fuel Capital and Transfer Spent Fuel			i							į		!	•			;			•			,
2c Direct Decommessioning Activities 2c Collected Costs Sperif Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtidiated Costs Sperif Fuel Capital and Transfer Sperif Fuel C		TOTAL PERIOD 26 COST	4,588	22.946	1.094	1855	12,817		64,429	20.254	134,698	127,121	4,189	3,388	140,804	196			,	9,043,952	24.124.3 24.2	177.859 177.859
2c Direct Decommessioning Activities 2c Collateral Costs Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtist Period 2c Collateral Costs 2c Period-Dependent Costs T2 55/4 T27 55/	PERIOD 26	c - Delay before Wet Fuel Storage Decontaminatic	Ĕ																			
2c Collateral Costs Sperif Fuel Captal and Transfer Subtotal Period 2c Collateral Costs Subtotal Period 2c Collateral Costs 2c Period 2c Collateral Costs CP Period 2c Collateral Costs Property axes Frozer Health physics supplies Frozer Costs Frozer Frozer Costs Frozer Frozer Frozer Costs Frozer F	Period 2c E	Orest Decommissioning Activities																				
2c Collateral Costs Sperif Vel Capital and Transfer		8																				
2 Period-Dependent Costs       3.350       3.35       3.684          Insurance        4.57       4.53       4.980          Property taxes         4.57       4.53       4.980          Health physics supplies          15.3       7.67	<b>d</b> 2c (	Collateral Costs Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtotal Period 2c Collateral Costs	1 1				1 1	, ,	4,847	727 727	5,574 5,574		5,574 5,574		, ,	, ,	1.1					
Architectual Costs     335     3684       Architectual Costs     -     -     4527     453     4980       Property taxes     -     -     -     4527     453     4980       Health physics supplies     -     -     -     -     153     767		6																				
neam physics supplies	27	Period-Dependent Costs Insurance Property taxes		8			1 1	1 1	3,350 4,527	335	3.684	1 1	3.684 4,980		, .		4 1 1				1 1 1	• • •
		nearn physics supplies	,	<u>.</u>			,	ı	,	3	ē	•	ě		•	1	•			ı		

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		Decon	Removal	Packaging T	ransport Pro		LLRW Disposed Of		Total		NRC S Lic. Term. M	Spent Fuel Management R		Processed Volume (	Class A C		ျပ	١,			Utility and Contractor
Index	Activity Description	Cost			Costs	Costs C	- 1	Costs Conti	Contingency	Costs	- 1		Costs	- 1		Cu. Feet Cu	Cu. Feet Cu.	Cu. Feet Wt, Lbs.	Lbs. Manhours		Pours
Period 2c.	Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																				
2c.4.4	Disposal of DAW generated		•	12	2	,	æ	,	9	89	,	28	٠		817				16,345	82	
2c.4.5	Plant energy budget					,		2,063	309	2,372	·	2,372	,								
20.4.7	Emergency Planning Fees		, ,					2.466	247	2.712		2.712		,	•						,
2c.4.8	Spent Fuel Pool O&M		,	,	,	,		4.828	724	5,552	•	5,552	•	•	•		,	,	•		,
2c.4.9	Indirect Overhead		,					2,219		2.552		2,552	,	,	,	,		•			
2c.4.10	Security Staff Cost		,		,	,		1.859		13,638	•	13,638									95,126
20.4.11	Utility Staff Cost		, ,	, <del>?</del>	, (	,		1,938		25,229		25,229			. 0				16 345	, c	391,749
<b>t</b>	Subtotal region ac region-Dependent Costs		5	ž	٧			Ž.		Š		05,013			ŝ	,			2		5
2c.0	TOTAL PERIOD 2c COST		614	12	2		34	59,277	8,479	68,419		68,419	1	•	817				16,345	28 7	786,874
PERIOD 2	PERIOD 2d - Decontamination Following Wet Fuel Storage																				
Donal 74	Control of the Contro																				
2d.1.1	LURECT DECORPRISES OF THE PROPERTY REMOVE SPENT FILE TRACKS	338	35	130	76	,	518	,	332	1,429	1,429	1	ı	•	2.648	•	•	- 23	237,562	1,033	
Disposal c	Disposal of Plant Systems			1	:										!			,			
2d.1.2.1	FHB Ventilation Spent Fuel Cooling	. 141	99 195	s †	23 9	Z 3	147		5 <u>1</u>	759	759			700	9 K				129,937 96,033	7,333	
2d.1.2	Totals	141	263	52	33	335	166		236	1,197	1,197			3,685	851	,		· 83		963	
Decontam	~=																				
2d.1.3.1 2d.1.3	Fuel Building Totals	757 757	841 841	17	33	3 <b>0</b> 8	6 6 8		654 654	2,657 2,657	2,657 2,657			3,393	702 202			88	206,307 37 206,307 37	37,679 37,679	
26.1.4	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning	,	190	3	-	17	7		51	265	265		•	173	£	,	ı		8,772	5,956	
2	Start O Winday to being Distriction	1 237	1 330	£	141	133	735		1 272	5 5.4B	5.548	ļ	,	7 254	4212		ı	7.5	678 F11 5	53.630	
- 70	Subjoid refloa da Acivity Cosis	1.237	0000	7/-	<u> </u>	8	66		717	9	or c	,	,	3	717.4	•	,			000	
Period 2d 2d.2.1 2d.2	Penod 2d Additional Costs 2d 2.1 License Termination Survey Program Management 2d 2 Subtotal Penod 2d Additional Costs			1 1				616 616	185 185	801 108	108	, ,			1.1			1 1			6,240 6,240
Period 2d	Period 2d Collateral Costs 2d 3 1 Process final waste	150	,	27	210		98	,	210	1 020	1 020		,		1 262	,	,	,	84 437	246	
20.3.2	Small tool allowance	3 ,	46	? .	? '	•	3.			25	25	,	,			,			! .	: .	
2d,3,3	Decommissioning Equipment Disposition	,	1	107	30	909	٤	1	124	940	940	. :		6.000	373			3	303,507	88	
2d.3.4 2d.3.5	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Survey and Release of Scrap Metal						, ,	285 169	25	5 35 194	194	- 232		٠.							
2d.3	Subtotal Period 2d Collateral Costs	129	49	181	241	909	439	373	397	2.441	2,206	235		9'000	1.635				387,939	334	
Period 2d	Period 2d Period-Dependent Costs	97							37	187	187	,		,	,		ı			į	
20.4.2	Insurance	?,						188	5 6	207	202	•	•			•		,	,	,	,
2d.4.3	Property taxes	•	. 5	,	,			9	- 9	F \$	= {	•		•						,	
2d.4.5	nearn physics supplies Heavy equipment rental	, ,	352 783	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	. ,	17 8	9 6	9 5								. ,		. ,
2d.4.6	Disposal of DAW generated	٠	3.	50	4		18		12	26	76			٠	1.337		•	,	6,749	45	
20.4.7	Plant energy budget	•	,	,	,	•	į	232	8 8	267	767	•	•			,		,			•
20 4 9	Finements Planning Fees		, ,	, ,	. ,	, ,		139	7 7	£ £	<b>t</b> ,	. 153									, ,
2d.4.10	Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services			,	,	,	,	137	21	157	157	,	•	,	,		,				
2d.4.11	Indirect Overhead			i .	ι.	,	,	394	59	453	453	•									2 770
20.4.13	Jeturity Staff Cost Utility Staff Cost			, ,		, ,	, ,	3.860	579	4.439	4.439										69,540

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						-10	200				ı					1			, 1-1-1-0		1000
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal F	Packaging 7 Costs	Transport Pr Costs	9	_	Other	Total	Total L	Lic. Term. W	Management F Costs	Ę.,		Class A C	Class B Cl	0 5	GTCC Pro	ᇃ.	Craff Co	Contractor
24.4	Subtotal Period 2d Period-Dependent Costs	149	1.135	20	4	١.		١ ـ	1.081	8.114	7.961	153	,	ı		1			۵		63,319
3	TOO TO GOIGNA INTO	1 546	0.540	57.6	300	200	50	999	360 6	100	10 540	900		50.00	7 404				200	000	90 550
PERIO	PERIOD 2 - 1 Irense Termination	Š		ŝ	3	3	3	8	3	į.	2	9		2	<u>.</u>	ı				3	8
Period 2e 2e.1.1	Period 2e Direct Decommissioning Activities 2e.1.1 ORISE confirmatory survey		•					150	45	195	195	•		٠	,		ı	1	•		•
2e.1.2 2e.1	Terminate license Subtotal Period 2e Activity Costs			•				150	45	195 195	195	•	,	,							•
Period 2e 2e.2.1 2e.2	Period 2e Additional Costs 2e.2.1 License Fermination Survey 2e.2 Subtotal Period 2e Additional Costs			1 1		1 1		8,246 8,246	2,474	10,720 10,720	10,720									197,878 197,878	3,120
Period 2e 2e.3.1 2e.3	Period 2e Collateral Costs 2e.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 2e.3 Subtotal Period 2e Collateral Costs	, ,					1 1	88	£ £	86 86 86	1 1	<b>8</b> 6 86	1 1	1 1		1 1					1 1
Period 2e	Period 2e Period-Dependent Costs 2e 4 1 Insurance							359	96	395	395	,								,	1
2e.4.2	Property taxes		• }		•	•		8	7	23	8	•				•		,	•	,	•
2e.4.3	Health physics supplies Disnosal of DAW generated		1,054			• 1	٠ 5		264	1,318	1,318	• •			315				. 9	۶,	
2e.4.5	Plant energy budget			,			! ,	240	· 8 8	276	276	•		•	? ,	٠			,		
28.4.5 28.4.7	Fine control of the c							38.	3 4	6 4	66.	. 44									
2e.4.8	Indirect Overhead			,			,	392	S.	450	450			,		,		,			
2e.4.9	Security Staff Cost Utility Staff Cost		1 1					955 4,060	609	4.669	1,098	. ,		. ,							27,893 69,143
2e.4	Subtotal Period 2e Period-Dependent Costs		1,054	5	-		5	6,594	1,209	8.877	8,835	4			315			,	6,299	=	92,036
2e.0	TOTAL PERIOD 2e COST	1	1.054	s	-		13	15.076	3,741	19,889	19,750	140		•	315	,			6,299	197,889	100,156
PERIOD	PERIOD 2 TOTALS	7.306	49.643	16.017	5,720	23,101	45,577 2	210.472	72.438	430,273	348,138	76,257	5.878	239,465	113,310	2.937	459	. 19.	19,978,130 1	1,012,293	2,653,452
PERIOD	PERIOD 3b - Site Restoration																				
Period 3b	Period 3b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Demolition 3h 1 1 1	Demolition of Remaining Site Buildings		2 784	,	,				717	3 198			3 198							40 693	
3b.1.1.2			185		,				58	212		•	212							2.750	
35.1.1.3	Auxiliary Building Containment Mechanical Fornment		1.468		, ,				220	1,688			1,688							21,564	. ,
3b.1.1.5		1	1,988						298	2,286			2,286							34,180	
3b.1.16			298			• 1			24 £	343			8 33							152	
3b.1.1.8			305						3	351			35.							4,660	
3b.1.1.9	Turbine Building		2,688						403	3,091			3,091							47,939	
3b,1,1,1		•	88				,		۰	4		•	4	•						633	•
3b.1.1.12	Proel Building Totals		739		, ,				111	850 13 782			13 782				. ,			11,073	
										!											

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

L						Off-Site	LLRW				NRC	Spent Fuel	Site	Processed		Burial Volumes	mes	ĕ	Burial /	5	Utility and
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal F	Packaging 1	Transport Pr	Processing D	Disposal	Other Costs Co	Total Continuency	Total	Coafe	Management   Costs	Restoration	Volume Cu. Faet	Class A (	Class B CI	Class C G	OTCC Proc	Processed Wt i hs Me	Craft Co	Contractor
	ı						ı	ı			2000			ı				ı			
še	Site Closeout Activities																				
	Grade & landscape site		110				,	,	91	<b>13</b> 6	,		126		,	1		,		248	
e	Final report to NRC	,	,				,	106	16	121	121		•	•							1.560
3b.1	Subtotal Period 3b Activity Costs		12.094		1	1		901	1,830	14,030	121		13,908			ı	,			186,735	1,560
Period 3b /	Period 3b Additional Costs																				
3b.2.1	Concrete Crushing	٠	634	1	•	1		e	96	733			733	,	,	,	,			3,269	
3b.2	Subtotal Period 3b Additional Costs	•	634	٠	,	•	•	e	96	733	•	•	733							3,269	
Period 3b	Period 3b Collateral Costs																				
3b.3.1	Small tool allowance	ı	134					,	72	154			154	•		,		,			
24.5	Short Fliel Canital and Transfer	1	5					187	3 8	1 1		215	\$								
36.3	Subtotal Period 3b Collateral Costs		134					187	84	388		215	154								
Period 3b	Period 3b Period-Dependent Costs																				
3b.4.1	Insurance	,		•	•			786	49	965		778	98							•	
3b.4.2	Property taxes		•		•		,	43	4	48			48			,	,		,	,	
3b.4.3	Heavy equipment rental	,	4,750	•	,		,		712	5,462	•	•	5.462		,		,	,	,	,	,
3b.4.4	Plant energy budget				,	,	1	263	39	302	•	272	30	•		,	1			i	,
3b.4.5	Emergency Planning Fees		,	,	,	٠		82	<b>6</b> 0	91	,	9	•	,	,	,	,	•	,	,	
3b.4.6	Indirect Overhead	ı	i				,	497	75	571	571										
3b.4.7	Security Staff Cost	•	i	•		,		2,010	301	2,311		1,618	693	,	,	,	,			,	58,067
3b.4.8	Utility Staff Cost	1		•			•	4,895	734	5,630	,	2067	263						,		87.720
3b.4	Subtotal Period 3b Period-Dependent Costs		4,750				,	8,576	1,953	15,280	571	7.825	6,883							,	145,787
0 46	TOTAL BEBLOOMS		17 643					67.0	200		000	9	91.0							,00	77.777
0,00	SO OF LEWISON SECOND		210.71	•				0,07	3.37/	4.00	660	5	6/0/17							90.06	146,141
PERIOD 3	PERIOD 3d - GTCC shipping																				
Period 3d L	Period 3d Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Nuclear St	Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal																				
36.1.1.1	Vessel & Internals GTCC Disposal		,	625			14,761		2,277	17,663	17,663	ı	•	•	,				129,800		
36.1	Subtotal Period 3d Activity Costs			629 625			14,761		2.277	17,863	17,663	, ,						8 98	129,800		. ,
									į												
3d.0	TOTAL PERIOD 3d COST			625			14,761		2,277	17,663	17,663	1		•	į	,	,	999	129,800	•	•
PERIOD 3	PERIOD 3 TOTALS	•	17,612	625	1	ı	14,761	8.872	6,204	48,073	18,356	8.040	21.678	•	1	,	1	999	129,800	190,004	147,347
TOTAL CC	TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION	10,126	69,639	16,712	5,882	23,101	62,716 3	311,368	93,856	593,400	477,834	87,173	28,393	239,465	114,486	3,686	459	666 20,3	20,222,360 1.	1,222,681	3.786,376

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

																		ľ		ľ	
Activity		Decon	Removal	Decon Removal Packaging Transport Processing	Transport	Off-Site Processing	LLRW g Disposal	Other	Other Total	NRC Total Lic. Term. Costs Costs	NRC Jc. Term. Coafe	Spent Fuel Management	Site Processed Burial Volumes Burial  Restoration Volume Class A Class B Class G GTCC Processed  Coats Cut Feet Cut Feet Cut Feet Cut Lbs. M. Lbs. A	Processed Volume Cu. Feet	Class A	Class B C	umes Class C C cu. Feet Co	STCC Pro	Surial / ocessed n. Lbs. Ma	sed Craft Co bs. Manhours Ma	Contractor Manhours
Index	Activity Description	1600	183	2000	2000	8800			ı												
TOTAL COST TO D	TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION WITH 18.79% CONTINGENCY:	ENCY:			\$593,400	\$593,400 thousands of 2008 dollar	2008 dollar														

1,222,681 man-hours	1,222,681	TOTAL CRAFT LABOR REQUIREMENTS:
tons	44,147 tons	TOTAL SCRAP METAL REMOVED:
666 cubic feet	999	TOTAL GREATER THAN CLASS C RADWASTE VOLUME GENERATED:
118,532 cubic feet	118,632	TOTAL LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE VOLUME BURIED (EXCLUDING GTCC):
\$28,393 thousands of 2008 dollars	\$28,393	NON-NUCLEAR DEMOLITION COST IS 4.78% OR:
\$87,173 thousands of 2008 dollars	\$87,173	SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT COST IS 14.69% OR:
\$477,834 thousands of 2008 dollars	\$477,834	TOTAL NRC LICENSE TERMINATION COST IS 80.52% OR:
\$593,400 thousands of 2008 dollars	\$593,400	TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION WITH 18.79% CONTINGENCY:

End Notes:

Ind - notices that this activity not charged as decommissioning expense.

Indicates that this activity performed by decommissioning staff.

O indicates that this value is less than 0.5 but is non-zero.

a cell containing "..." indicates a zero value.

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Utility and Contractor Manhours		529	860 1,978	430 430 559 3,225 1,333 2,150 1,761	2,116 1,792	215 3,063 2,795 215	1,342 688 172 1,342 1,978 387 16,265	1,032 602 529 31,714		
Offi Craft Coi Manhours Ma							, , , , , , , , ,		1 1	
Burial / Processed Wt, Lbs. M			. ,							19.339
GTCC P Cu. Feet		•								
0 %										
Burial Volumes Class B Class Cu. Feet Cu. Fe										
Class A C									1 1	
Processed Volume C Cu. Feet C									1 1	
Site Pro Restoration Vo Costs Cu		•			5 4		27 13 13 15 15 15 15			
Spent Fuel Management Res Costs (									1,250	
NRC Sp Lic. Term. Man Costs (		43	67 154	33 33 43 251 104 167	148	237 217 17	401 52 52 54 51 51 51 51	80 3,105 47 2,415 7,835	, ,	1,888 14,232 919 521 70 2,213
Total Liv Costs		43 n/a	a 67 154	a 33 33 43 251 104 167	139 139	237 247 17	104 54 13 104 154 30 1,265	80 3.105 47 2.415 41 7,987	1,250	1,888 14,232 919 521 70 70 1,048
Total Contingency		ω	<b>6</b> 02	4 4 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	21	34 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 r 0 0 4 5 9 4 5 9	10 405 6 315 1.042	163 163	172 1.294 184 68 68 289 95
Other Costs Car		88	58 134	29 29 38 218 90 445	143	15 206 189 15	12 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	70 2,700 41 2,100 36 6,945	1,087	1,716 12,938 - - 1,925 959
LLRW Disposal Costs		ı			1 4		4 1 7 1 7 1 1 1			4
Off-Site Processing Costs		1	1.1		1 1					
Transport P Costs		,			( )					
Packaging T		,	. 1					1 1 1 1 1 1		
Removal P Cost										735 453
Decon R Cost									1 1	
Activity Description	PERIOD 1a - Shutdown through Transition	Perod 1a Direct Decommissioning Activities 1a. 1.1 Prepare prelimitary decommissioning cost 1a.1.2 Notification of Cessation of Operations 1a.1.3 Remove fuel. & source maerial	Notification of Permanent Deficeling Decartivate plant systems & process waste Prepare and submit PSDAR Review plant dwgs & specs.	Perform detailed ratings Estimate by-product inventory End product description End product description Define major work sequence Perform SER and EA Perform SER and EA Pergardissubnit License Termination Plan Receive NRC approval of termination plan	Activity Specifications 1a.1.77.1 Plant & temporary facilities 1a.1.17.2 Plant systems	NSSS Decontamination Flush Reaction infarinals Reaction vessel Biological shield	18.17.77 Steam generators 18.1.77 Steam generators 18.1.77 Mann Turbine 18.1.77 Waste mainspenent 18.1.77 Waste mainspenent 18.1.77 Talait structures & buildings 18.1.77 Talait structures at buildings 18.1.77 Talait structures at buildings 18.1.77 Talait & site closeout	Planning & Site Preparations 14.119 Prepare demanding sequence 14.119 Plant prep & temp svices 14.120 Design water clean-up system 14.121 Reggrang/Conf. Cuttl Envigatorial organis	Period 1a Colfateral Costs 1a.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 1a.3 Subtotal Period 1a Collateral Costs	Penod 1a Period-Dependent Costs 1a.4.1 Insulance 1a.4.2 Property taxes 1a.4.3 Health physics supplies 1a.4.4 Health physics supplies 1a.4.5 Disposal of IDAM generated 1a.4.5 Disposal of IDAM generated 1a.4.5 Professor
Activity Index	PERIOD 1a -	Period 1a Dire 1a.1.1 Pro 1a.1.2 No 1a.1.3 Re		18.1.8 Pe 18.1.1.9 Pe 18.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	Activity Specifications 1a.1.17.1 Plant & ten 1a.1.17.2 Plant syste		1a.1.7.7 Steam general 1a.1.7.8 Reinforced or 1a.1.7.9 Main Turbine 1a.1.7.17 Plant structur 1a.1.7.12 Waste manag 1a.1.7.13 Facility & site 1a.1.7.7 Total	Planning & Si 1a.1.18 Pt 1a.1.20 Pt 1a.1.21 Pt 1a.1.21 Rt 1a.1.22 Pt	Period 1a Col 1a.3.1 Sp 1a.3 Su	Period 19 Period

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		Decon	Removal	Packaging Transport	Transport P	Off-Site rocessing	LLRW	Other	Total	Total	NRC : Llc. Term. M	= ¥	Site Restoration		Class A	\$	lumes Class C GTCC	Burial /	ul/ seed Craft		Utility and Contractor
index	Activity Description	Cost	2001	Costs	Costs		•	П	Contingency		Costs	Costs	Costs	Cu. Feet	•	Cu. Feet Cu.	Feet Cu. F		Ds. Manho	Man	Sino
Period 1a F	Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																				
	Emergency Planning Fees							770		74		847	•	,					1		
	FEMA Fees							318		366	366		,	,	1	,	,				
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M							1.507		1,733		1,733									
19.4.1	Indicat Operating costs							2246		600		667									
	Security Staff Cost							1471		1,692	1,302										57.859
	Utility Staff Cost	,		•				71.367		24 572	24 572						. ,	. ,			36.411
	Subtotal Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs	•	1.188	15	ю		4	45.430	6.259	52,935	50,102	2,833	•		296			- 19	19,339	33 45	454,271
1a.0	TOTAL PERIOD 1a COST	•	1,188	15	m	•	14	53,462	7.464	62,172	57,937	4,083	151	,	2967		,	- 19	19,339	33 46	485,984
PERIOD 1	PERIOD 1b - Decommissioning Preparations																				
Period 1b [	Period 1b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Detailed W	Detailed Work Procedures							;	;	į			!								
	Plant systems							8 8	73	28	142		16								2,035
16.1.1.2	NSSS Decontamination Flush							S 2	4 ;	20 20	8	•	•								430
	Remaining buildings							າ ຫຼ	_ <b>u</b>	8 4	<b>5</b> =		, 75	• •							583
	CRD cooling assembly						•	8 8	4	2 8			\$								8 6
15.1.16	CRD housings & ICt tubes	٠		•				8 8	4	3 8	33	•								,	430
1b.1.1.7	Incore instrumentation			•	,	•	,	58 58 58	4	33	38	•	•	•	•						430
15.1.1.8	Reactor vessel	•	•		,	,	•	92	5	121	121				•	•					1561
						,	,	32	S	4	50	•	20	•							516
		•						13	2	\$	45		•	•	•				•		194
	Biological shield	į		1	•	,		35	s S	4 ;	육 ;	•	•			,					516
21.1.101	Steam generators			•	•		,	<b>5</b> 8	8,	<b>2</b> 6	\$ ;		. ;		,						8/6,
	Main Turbine				. ,			<b>8</b> 4	4 6	3 6	≥ ,	• •	- 6			, ,					430 671
	Main Condensers		,		,			45	. ~	25			52	•							671
1b.1.1.16	Auxiliary building	•	•	,		•		6/	12	91	82		o				,		,		1,174
15.1.1.17	Reactor building	•		•	•	1	,	79	12	91	82	٠	o				,	,		,	1,174
15.1.1	Total							2967	145	1,112	903	•	508			•	,				14,294
16.1.2	Decon primary loop	501	•	•		•		,	250	751	751	,						,		1,067	
16.1	Subtotal Period 1b Activity Costs	501			,	•		296	395	1,863	1,654		209	•			•			1.067	14,294
Period 1b	Period 1b Additional Costs																				
15.2.1	Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	•	•	,			,	6,272	941	7,212	7,212	•	•	,						1	,
16.2.2	Site Characterization			•	•			1,252	376	1,628	1,628		•	•	ì		ı			8,167	3,357
į		•	•				,	1. J. C.	2	2	0.0			•	•				,	Ď.	i i
Period 1b (	Period 1b Collateral Costs	867		,					g	8	6										
1b.3.2	Process liquid waste	28 82		. 25	159		2.336		628	3.206	3.206				- 18	749			.530	183	
1b.3.3	Small tool allowance	١	-						0	-	-										
15.3.4	Pipe cutting equipment	. !	1,000				٠	,	150	1,150	1,150		•								
10.3.5	Decon rig	1,400					1		210	1,610	1,610	, 2	ı			ı			,		
1b.3	Spent ruet Capital and Harister Subtotal Period 1b Collateral Costs	2.291	1.00.1	. 55	159		2.336	279	1,159	7,280	6,959	321			- 189	749			94,530	183	
	!																				
Period 1b F	Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs 1h 4 1 Decon supplies	×							,	ç	5										
15.4	Decon supplies	€.						258	- %	284	284						•				
!								}	}	}	<u> </u>		1				,			,	

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					Off-Site	LLRW							I.,		Burial Vol	П		Burial /	ı	Jtility and
Activity Activity Description	Decon	Removal	Packaging Costs	Transport	ያ	Disposal Costs	Costs	Total Contingency	Total Costs	Lic. Term. D	Management Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B Class C Cu. Feet Cu. Fee	•	GTCC F Cu. Feet	Processed Wt., Lbs. N	Craff C Manhours	Contractor Manhours
Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs (continued) 1b.4.3 Property taxes	,	•	•				2.534	253	2.787	2,787	•	•		,						
	•	227	•	•	1			25	283	283			,			ı	•	1		
	•	224	•					¥.	528	258			•	. ;	•			, ;	, ;	
	•		S	-	•	4	- 4	4 6	8 8	2 23				77.		•		84	= .	. ,
15.4.7 Plant energy budget	•						235	<b>3</b> 8	9 85 2 85	25.8	, ,									
				. ,			5 5	5 5	803		506	•						•		
_	1	,	,	,		ı	372	88	427		427				1	•	٠			
	•	•	,		٠	•	54	80	83		83		٠			•				
	•	•	•	•	•	,	1,231	185	1,416	1,416		•								. !
	•	•	•			,	1,497	225	1,722	1,722	•	1						•		50,898
15.4.14 Utility Staff Cost	. *	. 451	1	, -		, <del>1</del>	11.972	1,796	13,768	13,768	- 669			322				6,449	, <b>=</b>	268,258
	2 4 6	٠		. 091		2 349	78 701	5.801	41341	40 112	1 020	500		512	749			100,980	9.428	285,909
			}	}		ì		į	<u>.</u>	!	ļ									
PERIOD 1 TOTALS	2.818	2.640	74	162	,	2,390	82,163	13,265	103,512	98,049	5,103	360		1,479	749			120,318	9.460	771,893
PERIOD 2a - Large Component Removal																				
Period 2a Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
٠																				
Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal	205		7	47		334		244	1046	1046	,	•		1.268			,	153,369	9.274	•
	24	17		5		99		33	5	151			•	272				30,174	885	•
	9/	69		152	143	1,210		406	2,094	2,094			272	4,708				888,360	3,771	•
	33				• }	774		279	1,617	1,617		•		2,490	1			0.079	2,48/	, ,
	329	2.606			2,281	8,542		3,686	20.850	20,850	,	•	550,12	רכר פר בכם ב				2,256,303	5 001	2, 123
28.1.1.6 CRUMBIOIS/SEVICE SITURINE REMOVAL 29.1.1.7 Resorts Vessel Internals	129	3.6	6.857	•		5.291	243	7.049	23.629	23.629				2.754	683	459		341,105	30,783	1,363
. no	74				•	9,388	243	9.312	26,320	26,320	,	•		6,320	2,254	. !		937,367	30,783	1,363
2a.1.1 Totals	1.021	11,098		2.129	2.424	26,795	487	21,191	76,668	76,668		•	21,927	36,886	2,937	429		4.775,560	106,211	4,852
6		;				Ş		ć					902	630				627 843	404	,
Za.1.z Main Furbine/Generator Za.1.3 Main Condensers		1,274	160	8 E	733	419		262 562	3,229	3,229			7.274	2.145				519,770	32,740	1
Cascading Costs from Clean Building Demolition																				
2a.1.4.1 Reactor	•	463	,			۰		69	532	225			•			•			6,763	•
	•	23	•		•			en e	83	8 8		•	•						292	,
2a.1.4.3 AB - FW Pump/Switchgear Area		20,	•		,			י ע	3 5	189								, ,	2 409	
2a. 1.4.5 Auxiliary Service Building (common)	, ,	9.	• •					1 4	5 5	\$ \$				٠	•	,	,		1,276	٠
	•	2		•	1	•		-	9	9		•	•					,	55	•
2a.1.4.7 Contaminated Materials Warehouse(common)	-	50		•	•	•		e ;	8 3	8 3	•	•							£ 5	•
	•	9-	1					4 5	5 5 5	<u> </u>		• 1					. ,	. ,	1, 103	
2a. 1.4.9 Service building (common)		282						2	325	325			•					,	4.856	
	•	4	•	,	1	i		-	5	50	•	,	•	•	•		•	,	70	•
	•	5		•	1			<del>-</del> !	9	90 ;	•	,	•						8 5	
5	•	4 2 2 2 3	•					2r 002	1 533	153		. ,						, ,	20.45	
za.t.4 lotais	•	500.1			•	•		3	2	26.									1	
	,	80		ю	66			Ж	219	219	•	,	1,094			•		44,411	1.857	•
2a.1.5.2 Aux Bldg Rad Area Chilled Water (shared)	•	106	. 5	4	151	•		20	314	314	•	•	1,663					67,525	2,446	•

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					Off-Site	LRW			ľ		ent Fuel	Site	_'	П	Š	Ш	h		Utility and
	Decon	-	ğ	Ę	2	Disposal	Other To	Total	Total Lic.	Lic. Term. Ma	Management R	Restoration	Volume C	Class A Cl	Class B Class C Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	se C GTCC Feet Cu. Feet	: Processed et Wt. Lbs.	Manhours	Contractor
Index Activity Description	Cost	1803	22802	20803	ı	ı	П			l				ı		1	1		
Discovering Plant Systems (continued)																			
2a 15.3 Auxiliary Feedwater	٠	526	12	24	927			200	1,390	1,390			10,185	•	,		413,660	5,480	,
	•	18				•	•	က	7		,	24	. !				. 44		
		7.7	-	၉	107			8	77	224		. '	081.				26.74		
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		<b>60</b> 1						- 2	n 5			403					•		
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2a.1.5.15 Conventional Chemical Addition RCA	•		•	>	2 ,			, <del>L</del>	3 2	3,		83		,		•			
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		3 8			. ,	,		ı ko	88			38	•			•			•
Za. 1.9. 19 UG Engine Lube Oil	•	3 6		. ,	,		,	· Ko	38	,		38		•		•	•		•
		9 4	,	,				-	7			7				•			•
		2 6						m	23			23				•			•
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	•	78	6	7	249			88	396	396		,	2.742	•	•		. 111,3		
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	٠	10			,			-	Ξ		•	7			,				
	1	33		•				ις	88			38		,			•		•
	•	128		,	•			<del>1</del>	147			147		1			•		•
	•	19	٠	•				က	22			22		,					•
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	•	14						7 5	≃ ⊊			: 6							•
Za, 1,5,36 Main Steam Bypass to Condenser	•	64 .	•					-	3 01	,		6				,	•		,
	. 1	26.0	-	•	54	,	,	5	26	26			594		,		24.2		•
	,	119	m	9	230			92	423	423			2,525				102,5		
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	,	101	•					5	116	•		116				,			
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	•	'n						- 8	186	, ,		166	. ,		•				•
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2a. 1.5.45 Nitrogen (shared)		130						ıφ	149	,		149	,				•		•
2a. 1.5.45   Rediculated Cooling Water (shared) 2a. 1.5.47   S.G. Wet Lavin Regionalation	•	5 6	0	. 0	5		. ,	. ~	42	42		,	174				- 7,060	30 420	·
		25	' '	٠,	٠.		,	4	78		•	28			ı		•		
	•	on	0	0	6		•	4	23	22		•	100				- 4,0		•
	•	9	•		1			-	و و	. !		9		, ;	,	,	355 44		•
2a.1.5.51 Steam Generator Blowdown Recycle	•	281	<b>58</b>	47	574	218		22.	1,370	1,3/0		, %	CLS.9	2			1		
	,	7,				,		d C	9 -			64			, ,			102	•
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2a.1.5.55 Turbine Hydraulic OII		<u> 5</u>		, ,	. ,			. ო	2		ı	70			•		•		•
za. i. o. oo vacuum Priming (shared) 2a 1.5 Totals	•	2.983	52	₽	2,736	218		1,058	7,157	5.160	1	1,997	30.071	1,116	•		- 1,321,183		
		i	•	:	i														

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

		ı		ı		Off-Site	ı	l				Spent Fuel	Site	Processed	- 1	Burial Volumes	c			ن ⊂ دنع	Contractor
Activity Index	Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport Pr Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs Cor	Contingency	Costs	Costs m				Cu. Feet	- 1		Cu. Feet W	Wt., Lbs. Ma	g	anhours
	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning	•	3,488	16	4	91	£	,	168	4,501	4,501	,	•	28	\$	,			45,598	33,738	
	Subtotal Period 2a Activity Costs	1.021	20,558	12,072	2.353	6.884	27,931	487	24,291	95,595	93,598	٠	1,997	64.900	42,835	2,937	459	- 7.	7,299,923	284,539	4,852
Period 2a Ad 2a.2.1 M 2a.2 S	Period 2a Additional Costs 2a.2.1 Misc Waste 2a.2 Subtotal Period 2a Additional Costs			44	യയ	ဖဖ			8 8	71	t t			37		1 1			2,652 2,652	126 126	
Period 2a Co 2a.3.1 P 2a.3.2 S 2a.3.3 S 2a.3.4 S 2a.3	Penod Za Collateral Costs Za 3.1 Process Ilquid waste Za 3.2 Samia fool allowaste Za 3.3 Speni Fuel Capital and Transfer Za 3.4 Survey and Release of Scrap Metal Za 3.4 Survey and Release of Scrap Wetal		212	27	6 · · · 7 · · · 7 · · · · · · · · · · ·		119	- 741 676 1,417	77 32 1111 101	366 243 852 777 2,239	386 219 - 777 1,363	- 852 - 852	, <b>2</b> , , <del>2</del>		458 458			1 1 1 1 1	27,475	8 , , , &	
Period 2a Pe 2a.4.1 D 2a.4.2 In	Penod 2a Penod-Dependent Costs 2a.4.1 Decon supplies 2a.4.2 Insurance 2a.4.3 Property taxes	ρ.,	1 1 1					- 683 6,711	17 68 671	87 751 7,382	87 751 6,644		738				, , ,	1 1 1			
	Health physics supplies Heavy equipment rental Disposal of DAW generated		1,745	. 67	. , 2		98		436 429 55	3,287 3,287 324 324	2,181 3,287 321 2,297				4,429				88,582	. 150	
	Plant energy budget NRC Fees Emergency Planning Fees							595 503 503	3 8 8	655 553 5433	655	553			. , ,		, , ,				
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services ISFSI Operating Costs		, , ,					248 44 44 44	₽ E Z €	285 166 166	285					1					
	Indirect Overhead Security Staff Cost Utility Staff Cost Subiotal Period 2a Period-Dependent Costs	02	4,603	67	2		9	3,214 3,855 32,374 51,308	482 578 4,856 8,209	3,696 4,433 37,230 64,455	3,596 4,433 37,230 61.866	1,851	738		4,429				88,582	150	131,187 567,383 698,569
2a.0 T	2a.0 TOTAL PERIOD 2a COST PERIOD 2b - Sife Decontamination Penol 2b Direct Decommissionmy Activities	1,157	25.372	12,170	2,447	6.890	28.236	53,211	32.824	162,307	156.845	2,703	2.760	64.937	47.722	2,937	459	1	7,418,633	284,904	703,421
Disposal of 2b.11.1 2b.11.1 2b.11.2 2b.11.6 2b.11.6 2b.11.6 2b.11.6 2b.11.7 2b.11.8 2b.11.1 2b.11	Disposal of Plant Systems 2b.1.1.1 Adrum Bidg Chiled Water (shared) 2b.1.1.3 Annum Bidg Chiled Water (shared) 2b.1.1.3 Annulus Ventilation (shared) 2b.1.1.4 Aux Bidg Ventilation 2b.1.1.5 Aux Bidg Ventilation 2b.1.1.6 Boun Recycle 2b.1.1.7 Bound Thermal Regeneration 2b.1.1.8 Breathing Aux (shared) 2b.1.1.1 Component Cooling RCA 2b.1.1.1 Cound Air Relatin Ex & Addition 2b.1.1.1 Cont CRD, & ICI Room Vent		14 3 4 429 3 4 429 3 7 5 6 1 3 6 7 6 7 8 6 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8	2 2 2 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		. 109 109 362 404 404 103 94 279 118 118 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	67 67 225 223 1,023		2 2 2 3 8 2 3 8 5 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	16 7 188 803 1,682 1078 281 3,640 150 104 3,03 104 104 3,33 104 3,33 104 104 3,33 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104			50 50 61 119 107	1203 3,982 4,440 3,121 1,037 1,037 3,066 1,296 1,296 2,35 2,502	. 48 341 1,262 1,143 1,143 5,343 102 270 474				53.191 161,718 225,298 148,472 42,110 595,466 124,493 52,647 18,645 18,645 144,102	416 171 811 812 843 4,322 17,228 3,335 25,661 1,295 3,199 3,199 2,781 2,	

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					1	Off-Site			Total			Spent Fuel	Sectoration .	-		31	SEC GTCC			Craft Contr	tractor
Activity	Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Costs	. 1		Costs	Costs Con	Contingency	Costs	Costs		Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet C	Cu. Feet Cu	Cu. Feet Cu. F	Feet Wt. Lbs.		- 1	Manhours
				İ																	
Disposal of P	Disposal of Plant Systems (confined)	•	σ	c	0	٠	7		r	5	15		,	10	6		,		1,259	237	
26.1.1.0	Continuent Chilled Water		52	,	٠.		١,		4	58			58	1		,	,	,		712	
	Containment Chilled Water RCA	,	89	7	ю	128	,	,	37	238	238		,	1,407				io ;		1,636	
	Containment Purge Ventilation	,	169	4	27	441	5	,	140	895	895			4,847	532			77 9		4,262	
	Control Area Chilled Water (shared)		284	£.	10	361		,	127	286	786	,		3,969			,	, P ¥		1654	
	Control Area HVAC (shared)	,	86 ;	w ;	o ;	349	, ;	,	- <b>?</b>	302	202			3.834	, 60	. ,			90.449	8.357	
	Conventional Sampling		332	24	24	4	Ç.	,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	71.		80	} '	3 .			,		2.469	
	Conventional Waste Mont & Treat (shared)		3 6			355			5 12	9 2	. 89	. ,	? .	3 901				- 15	158,411	4.987	•
	Convntl Waste Mont & Treat (shared) RCA		) r	n	ת	222	,		<u> </u>	3 -	3 .		σ			,				243	,
	Diesel Bidg Ventilation		n ų	,					- ^	. 6			22	,	,	,		,		1,400	
	Drinking Water (shared)	,	409						39.	3 0 1 7			3.017	,	•	,				73,972	
	Electrical (clean)	•	2.024	, 7	, %	301	367		380	2 103	2.103	•	,	4.297	1,852	,		8		21,732	
	Electrical (contaminated)		2/0	ŧ 6	2 5	505.8	<b>,</b>		2349	14 465	14 465	,		71.504			•	- 2,90		29,175	•
	Electrical (contaminated) RCA		, 50°,	Š	2.0	55.5	=	•	4	83	8	•	,	255	28	,	•	,		769	
	Equipment Decon		ני	1	١,	₹ ,	: ,		9	7	١,		74	٠	,			,		1,811	
	Fittered water (shared)	•	8 %	,		37			5 5	. 1.	7.2	,		412	•	,				626	•
	Filtered water (shared) RCA	,	8 5	•	- ,	5			i æ	. 4		,	49	•	,					1,274	•
	Fire Protection	,	7 00		•		,	,	o er	446		•	446	٠			•			11,816	•
	Fire Protection (shared)		200	. '	'	. 6			8 6	8	406		! ,	2.383		•	,	•		2,872	
	Fire Protection RCA		- 6	, ,	o K	15.2	145		127	2 5	2			1,684	815	,	,	. 13		6,142	
	Gaseous waste Management (snared)	,	647	7	3	3	?		į m	77			24		,		,			591	•
	Groundwater Urainage (snared)		7 6						2	ç	,	•	S.	,	,	•				1.454	
	Healing boller reedwater (shared)	•	Et V	, £	, 8	775			236	1504	1.504	•		8,522	•	,		₹ *		11,095	
	ce Condenser Kelligeration		197	2	3 ,		,	,	88	218			218	1	,	•	,			6.051	
_	Institution of the second of t	,	679	,	14	415	,		242	1 427	1.427		,	5,663		,				14,768	•
25.1.143	instrument All ACA	999		- 66	105	193	681	•	764	3,316	3.316	•		2,119	3,687	,		· 39		34,303	٠
	Miscellaneous Ventilation			٠,					7	5		•	51	,						1,466	•
	Miscellandes Veninasion Nitrolean Drad Office Chilled Water (shid)		2		•	,		,	ო	23	•		52	•	,		,			681	,
	Niclear Sampling	,	270	17	16	52	107	,	102	539	539		•	275	220	,				6,926	
	Nuclear Service Water	•	63		•	,			o	72	•		72		•	,		,		1,898	
	Nuclear Service Water Pump Vent	,	-	į	,			,	0	-			•	•		,	•			⊋ ;	
	Nuclear Service Water RCA	,	473	4	28	1061			283	1,860	1,860			11.665	. !			-		17,421	
	Nuclear Solid Waste Disposal (shared)	212	245	26	33	98	211		240	1.053	1.053		. •	940	1,199	,		2		124	
	Oxygen (shared)	,	4		,	•	•	,	- ;	4			4	. ?	, ,	,	•			7 26 7	
	Reactor Coolant	•	11	21	38	8	245		50.	809	809			2 5	767			· .		7.716	
2b.1.1.54 F	Refueling Water	•		7	23	409	8 ;	,	163	8 6	9 6			404	950					4 883	•
	Residual Heat Removal	140		20	<b>6</b> 7	4 5	18/	,	į	57	3 5			80.0	25.5					10.638	,
	Safety Injection		421	9	94	449	295		400	2 6	56.		٠,	o '						887	
	Sanitation & Waste Treatment (shared)	,	529						<b>*</b> ~	3 6	, ,	. ,	3 25				,	,		1,457	
2b.1.1.58	Service Bidg & Warehouse Vent (shared)	•	9 8			• 1			- vc	43	. ,		4	•	,	,	,	,		1,165	•
	Service Blog Chilled Water (Shared)	,	3 8						m	22			25	1			,			685	•
	Station Air (Shared)		242		LC.	195		,	16	236	536	•	,	2,140	•			,		5.487	•
, ,	Station of (Shared) NO. TR & Service Bids Sump & Drains (shared)	•	43	•	٠,	١,		,	ø	49	,		49		r	,		,		1,261	
	Tech Support Center Vent (shared)	•	S	•	,	1		,	-	2	,	•	ιco	•		,				145	
٠.	Turbine Building Ventilation	,	96			,			4	<b>4</b> 08		•	108	•			,			3,003	•
	Totals	2.203	18.553	669	1,071	15.209	4.557	r	8.970	51,263	46.422	,	4.840	167,186	24.118	,		60	.879.730	12,730	•
			036.7	۶	v	114	41		1 113	5.626	5.626	•		1,127	02	,			26,997	42,172	٠
7.1.07	Scanoking in support of decommission in g			3	•	:	:		!												
Decontamir	Decontamination of Site Buildings			Ş	970	9	730		416	5 067	690	•		9 498	7 103	,		10.	57,313	42,695	•
	Reactor	1.038	278	30	55	90 A	, 65 163		387	1555	1.555			833	3,158			ď	347,681	17,958	•
201.32	Auxiliary Building			ζ.	4 6	1 2	3 40		8	87	87		٠	126	8			•	14,015	1.079	•
	Auxiliary Service building (common) Containment Mechanical Equipment	3 23		7 7	o vo	£	. ~		8	98	98	•		122	128			,	17,327	26	•

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						1					ı	1000	4			Burial Wolliman		٦	Burial /	3	tv and
Activity		Decon		9	=	2	_		Total	Total	Lic. Term. M	=	5	Volume	Class A C	Class B Cl	۱ ،	GTCC Proc	7	Craft Con	Contractor
Index	Activity Description	Çost	Cost	Costs	Costs	Costs	Sosts	2000	Continuency		COSES	1000	800								
Decontami	Decontamination of Site Buildings (continued)								:	;	;				,				020	2005	
	Contaminated Materials Warehouse(common)	67	35	œ <del>•</del>	16	,	2		8 5	192	195 75				£ 5	. ,			6,354	2.263	
	Montor Tank Building (common)	90	- ;	- c	7 6	, «	o w	, ,	÷ ÷	ž ki	5 55			66	8		,	,		575	
26.1.3	Waste Solidification Facility (common)  Totals	1735	1.172	198	388	971	1,063		1.650	7,176	7.176	,		10,672	11,084			1,4		67,843	
			! !	:	ţ	40.00				750 75	400.03		0707	178 085	25.773			104	10 436 420 65	622 745	,
2b.1	Subtotal Period 2b Activity Costs	3.838	24.086	) L6	404	J6.283	5.633		1,733	#00°#0	#77 GC	•	r ř	9	100					! i	
8	Period 2b Additional Costs				:				Ş	į	ş				2633			,	315 ann	120	
	RP Storage Tent Asphalt Disposal		9	-	8	,	150	, 6	8 8	7.25	797		, 00		2,033			,	25.7	3,	
	Landfill and Firing Range Closure		,	,	•			918	26	90	. ,	, ,	8 8						,		
26.2.3 26.2	Pond Closures Subtotal Period 2b Additional Costs		9		. 84	. ,	150	1,166	8 8	1,552	252	•	1,300		2,633		,	e .	315,900	120	
Period 2D	Collateral Costs December Denich waste	234	,	205	284		1.354		264	2,949	2,949	,	i	1	3,528				312,070	688	
	Small tool allowance	,	420	١.	,				63	483	483		•	,		,					•
	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer			,	•	j		1,223	183	1,406	. !	1,406	•			•					
2b.3.4	Survey and Release of Scrap Metal	, }	. :	. {	, 3		, ,	945	127	971	176	1 406	•		3.528			, ,	312 070	- 889	
2b.3	Subtotal Period 25 Collateral Costs	3	77	602	<b>t</b>		2	8.	ŝ	Š	S f	2									
Period 2b	Period 2b Period-Dependent Costs									,	,										
2b.4.1	Decon supplies	887	,			ı		, ,	5 55	1,108	90.7	•	,				. ,				
2b.4.2	Insurance		,	•				5. L. A	- 13	F 713	6 713		, ,	. ,					,		
20.4.3	Property taxes		3 494					3 ,	874	4.368	4,368		,		,		,			,	
24.45	Heavy equipment rental		3,380		,	,	,	,	204	3,887	3,887	,			1		,			,	
2b.4.6	Disposal of DAW generated		1	121	22		333		66	274	574				7,922				158,432	<b>8</b> 8	
2b.4.7	Plant energy budget		ı		,			2.604	391	2,995	2,995	,									
2b.4.8	NRC Fees		ı	•				983	80 6		190,1	. 6						. ,			
2b.4.9	Emergency Planning Fees			,		, ,		1636	244	1870	, ,	1.870				•		,			,
25.4.10	Spent Tuel Fd0) Cam Dedenste Protection Fauinment/Services	. ,	, ,			. 1		409	. 6	470	470		•	,		,			,		
2b.4.12	ISFSI Operating Costs	•	•	1	•	,		238	98	273		273	1			,		•			
25.4.13	Indirect Overhead	٠	,		,			5,115	797	5,882	5,882	•		,		•					
2b.4.14	Security Staff Cost	•			•			5.099	765	5,864	5,864			,		,					100,237
26.4.15	Utility Staff Cost Subtotal Period 25 Demoderal Costs	- 887	- P. B.74	- 12	۶,		333	51,778 75.913	12.636	59,545 96,785	59.545 93.728	3,056			7,922		, ,		158,432	. 7	1,071,189
4.07	Subtotal Petrod 20 Petrod-Depetroent Costs	è	ò	•	1		3														!
2p.0	TOTAL PERIOD 2b COST	5.056	31.386	1,245	2.127	16,293	7,471	79,146	25,486	168,210	157,607	4.462	6.141	178,985	49,354		•	- 11,2	11,222,820 6	623,821 1,	1,071,189
PERIOD 2	PERIOD 2c - Delay before Wet Fuel Storage Decontamination	_																			
Period 2c	Period 2c Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Period 2c. 2c.2.1 2c.2	Period 2c Additional Costs 2c.2.1 Landfill Post Closure Maintenance 2c.2 Subtotal Period 2c Additional Costs			1 1	, ,	1 1		239	7, 7,	263			2 <del>6</del> 3 2 <del>6</del> 3	. ,		1 1					1 1
Period 2c 2c.3.1 2c.3	Period 2c Collateral Costs 2c.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 2c.3 Subtotal Period 2c Collateral Costs	1 1		1.1		1 1		4,459 4,459	999 999	5,128 5,128	1 •	5,128 5,128		1 1			, ,		1.1		1 1
Period 2c	Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs							0000	200	3 242		3.292	,			,		,			
20.4.1 20.4.2 20.4.3	Insurance Property taxes Heatth physics supplies		85					2,766	277 137	3,043		3,043	, ,				. ,				

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

				١	ľ	200	77.0			ľ				rocessed		<b>Burial Volumes</b>	ı	Burial /		Utility a	Ę
Activity	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Decon	7	9	ā.		Disposal	Other T	Total	Total Lic.	Lic. Term. Ma	Management R	Restoration	Volume Cu. Faet	Class A C	Class B Ck	Class C GTCC Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	C Processed eet Wt. Lbs.	ed Craft s. Manhours	Contractor s Manhours	ğ ş
index	Activity Description	Cost	COST	Costs	1001	ı	1	1	l							1					l
Period 2c F	Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																	;			
20.44	Disposal of DAW generated			=	2	,	31		o	23		53		,	730			1	2	8	
	Plant energy budget		,		,			1.843		2,119		2,119									
	NRC Fees	,			•	,		287		1,086		1,086	ı								
	Emergency Planning Fees				,			2,203		2,423		2,423		,		,					
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M							4,313		4,960	,	4.960				,	•				,
	ISFSI Operating Costs	,						631		725		725	,				,				
26.4.10	Indirect Overhead			,				1,983		2,280		2,280	•								, 8
20.4.11	Security Staff Cost		1	•				0.595		2,184		12,184	•	,			,				9 8
20.4.12	Littling Staff Cost			•				9,599		2,539		22,539		٠						100 00E	200
20.4	Subtotal Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs		848	1	7	•	3,	7,912		55,389	,	55,389			730			- 14	14,502		4
			;		,			,		101		60 540	590		730		,	14	14 602	25 702.994	994
2c.0	TOTAL PERIOD 2c COST		248	Ξ	5	,	٠ <u>٠</u>	52,611	8/6/			90.319	9		9			į.			
PERIOD 2	PERIOD 2d - Decontamination Following Wet Fuel Storage																				
Period 2d [ 2d.1.1	Period 2d Direct Decommissioning Activities 2d.1.1 Remove sperif fuel racks	338	35	130	9/		518	,	332	1,429	1,429			1	2.648		,	. 237.	237,562 1,033	g	
Disposal o	Disposal of Plant Systems														!					ş	
2d.1.2.1	FHB Ventilation		68	t)	10	271	6		<b>9</b>	438	438			2.985	97				729,937 1,530	3 5	
2d.1.2.2	Spent Fuel Cooling	141	æ 5	17	23	<b>4</b> 5	148		171	759	108	•		3685	8 6	. ,		226			
2d.1.2	Totals	141	<b>2</b> 84	22	8	339	) P		<b>8</b> 7	96	. 130			90,5	3						
Decontam	mation of Site Buildings														;			•		ŕ	
2d.1.3.1	2d.1.3.1 Fuel Building	757	841	17	31	308	49		654	2,657	2,657			3,393	702	,		9 8	505,307	<b>7</b>	
2d.1.3	Totals	757	<b>4</b>	17	31	308	<b>4</b>		654	2,657	2,657	,		3,393	9			9		n	
4 4 4	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning		872	4	-	23	ო		223	1,125	1,125	ı		225	4			=	11,399 8,434	34	,
	Surpression to todde at Buryough		;															i		,	
2d.1	Subtotal Period 2d Activity Costs	1,237	2,012	173	141	299	36		1,444	6,409	6,409	•	•	7.303	4,216			- 681	681,336 56,117	<b>-</b>	
Period 2d	Period 2d Additional Costs																				9
20.2.1	License Termination Survey Program Management	•	,					616	185	108	801		. !								0.240
24.2.2	Landfill Post Closure Maintenance		•	•	•	•		15	7 5	4 5	. 3		17	•				,			6 240
2d.2	Subtotal Period 2d Additional Costs			1				631	£	9 9	<u>8</u>	,	=	•		•					!
Period 2d	Period 2d Collateral Costs			i			;		Ş	900	,				1 247			66	83.552	5	
2d.3.1	Process liquid waste	157	, ;	2	208		3		208	90	90.				,		,	,		: .	
2d.3.2	Small tool allowance		4	. 5	, ?	, 0	, ;		- 70	5	5			9 000	373	1		- 303	303,507	88	
20.3.3	Decommissioning Equipment Disposition			Ž	S	9	2	205	, <del>,</del>	235	?	235				,	,	,			,
70.34	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer		, ,		, ,			169	5 52	195	194	١,	,	•							
20.3	Subtotal Period 2d Collateral Costs	157	47	180	238	909	436	373	395	2,431	2,196	235		9.000	1,620			- 387	387.058 3	31	
Period 2d	Period 2d Period-Dependent Costs	149		,	•				37	187	187	•	•								1
24.4.	Davisanos		,		,			188	19	202	207	,	1	•							
20.4.3	Property taxes	•	•	ı		,		10	*	Ξ	=										
2d.4.4	Health physics supplies	,	373						66 ;	467	796				,						
2d.4.5	Heavy equipment rental	•	783	, 1		•	, ?		<u>}</u>	5	5 5		ı		+ 547						
2d.4.6	Disposal of DAW generated	•	,	2	4	ı	5	. ;	n K	2 2	2 <u>6</u>		•	•		,		,			
2d.4.7	Plant energy budget			,				164	3 4	181	181	•			,		,				,
20.4.0	NAC Teess							139	4	153		153	ţ	1							,
24.4.9	Circulation of the Processing Foundment/Services		•	•	•	,		137	21	157	157		•	•							,
20.4.11	ISFSI Operating Costs			•	,			40	φ	46		46				٠		,			

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

							LLRW								4	ΙĬ	١,	١.	Burial /	n 2	Utility and
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport 6 Costs	Processing C Costs		Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Costs	Lkc. lerm. M Costs	Management Costs	Costs	Cu. Feet		Cu. Feet Cu	Cu. Feet Cu	Cu. Feet W	- 1	:	Manhours
1000	(benefit on Department of the Land																				
2d.4.12 Ir	Indirect Overhead			•	•	•		288	88	979	929	,	•	•	٠				•		, !
	Security Staff Cost	١		,		•		469	2	540	540			•	,				•		6//6/
	Utility Staff Cost	,	1	. 1			. ?	6,138	921	7,059	7,059	, ,			1 547				30.332	. 6	117,519
2d.4 S	Subtotal Period 2d Period-Dependent Costs	149	1,157	23	4		\$	6.105	8c4.	808.0L	10,701	9	•		2				6	5	2
Zd.0 T	TOTAL PERIOD 2d COST	1,543	3,216	376	384	1.271	1,235	9,110	3.483	20,617	20.167	433	17	13,303	7,353	,	,	÷ ,	1,098,726	26,500	123,759
PERIOD 2e	PERIOD 2e - License Termination																				
0	Control of December Control of the C																				
2e.1.1	ORISE confirmatory survey						,	150	45	195	195			4	•						
2e.1.2	Terminate license Subtotal Period 2e Activity Costs	•	•			•	,	150	₹	. 5g	195			•			,		,	,	•
Period 2e Ac	Period 2e Additional Costs 2e 2 1 — License Termination Survey				,		,	9.459	2.838	12,296	12.296		٠	,						228,376	3,120
	Landfill Post Closure Maintenance	•	٠		•			31	6	35	, 6	•	35 5					,		278 376	3 120
2e.2	Subtotal Period 2e Additional Costs		1					9,490	2,841	12,331	12,296		<b>4</b> ,					,		016.022	3
Period 2e C	Period 2e Collateral Costs							ę	;	ê		8									
2e.3.1	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtotal Period Se Collateral Costs							8 8	<u>s</u> 6	8 8		8 66							,		
Period 2e P	Period 2e Period-Dependent Costs						,	350	×	395	365	,		•							
2e.4.1	Insurance Procent taxes				. ,			3 8	3 2	8 8	8		٠	,							٠
	Health physics supplies	1	1,198	•	•	•		,	300	1,498	1,498	•	•		• 1	,	٠			. :	•
	Disposal of DAW generated	•	•	ιo	-		15	. ;	4 ;	52	52	ı		•	348	٠		1	6,979	42	•
2e.4.5	Plant energy budget						. ,	355	8 %	330	390										
	NRC Tees Financial Planning Fees		. ,					8 8	4	4	,	4	•	•		,					
	ISFSI Operating Costs	•		٠	•	•		82	12	94	,	2		,							
	Indirect Overhead	•	•	•	•	,		725	109	834	834	•							•		27.803
	Security Staff Cost	•		•	,			955	143	1,098	0.152			, ,					, ,		128.071
2e.4.11	Utility Start Cost Subtotal Period 2e Period-Dependent Costs		1,198	. 2	, -		15	10.732	1,875	13.826	13.690	136			349	,	•	•	6,979	12	155.964
200	TOTAL PERIOD 2# COST		1 198	v.	-		5	20,457	4.774	26,450	26.181	234	34	,	348				6.979	228,388	159,084
00 2	TOTALS	7.756	61,720	13,807	1961	24.454	36.988	214,535	74,144	438,365	360,800	68.350	9,214	257,225	105,508	2,937	459	- 19	19,761,760 1	1,193,637	2,760,447
PERIOD 35	PERIOD 3b - Site Restoration																				
Period 3b D	Period 3b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Constitution	and being one of the contract of the																				
3b.1.1.1	Demolition of Remaining Site Buildings 35.1.1.1 Reactor	•	2,627	•					394	3,021		٠	3,021	•				1		38,439	
	AB - Battery & Cable Room (common)	•	181	,	ı	•			22	509	•	į	209					,		2.772	
35.1.1.3	AB - FW Pump/Switchgear Area	•	185					, ,	3.28	254		, ,	254							4,366	
	Auxiliary Building		1,508					٠	226	1,735		•	1,735	•				•		22,370	•
	Auxiliary Service Building (common)	,	826	•		,			124	<b>9</b> 6	•		26	•		•				11,789	
35.1.1.7	Containment Mechanical Equipment		52						ိဗ္တ	272		• 1	272			. ,				5.478	
	Contaminated materials waterouse(Common) Cooling Towers (3)		1,988		•	i k	•	,	388	2,286		•	2.286	•			•	,	•	34,180	• 1
3b.1.1.10	Diesel Generator Building	•	298	•	•				\$	343		•	2 <b>4</b> 5							4, i32	

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					Sib.	Wid i i				1	Spent File	et S.	Processed		Burial Volu	ı	ı	Burial /	ľ	Utility and
	Decon	=	문	Transport P	t Processing	Disposal	Other	Total	Total Lic.	Lic. Term. Ma	-	ē .		Class A C	Class B Class C	l +	GTCC Pro	<b>v</b> ,	Craft Co Manhours Mi	Contractor
Index Activity Description	1862	1800	COSES		1001	1	ı	Continuency			***************************************	l						1		
Demolition of Remaining Site Buildings (continued)		6						72	202	,		207					,	•	3,401	,
30.1.1.11 Lagoons & Tard basins (common) 35.4.4.4.2 Low Descripe Service Water (common)		24.	. ,				,	37	281	,		281	٠				,		3,548	,
		821			,		,	123	94			944	,	,		ı			10,075	,
	•	4,398			,			099	2,057		,	2,057			•				74,828	,
	•	330	•	į	•			<b>4</b>	379	,	•	379					,		9/7/9	
	•	298	•	,	•			130	282	1	•	286	•			,			107.7	
3b.1.1.7 Service Building (common)		893					•	134	1,027			1,027	•				,		0,020	,
	•	51						œ	28			29		,		,		1	ŧ s	
3b.1.1.19 Steam Generator Drain Tank Bldg (common)		45						^	51		•						,		8	
3b.1.1.20 Turbine Building		2.688		•	•			403	3,091			3,091		,		,			4 6 6	
		622						83	716	,		716	1					,	589,	
		38						9	4			4						,	633	•
	ì	51				1		8	28	,		28					1		68/	
		739	,		•	,		111	820			820					,		11,073	
3b.1.1 Totals	•	20.088			•			3.013	23,101			23,101	•						320,704	•
Sec		5 106					,	820	7 114		,	7 114	,		,				23,126	,
		0, 190						97,9	25			138	,			,	,	,	248	,
		2		• 1			4	ō 1~	2 6	25		١,	•	,		,			,	671
30.1.4 Final report to NRC		26.363					5.4	3.964	30 393	25		30,341	,			,		•	344,138	671
35.1 Subtotal Period 35 Activity Costs	•	20.303	•		,	,	?	3		;										
Period 3b Additional Costs																			300	
		1.027	,	•			2	155	1,186		,	1.186	•	i			,	,	15.29T	,
35.2.2 Landfill Post Closure Maintenance	•		•				89	7	22	•		75		•		,		ı	, 8	
	•	1.027			•		73	162	1,261			1,261	•				•		D.23.	
g		CPC		·	•			8	279		,	279	•	٠						,
30.3.1 Small (our allowance		7.7					217	33	249		249		,	,						
35.3 Subtotal Period 3b Collateral Costs	•	242	•	,	•	,	217	69	528		249	279								
36							6	F	390		770	ä								,
							8 5	, ·	8 4		0	8 4	•		. ,				,	,
			,				?	• •	463			5.467				•			,	,
35.4.3 Heavy equipment rental		00/					263	3 02	205		27.0	5	•			,		•	,	•
30.4.4 Figure energy budget				•			515	8 2	676		929	٠.	•	,	,			,		
	•						82	, ao	6	,	9	•	,				,	,		,
	•			,	٠	,	1 82	27	202		202	•	•			•	•			,
	,					1	1,116	167	1,283	1,283	•		•			1	,			ı
		•	•	•			2.010	301	2,311	,	1,618	693	١	•	,		,	•		58,067
_	•	•					11,962	1,794	13,757		12,381	1,376	,	,						196,940
	•	4,750		,	,		17,057	3,195	25.001	1,283	16.022	7.696								799.007
1000 1000000 1000		32 402			,		17 392	7 389	57 183	1.335	16.272	39.576		•					349,429	255,678
SECOND SECOND	•	34.402	•		•		1			}	i	<u>.</u>								
PERIOD 3c - Fuel Storage Operations/Shipping																				
Petiod 30 Urea Decommissioning Admines																				
Period 3c Additional Costs	,		,			,	112	ŧ	123	,		123	,	•	,	•				,
3c.2 Subtotal Period 3c Additional Costs					•		112	£	123		•	123	•							

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2006 dollars)

					Off-Site	1							pessaou		Burial Volumes	П		Burtal /	1	Utility and
Activity Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport P Costs	Processing Costs	Disposal C Costs C	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Costs Li	Lic. Term. I Costs	Management Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet C	اء د	Cu. Feet W	Wt, Lbs. M	Manhours	Manhours
Penod 3c Collateral Costs 3c.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 3c.3 Subtotal Penod 3c Collateral Costs		1.1	, ,				570 570	85	655 655		655 655		• •							
Period 3c Period-Dependent Costs																				
3c,4,1 Insurance	•		•	,			1.286	129	1,415		1.415	•								, ,
		•	•				242	4.5	5 5		90			• :						
	•	,	•				900	\$ 5	1 1 1		106	, ,						,		
	•					,	920	2 6	2 6		792	. ,	,		,					,
	,					,	207	/ 7	338		82	•					•		,	•
-					1		212	\$ \$	247		247		•			,			,	•
	•						5,55	834	795.9		6 397	•							,	151,971
						, ,	2,302	328	2517	, ,	2.517							•	i	37,993
3c.4. Subtotal Period 3c Period-Dependent Costs					•	,	11,394	1.574	12,968		12,968	•	•							189.964
	•			,			12.076	1,671	13.746		13.624	123					,			189,964
PERIOD 3d - GTCC shipping																				
Period 3d Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal 3d.1.1.1 Vessel & Internals GTCC Disposal		•	625		,	14,761	,	2,277	17,663	17,663	i	•		,			98	129,800		
		, ,	625 625			14,761 14,761		2,277 2,277	17,663 17,663	17,663 17,663							8 8	129.800		
Penod 3d Additional Costs 3d.2.1 Landfill Post Closure Maintenance 3d.2 Subrotal Penod 3d Additional Costs		, ,		i r			77	00	7 7			7 7	1 1						1 1	
Period 3d Period-Dependent Costs 3d 4 1 Insurance	•	,		,	•	,	85	8	8	,	8	ı	•	•			•	,		
		٠		•	•		7	٥.	64 1		7 7	•	•				• 1			
3d.4.3 Plant energy budget							<b>.</b> 60		~ 60		- 60						1			
	•		•				4	0	4.		4 (		•							
3d.4.6 ISFSI Operating Costs	•						et m	- 0	ი 41		n <b>4</b> r									
3d.4.8 Security Staff Cost	. ,					,	. e	5	6		91	•			•					2,160
	į	•	•		٠		31	ς γ	8 ;		8 ;	ŀ	•						, ,	2 700
3d.4 Subtotal Penod 3d Penod-Dependent Costs	•				,	,	ç	73	7		<u> </u>	•				,	ı			}
3d.0 TOTAL PERIOD 3d COST	•	,	625		•	14.761	157	2,299	17,841	17.663	171	2	•		•	,	98	129,800		2.700
PERIOD 3e - ISFSI Decontamination																				
Period 3e Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Perrod 3e Additional Costs 3e.2.1 Landfill Pool Closure Maintenance 3e.2.2 ISFSI License Termination 3e.2. Subtotal Perrod 3e Additional Costs		- 603 603		202 202		269 269	1210 1224	1 430 431	15 2,717 2,732		2,717	\$F . \$F	1 1 1	5.247				724,491 724,491	13,470 13,470	
Penod 3e Collateral Costs 3e.3.1 Small tool allowance 3e.3 Subtotal Penod 3e Collateral Costs	1 1	<b>မ</b> မ							~ ~		~ ~	• •						1 1		

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						Off-Site	LLRW				ı	Spent Fuel	Site	Processed		Burial Volumes	П	Ιı			Utility and
Activity		Decon	Removal	Packaging Transport		6	Disposal	Other	Total	Total Market	Lic, Term. M Coets	Management R	Restoration	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A C	Class B Cl	Class C GT	GTCC Proc	Processed Cr Wt. Lbs. Mant	Craft Con Manhours Man	Confractor
Yaou	Hondrigen francy	1000	1000	2000	200		ı	ı		ı											
Period 3	Period 3e Period-Dependent Costs																				
2 4 4 5	Incircoco							161	16	177		177	•	•	,				•		
- 6								æ	,	20		20									
36.4.2	Property laxes			,				2	43.	333		33	,							,	
3e.4.3	Heavy equipment rental		202			,		. :	? •	3 8	•	3 8				,	,				
3e.4.4	Plant energy budget	•						ę,	ю.	8		70					•				
3e.4.5	NRC ISFSI Fees	٠		•				98	7	73	•	22		,				,			
30.45	Indirect Overhead		•					22		52		82	•	•		,		,			•
0 1	200 July 100						,	103	ğ	222		222									5,096
3e.4.	Security Start Cost			•			•	2 5	3 3	1 3		1 8									3 866
3e.4.8	Utility Staff Cost			•		1		/27	\$	Ę		Ę					•	•			3 6
3e.4	Subtotal Period 3e Period-Dependent Costs		289	•			,	740	142	1,171		1,171						ı			8
3e.0	TOTAL PERIOD 3e COST	•	688	3	202		569	1,964	575	3,910		3,895	15	•	5,247				724,491	13,470	8,961
PERIOD	PERIOD 31 - ISFSI Site Restoration																				
Period 31	Period 31 Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
,0	Stand January Comments																				
renod 31	Additional							747	'n	282		•	387	•				,			,
31.2.1	Landhii Maintenance Perpetury		. !		•		,	ì.	3 5	705			\$							8 708	160
3f.2.2	(SFS) Demolition and Restoration	٠	1,176		1			5	287	1.40		<b>2</b>	. ;				•			200	9 5
31.2	Subtotal Period 3f Additional Costs	•	1,176					330	217	1,783		1,401	382		•				ı	8,708	9
Period 31	Period 3f Collateral Costs		•						•	r											
3f.3.1	Small tool allowance		ø							- 1		- 1		•							
31.3	Subtotal Period 3f Collateral Costs		9						-	_		,				•					
Period 36	Period 3f Denod-Denembert Costs																				
26.4.4				•		۰					,				•			•			
÷	Ilisui di Ce	,	1	,				•	•	ç		ę							•		•
31.4.2	Property taxes		. '				•	מ	-;	2 5	•	2 5									
3f.4.3	Heavy equipment rental	•	32						<b>*</b>	3		5			,						
3f.4.4	Plant energy budget		,			•	•	27	4	34		<u>ج</u>									•
31.4.5	Indirect Overhead					•		თ	-	6		9			,	•		,			. !
3146	Security Staff Cost	•	•		,			96	4	110	•	110	,			1	•	,			2,527
26.4.7	Tables Cross Control			•		,		8	14	109		109		•	•			,		,	1,569
	Substitute Description Of Description		ş				,	235	4	379		379				•		,			4,096
<b>t</b>	Subtotal Period of Period-Dependent Costs		3					ì	•												
31.0	TOTAL PERIOD 3f COST		1,277	•	,	•		625	267	2,169		1,787	382			,				8,708	4,256
PERIOD	PERIOD 3 TOTALS	٠	34,577	628	202	•	15.030	32.213	12,200	94.850	18.998	35,754	40,098	•	5,247			999	854,291 3	371,607	461,559
											:		-				9			201.172.4	500
TOTAL C	TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION	10.574	98.938	14,508	5.325	24.454	54.408	328,910	99.610	636,727	477.846	109.208	49.6/2	22/72	172,234	3,566	e de la companya de l	90	C), /36,3/U		200,000

Table C-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
DECON Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Pia	ğ	ž
Utility and	Confractor	Manho
	Craft	Manhour
Burial /	Total Lic, Term. Management Restoration Volume Class A Class B Class C GTCC Processed Craft Col	Costs Costs Cu. Feet Cu. Feet Cu. Feet Cu. Feet Cu. Feet Wt., Lbs. Manhours Manhours
	GTCC	Cu. Feet
umes	Slass C	u. Feet
Burial Volumes	lass B (	u. Feet
	) A see!	u. Feet
Processed	olume	u. Feet
te Pro	ration	Sts C
S	nt Resto	ន
Spent Fuel	Managemet	Costs
NRC	c. Term.	Costs
	Total	Costs
	Total	Contingency
	Other	Costs
LLRW	Disposal	
Off-Site	Processing	Costs
	ransport	Costs
	ckaging	Costs
	moval Pa	ost
	Scon Re	) jest
	۵	٥
		5
		y Descripti
		Activit
	Activity	Index

TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION WITH 18.55% CONTINGENCY:	\$636,727 thousands of 2008 dollars
TOTAL NRC LICENSE TERMINATION COST IS 75.0% OR:	\$477,846 thousands of 2008 dollars
SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT COST IS 17.2% OR:	\$109,208 thousands of 2008 dollars
NON-NUCLEAR DEMOLITION COST IS 7.8% OR:	\$49,672 thousands of 2008 dollars
TOTAL LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE VOLUME BURIED (EXCLUDING GTCC):	116,379 cubic feet
TOTAL GREATER THAN CLASS C RADWASTE VOLUME GENERATED:	666 cubic feet
TOTAL SCRAP METAL REMOVED:	53,881 tons
TOTAL CRAFT LABOR REQUIREMENTS:	1,574,704 man-hours

End Notes na - indicates that this activity not charged as decommissioning expense, a - indicates that this activity performs by decommissioning staff, a - indicates that this value is less than 0.5 but is non-zero, a cell containing "... indicates a zero value.

# APPENDIX D DETAILED COST ANALYSIS SAFSTOR

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2006 dollars)

					٠	e sine						Spent ruel	Site Despendent	Volume		31			. 1	1 m	ntractor
Activity	Activity Description	Cost	Removai Cost	Packaging Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs C	Costs Con	Contingency	Costs	Costs m		Costs		Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet C	Cu. Feet Cu.	Cu. Feet Wt.	ı	2	Manhours
PERIOD 1a - SI	PERIOD 1a - Shutdown through Transition																	İ			
Period 1a Direc	Period 1a Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
111	SAFSTOR eite characterization cuivey					,		381	114	495	495		•	٠							
	Prepare preliminary decommissioning cost		,	•	٠	į		88	13	5	5	•	•	,			•				1,300
1a.1.3 Notif	Notification of Cessation of Operations Remove first & source material									e S											
	Notification of Permanent Defueling									æ											
	Deactivate plant systems & process waste							ţ	8	e 7	924										2 000
	Prepare and submit PSDAR							ž 8	8 5	8 5	8 5										1,300
	Review plant dwgs & specs.	•		•		1	,	3	?	, n	9										
18.1.9 Pen	Perform detailed rad survey			٠		•		89	10	82	78			,			,				1,000
	Estimate by-product myellony			. 1		,		89	5	182	182	,	•	•	,	•			,		1,000
	Detailed by-product inventory			,		,	•	5	t5	117	117	•	•	•					,		1,500
	Define major work sequence	•	•	,				89	9	78	78		•								1000
	form SER and EA	•	,		1		,	210	31	241	241	•		•		,					3,100
1a.1.15 Perf	Perform Site-Specific Cost Study	1						338	54	388	388		•	•							000
Activity Specifications																					
1a.1,16.1 Pre	1a.1.16.1 Prepare plant and facilities for SAFSTOR	,	,	•	ı	•	,	333	ሜ	383	383			•		,					4,920
1a.1.16.2 Plan	Plant systems		•	•	,			282	42	324	324						,				4,167
	Plant structures and buildings	•	•	,		•	•	211	32	243	243		•		,				,		3,50
	la.1.16.4 Waste management			•	ţ	ı	1	135	88	92	\$ t		•							•	9,0
3	Facility and site dormancy	1						5 5	8 3	35	92.5	•	•					1 (	, ,		16.207
1a.1.16 Total	-		•				,	25	<u> </u>	<b>Q</b>	9	•		•		•		,			2
Detailed Work Procedures	Procedures																				
1a.1.17.1 Plant systems	nt systems		,	•	,		ı	98	12	8	92	•	1		ı	,		•		,	20 5
7	Facility closeout & dormancy	•						26 £	2 5	93	ន គឺ							, ,			2.383
1a.1.17 Total	a		•					<u> </u>	₹.	6	2		•	•	r	ľ		ı			i
1a.1.18 Pro	Procure vacuum drying system	٠		•	•	٠	,	7	-	œ	80	•	•			•		,			6
	Drain/de-energize non-cont. systems									es :											
	Drain & dry NSSS									<b>.</b>											
1a 1 22 Dec	Decovering contaminated systems									i no											
	Subtotal Penod 1a Activity Costs	,		1				2,808	478	3,286	3,286		•	•	ı						35,890
Period 1a Collateral Costs	iteral Costs																				
1a.3.1 Spe	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer	1			•	,	,	529	62	809	,	909	•								
1a.3 Sub	Subtotal Period 1a Collateral Costs		1		•			529	43	809		909						,			
Penod 1a Perk	Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs																				
1a.4.1 Insu	Insurance	1	,		•			1,184	118	1,303	1,303	•	•								
1a.4.2 Pro	Property taxes			•	1		1	99.	ē	6.367 554	8,36/ 554	, ,		, ,							•
	neatti priyates supplies Heavy equipment reptal	. ,	450						89	518	518	٠	•	٠	٠	,		•	•		
	Disposal of DAW generated	٠		on	2	ı	92		80	45	45		1	•	919				12,311	21	
	Plant energy budget	1	•	•	•			1,592	239	1831	1,831		•	•	•						
	NRC Fees	ı			,		ı	9 5	<b>-</b> 8	9 9	9//	410	• 1							. ,	
8.4.er	Emergency Planning Fees				1 (	• •	, ,	508	8 %	241	241	) F '		•	•						
	Spent Fire Pool O&M				•			745	112	857	. •	857	•		•		,		,		•
	Indirect Overhead	,		•	1	•	,	2.457	369	2,826	2,826		•	•	•	,					, !
	Security Staff Cost		,		1	•		3,002	450	3,453	3,453	•	•								102.075

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

											- 1						l			1
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal	Packaging 1 Costs	Fransport P Costs	Processing Di Costs	Disposal O Costs Co	Other T	Total Contingency	Total Lic Costs C	NKC S Lic. Term. Ma Costs	Spent Fuel Management R Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cl	Class B Class C Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	s C GTCC Feet Cu. Feet	Processed et Wt, Lbs.	d Craft Manhours	Contractor Manhours
Penod ta Pen 1a.4.13 Uti	Penod 1a Penod-Dependent Costs (continued) 1a.4.13 Utility Staff Cost	,	,	1	1			23,876	3,581	27,458	27,458	• 1	•	,	. ;	,				433,829
1a.4 Su	Subtotal Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs	1	968	on	7			1,760		48.647	47,371	1,276			919	,		12,31		535,903
1a.0 TC	TOTAL PERIOD 1a COST	•	894	თ	2		82	45.097	6,514	52.541	50,657	1,884			616			12,311	1 21	571,793
PERIOD 16.	PERIOD 16 - SAFSTOR LImited DECON Activities																			
Penod 1b Dire	Penod 1b Direct Decommissioning Activities																			
Decontaminat	Decontamination of Site Buildings																			
1b.1.1.1 Re	Reactor Arcition Building	901							451 234	1,352	1,352		, ,						21,905	
	Containment Mechanical Equipment	25		,	•				9	3.	31			,				•	230	•
	Fuel Building	750		,	,	•			375	1,125	1,125								16,577	
	Retired Steam Generator Pacifity  Totals	2,169		. ,					1,084	3.253	3,253								52,109	
1b.1 Su	Subtotal Period 1b Activity Costs	2,169		,	,		ı		1,084	3,253	3.253	•		•	,	,			52,109	
Period 1b Add	Period 1b Additional Costs								}		9									
15.2.1 Sp 15.2 Su	Spent Fuel Pool Isolation Subtotal Period 1b Additional Costs							9.407 9.407	1,411	918,01 919,01	10.819		. ,	. 1		, ,				, ,
Period 1b Collateral Costs	llateral Costs																			
	Decon equipment	862	1	, ¥	- 424		, ,		129	991	991	•			, 1			45 97/	. 149	
	Small tool allowance	2 ,	, e	₽.	ž,		3 ,		ခွ ဖ	45	45				3,				_	. 1
• •	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer							138	2	159	•	159			•			• •	. :	•
1b.3 S.	Subtotal Period 1b Collateral Costs	974	စ္တ	45	127		200	138	286	1.808	1,649	159			992			45.971		
Period 1b Per	Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs	7.97							Ş	9	ayo		,				,	•	•	•
	Decor supplies Insurance	ě,	. ,					238	30	328	328								•	•
	Property taxes	•1	. ;	•	•	,	1	1,419	142	1,561	1,561			•				•	•	•
16.4.4 1.4.4.	Health physics supplies Heavy equipment rental	, ,	325						17	9 6	\$ £	, ,	. 1							
	Disposal of DAW generated	1		60	-		23	1	. ^	4	8	•			548			10,961		•
	Plant energy budget	ı		i	•	i	ı	104	9 ;	462	462			•		•				•
	NKC Fees Emergepov Planning Fees				. ,			<u>2</u> 98	2 €	ğ Ş	<u>g</u> ,	, 92								, ,
	FEMA Fees	٠					•	23	80	61	61		,	•				•	•	ı
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M	•		1		•	•	188	8 8	216	. 2	216								
	Security Staff Cost	. 1						757	3 1	870	870								•	25,728
	Utility Staff Cost	7.57	. 5	, •	, -		, 8	6.018	903	6.921	6,921		•	•	, 7, AB			10.061		135,077
	ubtotal remod to remod-Dependent costs	0	P: #	0	-	•		0.020	<u>.</u>	Š	Š	77			ţ					
1b.0 TC	TOTAL PERIOD 1b COST	3,909	477	53	129		223	19.574	4,482	28.847	28.366	481	•		1,314			- 56.932	52.277	135.077
PERIOD 1c.	PERIOD 1c - Preparations for SAFSTOR Dormancy																			
Period 1c Dir	Period 1c Direct Decommissioning Activities																			
10.1.1 10.1.2 10.1.2	Prepare support equipment for storage Install containment pressure equal. lines	1 1	388 32					5	ဆို လ ကို	8 8 8	8 8 8								3,000	
	interim survey prior to dormancy			,				3	777	506	ĝ	1		•					Ĺ	ı

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					ľ							Spent Fuel	Site	Processed	V seed	Burial Volumes	fumes	1	3	Utility and	2
Activity	Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs Co	Contingency	Costs	Costs "		Costs		Ť	- 1	Ĭ	et Wt, Lbs.	ž	Manhours	1
1c.1.4	Secure building accesses Prepare & submit interim report		,		,	,	,	38	9	a 45	45			•	,	•		,	•	<i>ъ</i>	583
1c.1	Subtotal Period 1c Activity Costs		420	1	1			277	289	1.481	1,481	•	•	ı	٠			,	17,801		283
Period 1c C 1c.3.1 F 1c.3.2 5 1c.3.3 6 1c.3.3 6	Period 1c Collateral Costs 1c.3.1 Process liquid waste 1c.3.2 Small fool allowants 1c.3.3 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 1c.3.3 Subdotal Period 1c Collateral Costs	185 185	 	£7 £7	210		328	- 137 137	213 0 21 235	1,010 4 158 1,171	1,010 4 - 1,01	. 158 158			1,281			75,657	57 246	1111	
Penod 1c P 1c.4.1 1c.4.2 1c.4.3 1c.4.4 1c.4.5 1c.4.6	Period 1c Period-Dependent Costs 1c.4.1 insurance 1c.4.2 Property taxes 1c.4.3 Heath physics supples 1c.4.4 Heavy equipment ental 1c.4.5 Disposal of DAW generated 1c.4.6 Plant energy budget		185 113	,				298	28 128 77 70 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	328 1.409 232 130 11	328 1,409 232 130 14	11111							, , , , <sup>-</sup> ,	, , , , , ,	
10.4.7 10.4.8 10.4.9 10.4.10 10.4.11	Enregency Planning Fees FEMA Fees FEMA Fees FEMA Fees Feed Feel Pool O&M Indirect Overhead Indirect Overhead Indirect Overhead Indirect Overhead	. , . , ,						178 96 53 188 619 757	28 8 8 6 4 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	216 216 217 870 870	196 - 61 712 870									25,728	,
	Outiny Staff Loss Subtotal Period 1c Period-Dependent Costs TOTAL PERIOD 1c COST	. 182	299	2 76	210		335	9.890	1,456	11,654	13.826	322			1,416			3,103	5 5 60 18,052		077
PERIOD 1 TOTALS PERIOD 2a - SAFS1	PERIOD 1 TOTALS PERIOD 2a - SAFSTOR Dormancy with Wet Spent Fuel Storage	4.094 ge	2,092	138	341	r	583	75,470	12,975	95,694	92,849	2,845	•		3,346			148,002	02 70,350	0 642.531	531
Period 2a D 2a.1.1 2a.1.3 2a.1.3 2a.1.4 2a.1.5	Period Za Direct Decommissioning Activities 2a.1.1 Quantity lisspection 2a.1.2 Semi-sentual environmental survey 2a.1.3 Prepare reports 2a.1.4 Bultumous roll orgalement 2a.1.5 Mantheance supplies 2a.1.5 Sublotal Period Za Activity Costs							360 1.295 1.655	54 324 378	a a 414 1,619 2,033	414 1,619 2,033										
Period 2a C 2a.3.1 2a.3	Period 2a Collateral Costs 2a.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 2a.3 Subiotal Period 2a Collateral Costs	, ,	, 1	4 1				86.99 86.99	1,050 1,050	8,048 8,048		8,048 8,048					1 1		, ,		
Penod 2a F 2a 4.1 2a 4.2 2a 4.3 2a 4.5 2a 4.5 2a 4.7 2a 4.9 2a 4.9 2a 4.10 2a 4.10 2a 4.10	Perrod 2a Perrod-Oppendent Costs 2a.4.1 Piculance 2a.4.3 Proberty Javes 2a.4.4 Poster Supplies 2a.4.4 Disposal of DAW generated 2a.4.5 Pant energy budget 2a.4.5 Pant energy budget 2a.4.5 Pant energy budget 2a.4.8 Separe		1,052	, , , & , , , , , , ,				5.329 20,746 - 3.281 2.076 3.923 7.681 4.809 19,650 48,351	533 2,075 263 53 492 208 392 1,152 7,253	5,862 12,820 13,15 308 3,774 2,284 4,315 8,833 5,530 22,597 55,604	5.265 298 1,315 308 1,887 2,284 - - 1,225 8,256 11,488	22.522 2.522 1.887 1.887 4.315 8.833 4.305 14.341						85,025	025 144	4	

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

							1,517	cilonsainus oi 2008 dollais	2000	(6.18											
Activity		2000	Removal		Transport P	Off-Site	LLRW		Total	Total	NRC Lic. Term.		Site Restoration	Processed Volume		ısı	1	B GTCC Pro	Burial / Processed	Craft C	Utility and Contractor
Index	Activity Description	Cost		Costs				Costs Con	Contingency		- 1	Costs	Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet		Cu. Feet Cu	J		2	Manhours
2a.4	Subtotal Period 2a Period-Dependent Costs	•	1,052	65	12	,	179 1	115,846	16,089	133,243	32,326	100,917	,	•	4,251		1		85,025	<del>1</del>	1,477,536
2a.0	TOTAL PERIOD 2a COST	•	1,052	99	5		179 1	124,500	17,517	143,324	34,359	108,965			4,251		,		85,025	<del>1</del>	1,477,536
PERIOD :	PERIOD 2b - SAFSTOR Dormancy with Dry Spent Fuel Storage	aĝe																			
Period 2b 2b.1.1 2b.1.2 2b.1.3 2b.1.4 2b.1.5	Period 2b Direct Decommissioning Activities 2b. 1.1 Quarterly inspection 2b.1.2 Semi-annual environmental survey 2b.1.3 Prepare reports 2b.1.4 Ruhmnous of replacement 2b.1.5 Maintenance supplies 2b.1.5 Subtotal Period 2b Activity Costs						1.1.1	192 692 884	29 173 202	a a 221 865 1,086	221 865 1.086										, , ,
Period 2b 2b.3.1 2b.3	Period 2b Collateral Costs 2b.3.1 Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer 2b.3 Subtotal Period 2b Collateral Costs					, ,		763 763	4 4	878 878	1 1	878 878			4 1		. ,			. ,	
Period 2b 2b.4.1	Period 2b Period-Dependent Costs 2b.4.1 Insurance 2b.4.2 Propertieves							2,623	262	2.886	2.812	7.			٠.						
2b.4.3	Health physics supplies	•	471	. :	. '		. 8	! .	118	589	589					·			, 25	٤ ،	
25.4.4 25.4.5	Disposal of DAW generated Plant energy budget			ž,	ρ,		2 ,	876	4 £	1,008	1008				2 ,				77.30	<b>!</b> ,	
2b.4.6 2b.4.7	NRC Fees Francoury Planning Fees	, ,						1,109 275	11 88	303	1,220	303		. ,							, ,
2b.4.8	Indirect Overhead	, ,			, ,		. ,	1,040	156 851	1,197	654 4.410	542 2.113		, ,							154.980
25.4.10 25.4	Utility Staff Cost Subtotal Period 2b Period-Dependent Costs		471	, 25	, 60		ø	10,097 21,839	1,515 3,212	11,612 25,650	6,136 17,143	5,476 8,507			2,115			. ,	42,302	. 22	183,680 338,660
2b.0	TOTAL PERIOD 25 COST	,	471	32	ø	•	68	23,487	3,529	27.613	18,229	9,385	•	,	2.115				42,302	72	338,660
PERIOD	PERIOD 2c - SAFSTOR Dormancy without Spent Fuel Storage	ş																			
Period 2c 2c.1.1 2c.1.2 2c.1.3 2c.1.4 2c.1.5	Period 2c Direct Decommissioning Activities 2c 1.1 Quanterly Inspection 2c.1.2 Semi-annual environmental survey 2c.1.3 Prepare reports 2c.1.4 Billiminous ord replacement 2c.1.4 Billiminous ord replacement 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies 2c.1.5 Subject Supplies			, , ,				1,292 4,647 5,939	194 1,162 1,356	a a 1,485 5,809 7,294	1,485 5,809 7,294			1 1 1	1 1 1						
Period 2c 2c.4.1	Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs 2c.4.1 Insurance		•				•	17,171	1,717	18,889	18.889	•	•	•		,	,				•
20.4.2	Property taxes Health chusics sumilies		2 977					973	744	3,722	3,722					, ,		. ,			. ,
20.4.4	Disposal of DAW generated	•	,	211	38	•		. ;	173	1 006	1,006		٠	•	13,884	,			277,673	469	
2c.4.5	Plant energy budget							5.887	883 675	7.421	5,770	, ,					. ,			, ,	
20.4.7	Indirect Overhead				, ,			3,822	573	4,395	4,395	•	٠	•			•				•
2c.4.8	Security Staff Cost	•		٠		•		25,759	3.864	29.622	29,622	•	٠								578.314
20.4.9 20.4	Utility Staff Cost Subtotal Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs		2.977	211	, 88			35,84U 96,198	14,102	114,111	114,111		. ,	, ,	13,884		, ,		277.673	469	1,253,014
2c.0	TOTAL PERIOD 26 COST	1	2.977	211	38	1	288	102,137	15,458	121,405	121,405		•	•	13,884	•	,		277,673	469	1,253,014

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

							LLRW				ı	Spent Fuel	Site	Processed		Burial Volumes	umes		Burial /		Utility and
Activity Activity	Activity Description	Decon Cost	Removał Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport P Costs	Processing ( Costs	Disposal Costs (	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total L Costs	Lic. Term. N Costs	¥	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B ( Cu. Feet (	Class C Cu. Feet C	GTCC P	Processed Wt., Lbs. A	Craft Manhours	Contractor Manhours
PERIOD 2 TOTALS			4,501	308	92		852 2	250,123	36,503	292,342	173,993	118,350		,	20,250		,	,	404,999	685	3,069,210
PERIOD 3a - Reactivate Site Following SAFSTOR Dormancy	wing SAFSTOR Dormancy																				
38	Activities ommissioning cost ecs.				, ,	, ,		88 311	13	101 358	101 358	1 1	1 1								1,300
3a.1.3 Perform detailed rad survey 3a.1.4 End product description	vey	•			,	,		89	9	a 57	78						,		,	,	1,000
	intory	•	•	•	•	•		8 6	13	101	5 6	•	,	•	,	ı	,	,	ı	•	1,300
	200	. ,	. ,					210	e E	241	241					, ,			, ,		3, 5
3a.1.8 Perform Site-Specific Cost Study 3a.1.9 Prepare/submit License Termination Plan 3a.1.10 Receive NRC approval of termination plan	ost Study Termination Plan if termination plan							338 277	4 51	389 319 a	389 319		, ,	, ,	, ,					, ,	5,000 4,096
Activity Specifications																					
	orary facilities	,	•	,	•	•		498	75	573	516		57	•	,	,	,	,	,	,	7,370
3a.1.11.2 Plant systems 3a.1.11.3 Reactor internals								787 787	2 22	324 552	282		ξ,					. ,	. ,		,4,7 7,100
3a.1.11.4 Reactor vessel			•					440	8 4	206	96	1	•				,			•	6,500
				. ,		,		211	25	243	243										3,120
3a.1.11.7 Reinforced concrete 3a.1.11.8 Main Turbine		, ,	, ,	. ,	, 1	. ,		108 72	δ 4	124 34	8,	. ,	3 53	, ,		. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,		6 6 6 6
3a.1.11.9 Main Condensers	į	,	,		٠		,	75.5	4 (	33	. ;		31	•							400
3a.1.11.10 Flant structures & building 3a.1.11.11 Waste management	Så							311	4 2	358	328		5.								3.120 4.600
3a.1.11.12 Facility & site closeout 3a.1.11 Total					. ,	. ,	. ,	61 2 690	9 404	3090	35		35	, ,				, ,		, ,	39 777
									į		} ;										
Planning & Site Preparations 3a.1.12 Prepare dismantling sequence	uence		,	,	,	,		162	24	187	187			•							2.400
	<i>\$</i> 6			•		•	•	2,700	405	3,105	3,105	•	•	•	1	•			•	1	
<ol> <li>Ja. 1,14 Design water clean-up system</li> <li>Ja. 1,15 Rigging/Cont. Critif Envlps/tooling/etc.</li> </ol>	system ps/tooling/etc.				, ,		, ,	2. 10.	315	109 2.415	109 2,415			, ,						. ,	1,400 '
3a.1.16 Procure casks/liners & containers 3a.1 Subtotal Period 3a Activity Costs	containers ity Costs		• )		, 1	1 1		83 9.717	12 1.458	96 11,174	96 10,804		370	. ,							1,230
3a/								;	į	:	,									;	
3a.2.1 Site Characterization 3a.2 Subtotal Period 3a Additional Costs	tional Costs	1 1			1 1			2.927 2.927	878 878	3,805	3,805	, ,		, ,		, ,				19,100 19,100	7,852
Period 3a Period-Dependent Costs				,				787	Ą	2											
		, ,	. ,	, ,	. ,	. ,		8 4	۳	5 83	58	, ,	, ,								, ,
3a.4.3 Health physics supplies			382			,	,		88	181	481		•	,	,	,	,	·	,	•	
	ated		? ,	. *	, -		, 82		g w	37	37		. ,		514		, ,		10,287	- 14	
3a.4.6 Plant energy budget								1.592	, 33 33 34	1,831	1,831	• •	•	•	• 1	•		•			
			•					1.465	520	1,685	1,685						,	•	•		• •
<b>"</b> ₽								1,232	2.163	1,417	1,417						. ,			٠.	35,728 258,629
3a.4 Subtotal Period 3a Period-Dependent Costs	od-Dependent Costs		835	ø0	-	•	ដ	19.448	3.050	23.364	23,364	•	•	•	514	•			10,287	11	294,357

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity	Decon	Removal	Packaging	Transport	. 2	LLRW Disposal (	Other	Total		NRC S Lic. Term. Ma	Spent Fuel Management R	Site F Restoration	Processed _ Volume	Class A C	ısı	ပ	B GTCC Pro			Utility and Contractor
Index Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Costs			- 1	-	Contingency	1	Costs	Costs	Costs	Cu. Feet		Cu. Feet C			Wt, Lbs. Ma	Manhours	Manhours
3a.0 TOTAL PERIOD 3a COST	1	835	60	-		52	32,092	5,386	38,344	37,973	•	370	•	514	,		•	10,287	19,117	374,912
PERIOD 3b - Decommissioning Preparations																				
Period 3b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Detailed Work Procedures																				
	1	•	•				431	65	496	446		20								4,733
	,		,		•		228	<b>x</b> :	<b>5</b> 85	<b>3</b> 62		, ,						•	•	2,500
			,				123	æ ;	141	35		8								000
35.1.1.4 CRD cooling assembly						. ,	<u>,</u>	ā <b>2</b>	ē Ę	ਤ <b>ਦ</b>		1 1						. ,		900
			•				5 5	4	105	105							,	•		000
	•		,	•	•	,	331	20	380	380		•	•				,	•		3,630
3b.1.1.8 Facility closeout	•		٠	•			109	9	126	63	•	63	•							1,200
	•	•	1				4	9	47	47	,	1							,	420
	•	•	•		•	1	109	16	126	126		,						•	•	1,200
	1	•	•				419	8	482	482		۱.			ı			•	,	9,600
	•	•		,			ج ج	<del>7</del> 7	5 5	25		52			•					000,1
		•					24.	5 7		•		5 5			,	,	1			1,560
	•						245	3.7	286	25.7		် င	•	• •	•	•				2,50
35.1.1.13 Auxiliary building						, ,	243	6 K	286	25.5		6 6				, .		. ,		2,730
						. ,	2.938	44	3.379	2.724	•	655	•	•					•	32,243
3b.1 Subtotal Period 3b Activity Costs	ı	•	1	•	•		2,938	<del>1</del> 4	3,379	2,724		655								32,243
Period 3b Collateral Costs																				
3b.3.1 Decon equipment	862		•	•	1	•		129	991	991	•	,	٠							•
~	•		•	•	ı	•	,	150	1,150	1,150		,								
3b.3 Subtotal Period 3b Collateral Costs	862	1,000	•	•	•			279	2.141	2,141										
Period 3b Period-Dependent Costs																				
3b.4.1 Decon supplies	27	٠	,					7	8	34	•						,	,		
	1	•	•	•		,	264	8	280	290										,
	1	1	1				13	-	15	5						,	•		•	•
	•	213	•					23	566	586			٠	,	•	•	,			
		229	. `	. •		. 5		<b>X</b> •	<b>%</b> 2	4 2				, 6				. 2	Ş	
35.4.5 Disposal of DAW generated			•	-	,	Σ.	. 4	ţ	033	933			, ,	767				3	2 .	
	•	,				•	127	5	140	140			•				•	•		
	•	•	•				1,036	155	1,191	1,191		٠	٠							
	٠	•	•	•	•		628	35	722	722	1									18,207
=	. !		,	,	,	, ;	10,415	1,562	11,978	11,978	1			. 8				, 6	, \$	182,811
3b.4 Subtotal Period 3b Period-Dependent Costs	27	443	4	-		12	13,294	2,072	15,853	15,853	į			282				58.0	2	8L0, L02
3b.0 TOTAL PERIOD 3b COST	888	1,443	4	-	•	12	16,232	2.792	21,373	20,718		929		292				5,831	10	233,261
PERIOD 3 TOTALS	888	2,277	12	2		\$	48,325	8,178	59.717	58.691	•	1,026	•	908				16,119	19,127	608.173
PERIOD 4s . I save Communant Bernarial																				
Period 4a Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal																				
4a.1.1.1 Reactor Coolant Piping	37	173	21	21	158	167		132	710	710			<b>83</b>	<b>83</b>		•		147.070	5,201	,
4a.1.1.2 Pressurizer Relief Tank	4				<b>%</b>	8		8	115	115	•	•	36	136				30,174	482	•

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity Description			Determined to	Parales and and	1	C. Taleston						Managanah	Destandian	Value	4	d seel	l,		- Constant		Contractor
		Cost		Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs Cor	Contingency	Costs	Costs		Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet Cu. Fee	اي	Cu. Feet	Wt, Lbs.	2	Manhours
Nuclear Steam Supply System Removal (continued)	(continued)																				
4a.1.1.3 Reactor Coolant Pumps & Motors	tors	5	69	တ္တ	152	143	1,210	,	376	2,004	2,004	•	•	272	4,708				888,360	3,463	
		٠ ۲	5 45	351	129	, 00	477		263	92,56	1,569	•	,	2466	2,490				6/0/0/	428,F	, , c
4a.1.15 Steam Generators	9	87	2.606	2,369	1,038	2,281	24.2		3,860 2,860 2,870	7 7 8	17,100			22,105	15,13				2,266,303	13.520	1500
	* Removal	, %	, <del>E</del>	. 09C	73	33	151		113	2 28	738			40.	3.425				84.283	2.488	,
		8	1.921	4,768	312	١.	4.543	193	5,054	16,877	16,877	j	•		3,618	125	470		342,705	23,700	1,080
	posal			,	,	•	14,761		2,214	16,975	16,975		•		٠	. !			129,800	. :	. !
4a.1.1.10 Reactor Vessel		, 4	3,845	1,157	91	7 030	6,560	193	5,505	18,350	18,350	• 1	•	45 203	6.290	2,955	470	. 8	7 369 558	23,700	1,080
44		704	2	200	90.4	ř	20,00	3	2 4	77.00	77	,		2		8	7		200		3
a			;	;	1	!			į	,	,			,					000	č	
4a.1.2 Main Turbine/Generator			328	213	52	746	140		249	1,760	1,760	•	•	4,9/4	2 145				519 770	78.459	
			711.	3	<u>.</u>	3	<u>n</u>		176	3,027	3,02,	•	•	177.	Ň		•		2	200	
8	molition																				
			308				•		94 ,	322	355	•	•			,				4,509	
4a.1.4.2 AB - FW Pump/Switchgear Area	63		8 9	•	•	•			n 7	5 5	5 2		•	•	•	•	•	•		887 C	
	tie de la constant de		<u> </u>	•					ζ-	ک ف	وَ د								. ,	105	
			90						12	85	95		•	,	•					1,173	•
			16	,	,	,			4	10	104	į	•	1	•					1,109	
		•	282					,	45	325	325			•	,					4,856	•
4a.1.4.8 Upper Head Injection Tank Building	nikling		4				,	,	-	2	2	•	•	•		,	•	•	•	70	,
4a.1.4 Totals		,	954						143	1,097	1.097	•	•	•	•					14.497	
Disposal of Plant Systems																					
4a.1.5.1 Aux Bldg Chilled Water		,	8	- :	e ;	66	,		8	219	219	1	•	1,094					44,411	1,857	•
			528	12	24	927			200	330	1.390		, ;	10.186			1	•	413,660	5.480	
4a.1.5.3 Auxiliary Steam 4a.1.5.4 Auxiliary Steam DCA			2 ¥	, °	, •	133			45 4	470	270		<u>*</u> ,	1467					59.568	2 241	
	£		, ru	٠,	٠,	2 ,	•		·	9 40	) ;	,	9			•				4	
	i		o oco	1	,				-	თ		•	0	•	٠			•	,	251	•
			320				,		52	402	,	•	402	,	•	•			•	10,255	1
			<del>.</del> 6	,	,			,	on (	٤:	,	•	6:	•	•				,	1,737	
4a.1.5.9 Condenser Cleaning			<b>8</b> 8	ı		ı			p v	4 6		•	44	•						2 8	
	Water	. ,	212	, 4	· «c	308	, ,		101	. <del>2</del> 6	634		٠,	3.389					137,648	4,986	•
			06		٠,	١,			13	103	,	•	103	•	•					2,691	
	uou		<b>6</b>		•	. '	,		- 1	<b>o</b> ;	. :		6	. !	•				, ;	238	•
4a.1.5.14 Conventional Chemical Addition RCA	tion RCA		ž á	o	9	0	,		e .	8 8	8	•	, 8	3	•	•			4,474	<b>4</b> 5	
			2 8	, ,	, ,	. ,			, o	3 2			2 2	•					,	1 753	•
1			27	1	,	,	,	,	4	۳	•	٠	31	,	•				•	829	•
			8	,	,	•			vo •	. 38		•	38	•				,		1012	•
4a.1.5.19 UG Koom Sump Pump			ع م			•	•		- e	۲ در			` "							2 2	. ,
		. ,	3 15		, 1				າແ	3 6	. ,		2 65					. ,		1525	
	JIO.		£	•	,	,			5 0	15	,	•	15	•			,	,		415	
	sam Seal	,	e	,	,	,			0	9	,	,	e	•	•			,		8	•
			4 78	m	7	249		,	85 T	396	396	•	. •	2.742	•				111,348	1,945	
44.1.5.25 Generalor Hydrogen			` •	•					- •	• =	•	•	. ±							3.5	
			. E						- 25	88		٠	· 86	•	•					666	
		,	128	•	,			٠	6	747		•	147	•	•					3.850	
			6 1	,	,	,	•		e (	2 2		•	2 2	•	•					229	
4a.1.5.30 neater vent			=			,	,		3	3	,	,	3	•	•		,	,	1	}	

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					Off-Site	WA				L	Spent Fuel	Sibs	Processed		Burial Volun	Į	L	Burial /	3	pue A
Activity Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging 1 Costs	Transport Pi Costs	Costs	Disposal Costs	Other Costs Con	Total	Total Lik	Lkc. Term. M Costs	=	ē.		Cu. Feet C	Class B Cl	Fee C	GTCC Proc	<b>T</b> .	Craft Con Manhours Mar	Contractor
					ĺ	l	ı		ı	l			ı			ı				
~																				
		37		ı	,		,	ယ္	6			£					•		1,130	•
	•	14		•				5	17	•	•	17			•				450	
		%		,			,	4	90	,	,	90		,	,		,		<b>1</b>	
4a.1.5.34 Main Steam Leakoff & Steam Seal		<b>*</b>		•	, ;			- (	ים ני	. ;		מס	. :						545	
	•	9 5		- (	54	,	,	t i	76	97			594					24,127	601	
		119	n	٥	230			8	423	423			2,525					_	7,897	
		- 1			•			0	-			-							90 (	
4a.1.5.38 Moisture Separator Reheater Bid Steam	•	ο ;					,	- 1	9		•	9							8	
		4	,		. !	1		, 22	<u>8</u>	. '	1	<u>\$</u>	. !						4,233	
		19	0	0	16	•	1	7	24	42	1		174	1				0	420	
		52		٠	٠		,	4	78			78	,		ı	ı	•		762	
		თ	0	0	Φ			4	2	22			9					4,077	211	
		3	•	•				0	က		,	6							2	
		247	5	50	773			182	1,232	1,232			8,495		,		e	345,002	6.086	•
4a.1.5.45 Steam Supply to FW Pump Turbine	٠	24		•				4	58		•	78	•	,					743	
	٠	m	,					0	4	,		4	•		,	,	,	,	102	
•	•	0						c	0			2					,		4	
	٠	· ÷	•						. =			1 =	٠				,		298	
		2.478	37	74	2.809			920	6,318	4.762		1.556	30.876		,	,	- 1.2	1,253,884 6	67,313	
4a.1.6 Scaffolding in support of decommissioning	•	685	12	ю	70	œ	•	186	965	962	•	٠	694	43	•			35,088	21,589	
49.1 Subtotal Dacod de Activity Costs	ART	14 211	11 760	3 643	0 480	45 713	385	23 234	108 303	106 837	,	1 556	80.024	53 701	2.080	470	9 0	20 801 128	237 584	5 7R5
	407	5	-	75.5	n F	ž	8		266,90	3		2	30.50	5	200.5	ř			5	3
4a																				
	19		თ	52	•	33		23	114	114		•		84			,	8,885	53	
	•	164			•	1		52	189	170		19							,	•
<u>س</u>							929	101	777	777							,		,	
4a.3 Subtotal Period 4a Collateral Costs	19	164	on	52		æ	9/9	149	1,079	1,061		19		<del>6</del>				8,885	83	
Period 4a Period-Dependent Costs																				
4a.4.1 Decon simplies	7	,	,	,	,	,	,	¥	ď	æ	•	,	٠	٠						
							200	0,2	270	770					,			,		
	•	•	•	,	٠	,	98	4	38	35		4	•							
	1	1.545	,	1	,	,	1	386	1,931	1,931	,	,	,	,						
4a.4.5 Heavy equipment rental	•	2,930						439	3,369	3,369			٠	,						
	•	•	99	9	,	155		\$	267	267		•		3,691				73,827	125	
	•		•	·		,	2,047	307	2.354	2,354	•		•		•		,	•	,	
	•	•		•	•		891	68	980	980	,		•	ı	,	4				
							508	76	584	584				,		1				
	•	,		,	,		2,926	439	3,365	3,365		,								, 60
	1	٠					006.00	294	407.7	407.7			1	1	1					097'60
4a.4.12 Unity Start Cost 4a.4.12 Unity Start Cost		4475	. 4	, 5		ď	28,363	4,40/	33,790	33,790		. •		1980	4 1	•		73 827	, <u>5</u>	575.863
		ì	B	2	•		36,430	5.0	00/0	6064	•	•	•	60,0				3,02,		200.5
4a.0 TOTAL PERIOD 4a COST	295	18.949	11,825	3.077	9.489	45.906	39,511	. 59.956	159,266	157,687	٠	1,579	89.021	57,631	3.080	470	96 999	9,683,840 23	237,737	581.648
PERIOD 4b - Site Decontamination																				
Period 4b Direct Decommissioning Activities 4b.1.1 Remove spent fuel racks	300	35	130	92	•	518		313	1.372	1,372	•	4	•	2,648			,	237,562	1,033	
Disposal of Plant Systems																				
4b.1.2.1 Annulus Ventilation 4b.1.2.2 Aux & RB Heating Water		8 24	21.5	<sub>6</sub> 0	118 362			% 16 16	179 969	179 969			1,299	٠.				52,733 161,630	700 9,838	
4b.1.2.3 Aux Bldg Ventilation	•	153	9	12	464		,	110	746	746		•	5,100				,	207,126	3,719	

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						1000				l	1		4			A Paris	1		, Johnson		Parisher and
Activity			-	Packaging	Transport Pr		Disposal (		Total		Lic. Term.	Management	Restoration	Volume	Class A	Class B	Class C	втсс	2	Craff	Contractor
Index	Activity Description	Cost			Costs	Costs	- 1	Costs Co	Contingency	Costs			Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet		Cu. Feet				Aanhours
Disposal of	Disposal of Plant Systems (continued)		900	ę	8	97.0	ţ		ţ	900	000			4 160	703				220.466	a 120	,
	Boron Recycle		330	p †	<b>Q</b> 2	3/8	7 5		5/1	029	0.00			100	\$ 6				444.70	5.123	•
	Boron Inermal Kegeneration	ı	230	- 8	۶ ۶	/ / 4	2 3		22	7 7 7	7 40			046.7	87.7				5 1 2 1 4 A	13.530	•
-	Chemical & Volume Control		946	£	5	£04	F 6		95.4	0.00	2,493		, ;	n 100	4,200		,		2.00	6,000	
	Component Cooling		4 1		, '	, ;			4 6	9 5	, ;		8	, ;				,	100 500	2,023	
	Component Cooling RCA	,	2 8	4	0	310		,	8 7	9 6	8		. 404	21.0		•		•	990,000	277.0	
	Condenser Circulating Water		2 2	, •	, •	, \$			ī ų	ò	, 6		è	426			•	,	17 660	95.8	
	Cont Air Kelease & Addition		\$ 3	- (		đ ć		,	<u>.</u>	8 6	2 6	•		2					00,440	2000	
	Conf Air Return Ex & H2 Skimmer		<b>2</b>	7	4 ;	135	. 1		47	8	9			984	, {	•	1		50,418	7,067	
	Cont CRD, & ICI Room Vent	,	5,	ıo ı	Ξ,	290	52		ς '	8/8	4/8			184	129				140,856	98.0	
	Cont Water Sample & Purge		80	0	0	m	,	į	. 2	13	<del>.</del>		. 1	28		,			1,154	90.5	
	Containment Chilled Water	•	52	•	•	,	•		4	53		,	29		•	,	,	•		712	•
	Containment Chilled Water RCA	•	89	7	e	128			37	238	238			1.407	,				57,124	1,636	•
	Containment Purge Ventifation		146	7	4	534	,		120	821	821	•	•	5.875		,			238,572	3,648	•
4b.1.2.17 C	Conventional Sampling		294	50	77	89	128		121	650	650	1	•	745	654	,		,	88,847	7.247	,
	Diesel Bldg Ventilation		œ	,	,				-	o	,	•	6			ı	•			243	
	Ejectrical (clean)	•	2,300		•	,	,		345	2,645			2.645			,	•			64,849	
	Electrical (contaminated)	,	575	6	18	514	59	,	232	1,377	1.377	•	,	5,653	150			•	243,050	14,164	
	Electrical (contaminated) RCA	,	4,037	65	129	4.874			1,766	10.871	10.871	•	•	53,582	•				2,175,984	97,379	
	Equipment Decon	,	27	0	-	33	,		12	74	74	•	,	368	•		•	,	14,936	299	
	FHR Ventiation		9	4	œ	289		,	09	420	420		,	3,177		•	•		129,020	1,411	
	Fire Protection		32	•	•	,	,	,	ıo	40		•	4				,	,	•	1,045	
_	Fire Protection RCA	,	142	e	7	261		,	92	489	489		•	2,869	1				116,495	3,458	
	toe Condenser Refrigeration	,	462	10	20	775		,	236	1.504	1,504		,	8,522	,	•	•	•	346,098	11,095	
	Instrument Air	,	189	,	,	,	•	,	28	218	,	,	218		•	,		•	•	6,048	
	Instrument Air RCA	•	649	7	4	515	,	,	242	1,427	1,427		•	5,663			•		229,971	14,768	
_	Liquid Waste Recycle		730	65	87	325	535	,	385	2,127	2,127		•	3,572	2.841	,	,	•	390,551	17,837	
	Miscellaneous Ventilation		44	,		,	,		7	51	,	•	51	•		,	,	,	•	1,466	
	Nuclear Sampling	,	240	15	41	41	8	,	92	491	491		•	450	459	,	,		59,408	6,021	
	Nuclear Service Water		63		1	1	•		o	72	,	,	72					,		1,898	
	Nuclear Service Water Pump Vent		-			,		,	0	-			-	•	•	,	•	•	,	30	
	Nuclear Service Water RCA	,	473	<u>†</u>	28	1,060			283	1.857	1,857	1	•	11,651	,	1	4		473,134	11,409	
	Reactor Coolant		96	17	30	141	182	•	97	563	563	1	4	1,550	931	,		,	146,488	2,451	•
_	Refueling Water	•	270	9	13	482	,	,	142	913	913		,	5,296			•	٠	215,058	6,731	
	Residual Heat Removal	,	123	17	54	75	153	,	98	477	477	,		824	783	,	1	•	103,675	3,049	
	Safety Injection		345	35	54	738	233		267	1,671	1,671		•	8.112	1,202			,	436,194	8,513	
	Spent Fuel Cooling	,	172	£	16	117	83	,	98	492	492	•	,	1,286	455			,	93,076	4,238	
<del>성</del>	Turbine Building Ventilation		94						4	108		,	108		•					3,003	
4b.1.2	Totals		13.933	462	<b>2</b> 5	13,717	2,529	,	6,035	37.410	34.022		3,388	150,785	13,138			1	7,283,762	350,788	
4b.1.3	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning		1.028	6	5	105	5		278	1.447	1,447	•	•	1,040	99				52,632	32.384	
Decontami	Decompany of City Dulkings																				
4b.1.4.1	lation of site buildings Reactor	924	929	121	227	964	829		1,009	4,630	4,630			9,498	6,561			•	1,003,094	36,522	
	Auxiliary Building	427	5	78	57	98	2	,	298	138	1,136	,	,	943	1,601			,	196,074	14,125	
4b.1.4.3	Containment Mechanical Equipment	6	13	-	2	-	4		16	99	99	•	,	122	29		•	,	11,287	764	
	Fuel Building	629	902	12	50	308	33	,	565	2.304	2,304	•		3,393	401	,			176.182	32,243	1
s,	Retired Steam Generator Facility	53	2	0	-		-	,	15	48	84		•	•	18		,	,	1,800	791	
4b.1.4	Totaks	2,058	1.532	162	308	1,269	951	,	1.903	8,185	8,185	•	•	13,955	8,648				1,388,437	84 444	
4b.1	Subtotal Period 4b Activity Costs	2,358	16,529	773	1,123	15,091	4.011		8,529	48.414	45.026	•	3.388	165,780	24,499	٠	•	•	8,962,394	468,649	
Period 4b A	Period 4b Additional Costs																				
4b.2.1	License Termination Survey Program Management						,	616	185	901	5 6	1	•					•			6,240
	Subtotal Period 40 Acquitonal Costs				•			5	3	3	3		•	ı	,						) 

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						O# C +-	WOL					Spent Fired	dis	Drocesed		Busiel Volumes	1		Burial /	ľ	fillity and
Activity	Activity Description	Decon	Removal	Packaging Costs	Transport P	essing	Disposal	Other	Total	Total Li	Lic. Term. M	=	ē	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A C	Class B C	ပန္	Gu. Faet	<b>T</b> .	Craft C	Contractor
								ı													
Period 4b	Period 4b Collateral Costs	i		;	;		ţ		i	ţ	ţ				į					;	
4b.3.1	Process liquid waste	4		£	66	•	ይ		<b>3</b> , 9	8 £	8 F	•		•	/6C			,	35,808	9	
4.5.2.4	Omen tool allowance Decommission of Faultment Disposition		324	- 101	, E	505	۶,		4 5	940	940				27.5				303 507	. 8	. ,
200	Supray and Dalage of Street Metal			ž,	3	3	2	1014	55	1 166	1,66				;					} ,	
4p.3	Subtotal Period 4b Collateral Costs	74	324	142	129	909	228	410	419	2,935	2,935		ı	6,000	970	•			339,315	204	
Period 4b	Period 4b Period-Dependent Costs	Š							300		100										,
40.4	Decor supplies	70			•				502	/20,1	77.										•
40.42	Insurance Description							800	è°	8 6	9 6								•		
5.4.0	riopeity laxes			•				ţ	2 6	, ,						'	,		•		,
40.4.4	Health physics supplies	•	2,409	•					202	3,017	10.0										
40.4.5	Heavy equipment rental		7,7/B	. '	. '		. ;		41/	95	8				. ;		ı	,		. ;	
40.4.6	Lisposal of DAW generated		,	5	₽	,	797	, ,	4	55	453				096.0				)00'ELL	707	
4D.4.	Plant energy budget		,				,	446	737	9//	9//								•	,	
4D.4.8	NRC Fees							821	£6 i	936	936		•				ı	,		,	
4b.4.9	Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services	•			,	•		485	23	228	228	•	•	1	•						,
4p.4.10	Indirect Overhead							1,895	284	2,179	2,179						1				
4b.4.11	Security Staff Cost						,	1,872	281	2,153	2,153										56,640
4b.4.12	Utility Staff Cost	•	•	•	•	•		18,532	2,780	21,311	21,311	•	,	•		•			. !		334,446
4p.4	Subtotal Period 4b Period-Dependent Costs	821	5.188	16	16		525	25.882	5.103	37,353	37.353	•			5.980				119,607	202	391,086
4b.0	TOTAL PERIOD 4b COST	3,254	22.040	1,006	1.269	15,696	4,492	27,512	14,237	89,504	86,116		3,388	171,780	31,449				9,421,315	469,056	397,326
PERIOD 4	PERIOD 4d - Delay before License Termination																				
	•																				
Period 4d	Period 4d Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Period 4a	Period 4d Period-Dependent Costs																				
40.4			·				,	, 8	,	, ¥	, K		•		•						•
40.4.2	Hoperty taxes		. 2			•		77	, ţ	2 4	2.8					•			•		•
404	Disposal of DAW generated		ì,		, -	. ,	. 4		: •	ţ «	ţ«				85				1.693	, m	
40.4.5	Plant energy budget		•	•	,	,		270	. 14	311	311		,	,	٠.			•			
4446	CON CONTRACTOR	,	,	,	,		,	155	55	170	170			•		•					
44.47	Indirect Overhead						,	2	£	16	9			•		,			,	,	
40.4.8	Security Staff Cost				•		1	9	0	4	4		•	1		•	•	ı	•	i	2,657
4d.4.9	Utility Staff Cost	,	,	,				604	9	694	694	•	•	•	٠	,		,	•	,	12,400
4.04	Subtotal Period 4d Period-Dependent Costs	,	67	-	0	i	4	1,125	178	1,375	1,375	•	•		8				1,693	e	15.057
0.b4	TOTAL PERIOD 4d COST	•	49	-	0		4	1,125	178	1,375	1,375		٠	•	92	•	•		1.693	E	15,057
PERIOD,	PERIOD 4e - License Termination																				
d																					
4e 1.1	Direct Decommissioning Activities ORISE confirmatory survey	٠			,	,		150	45	195	195	٠		•							
4e.1.2	Terminate license									a											
- Fe - T	Subtotal Period 4e Activity Costs	•	•	•	,			120	45	195	195	,	•								
Deriod As	Dance As Additional Costs																				
46.2.1	License Termination Survey	,	•	,	,	,	,	8.246	2.474	10,720	10,720	,	,							197,878	3,120
4e.2	Subtotal Period 4e Additional Costs		•					8,246	2.474	10.720	10,720	•	•							197,878	3,120
Period 4s	Period de Period-Dependent Costs																				
46.4.1	Insurance	٠	•	٠	•	,	,	,	1		,	1	į	•							
46.4.2	Property taxes		. 9					70	2	22	22	•		•							
4e.4.3	Health physics supplies		1.054						82	1,318	1,318	r		•							

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					200	770					Second Study	4	December		OV Johnson	1		Parried /		Miles and
Activity Index Activity Description	Decon	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport Costs	essing sets	Disposal Costs	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total Lic Costs (	Lic. Term. M Costs	Management F	ų d	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B Class C Cu. Feet Cu. Feet		GTCC F	<b>8</b> .	Craft ( Manhours	Contractor
Period 4e Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																				
4e 4 4 Disposal of DAW generated		•	ĸ	-		13		4	23	23			1	315				6.299	÷	
					•		240	8	276	276	,	,					,			
4e.4.6 NRC Fees	•	•					532	53	585	585				•						
4e.4.7 Indirect Overhead	•	•					392	69	450	450			•		,	•				
	•	1	•	1	,	1	429	2	494	494			•				•			11,786
4e.4.9 Utility Staff Cost		•	•		•		4,060	609	4.669	4,669			•		,	,				69.143
4e.4 Subtotal Period 4e Period-Dependent Costs	- sts	1.054	S	-	1	13	5.672	1,091	7,836	7,836			•	315			1	6.299	Ξ	80,929
4e 0 TOTAL PERIOD 4e COST	ı	1.054	kr.	-	,	55	14.068	3,609	18.750	18.750		,		315				6.299	197,889	84,049
PERIOD 4 TOTALS	3,806	42,111	12,837	4,347	25,185	50,414	82,216	47,980	268.895	263,928	•	4,967	260,802	89,480	3,080	470	989	19,113,150	904,684	1,078,079
PERIOD 5b - Site Restoration																				
Period 5b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
5																				
	•	2,781		•			ı	417	3,198			3,198	,				•		40,693	
	•	185	,		•	•		8, 6	212	•		212	•					,	2.750	
50.1.1.3 Auxinally Building 55.1.1.4 Containment Machanical Equipment	• 1	₽ £				, ,		077	98	, ,		000							1085	
		1 988						98	2.286			226							34 180	•
		238	•					4	343			343	•						4.152	,
	•	739	•					111	820			820	1	,		,		,	11,073	
	•	821						123	944		•	944	•	•					10,075	,
	1	305	•					94	351			351	•			,		1	4,660	
	•	2,688	1	ı	1		1	403	3,091		į	3,091	•	•				•	47,939	,
55.1.1.11 Turbine Pedestal	•	779			•	ı			2		•	2 3	,						7.563	
		11 985						1 798	13.782			13 782							186 487	. 1
		2						3	1										i	
Sec																				
	•	110				•	. :	16	23	. :	1	128	•						248	, ;
55.1.3 Final report to NRC 55.1.3 Surfactal Demod 55 Actually Casts	1	12 004					5 5	1,835	163	£ £	•	13 908							186 735	8 8
	•	17.03		•	,		7	2	7.0	3	•	2	•					•	3	3
Penod 5b Additional Costs 5b.2.1 Concrete Crushing	1	634	1	,	•	,	ю	86	733	,	1	733	•						3,269	٠
	•	634	1	1			ო	8	733	ı	1	733	•		•	•			3,269	,
5b (		į						8	Ş			,								
5b.3 Subtotal Period 5b Collateral Costs		<u> </u>						8 8	<u>1</u> 2		. ,	<u> </u>		,	, ,				. ,	
Period 5b Period-Dependent Costs																				
5b.4.1 Insurance	•	1	1	1	1				,			•	٠							
	•	. ]			•		4	4 1	8 5		٠	48	•		•					
	•	4.781			•		. ;	717	5.499			5,499		ı	ı	ı	,		,	
50.4.4 Plant energy budget	•	•	1	1	1	,	4 4	₹	5 5 4 7	- 067		đ <sub>o</sub>	,					,	•	
		. ,				, ,	5 5	130	200	è.		565								22.959
	•	,	,		•	,	7.811	1.172	8.983	,		8,983	•	1				,	,	131,589
	- sts	4.781	1	•	•	,	9,730	2,174	16,686	857	•	15.828	,	•		,	,			154.547
1000 1000 1010		100					220 0	8	71010			709.00							100.001	166 107
	•		,				0.00	97	1	1021	•	•70.0c	•					•	100	o o

Table D-1
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 1
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate (thousands of 2008 dollars)

							LLRW				ı	Spent Fuel	Site	rocessed		Burial Vo	umes		Burial /		tility and
Activity Index	Activity Description	Decon Cost	Removal Cost	Decon Removal Packaging Transport Cost Cost Costs Costs	Transport   Costs	Processing I Costs	Disposal Costs	Other Costs (	Total Contingency	Total Costs	Lic. Term. P Costs	Management F Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B Cu. Feet	Class C Cu. Feet (	GTCC I	Class A Class B Class C GTCC Processed Cu. Feet Cu. Feet Cu. Lbs. N	Craft	Contractor
PERIOD 5 TOTALS		•	17.644					9.875	4,126	31,644	1.021		30,624	•		•	,	١.		190,004	156,107
TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSIC	COMMISSION	8,789	68,625	13,295	4,745	25,185	51,883	466,008	109,762	748,292	590,482	121,194	36,616	260,802	113,881	3,080	470	999	19,682,270	1,184,850	5,754,100

TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION WITH 17.19% CONTINGENCY:	\$748,292 thousands of 2008 dollars
TOTAL NRC LICENSE TERMINATION COST IS 78,91% OR:	\$590,482 thousands of 2008 dollars
SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT COST IS 16.2% OR:	\$121,194 thousands of 2008 dollars
NON-NUCLEAR DEMOLITION COST IS 4.89% OR:	\$36,516 thousands of 2008 dollars
TOTAL LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE VOLUME BURIED (EXCLUDING GTCC):	117,431 cubic feet
TOTAL GREATER THAN CLASS C RADWASTE VOLUME GENERATED:	666 cubic feet
TOTAL SCRAP METAL REMOVED:	44,137 tons
TOTAL CRAFT LABOR REQUIREMENTS:	1,165,750 man-hours

End Notes

Ma - indicates that this activity not charged as decommissioning expense.
a - indicates that this activity performed by decommissioning staff.
0 - indicates that this value is less than 0.5 but is non-zero.
a cell containing "-" indicates a zero value

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

•																					-
Activity	y Activity Description	Cost	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport F Costs	Processing Costs	Disposal O Costs C	Costs Con	Total Contingency	Total Lic. Costs C	Lic. Term. Ma Costs	Management R Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet (	Class B C Cu. Feet C	Class C G Cu. Feet Cu	GTCC Pro Cu. Feet W	Processed Wt., Lbs. Me	Craft C Manhours W	Contractor Manhours
PERIOD	PERIOD 1a - Shutdown through Transition																				
Period 18	Period 1a Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
1a.1.1	SAFSTOR site characterization survey	ř	•		,	1		381	114	495	495								,		
18.1.2	Prepare preliminary decommissioning cost		•		•	•	•	88	ø	43	<del>\$</del>		٠	٠							559
1a.1.4	Notification of Cessation of Operations Remove fuel & source material									a .C											
1a.1.5	Notification of Permanent Defueling									æ											
1a,1.6	Deactivate plant systems & process waste							:	,	n ¦	;										į
1a.1./	Prepare and submit FOUAR	•					•	8 8	on u	<b>6</b>	۶ و ۲	ı	1								960
18.19	Perform detailed rad survey			,		•		9	•	² na	ř	•	•				•				3
1a.1.10								58	4	. E	33	,			,	,					430
13.1.11		•	•	•	1	•	,	23	4	33	33	•	٠	,					,		430
1a.1.12		•			,	,	•	4	7	20	20	,	,	•		,	,	1	•	,	645
1a.1.13						•		23	4	33	33					,			•		430
1a.1.14		•			,	•		8 ;	4 (	5 5	5 5	i	•	•							1,333
cl.T.ar	Perform Site-Specific Cost Study	•			ı			C 4	77	16/	J9/		,								SL'.
Activity S																					
1a.1.16.1		•	•	,				143	21	165	165	•	•								2,116
1a.1.16.2						•	,	12	8	39	139			,	,	,			,		1,792
18.1.16.3			•	•				<del>.</del> 6	4.	40.	40.6	,	,								1,342
12 1 16.5	5 Facility and site dormancy				. 1	, ,	, ,	8 %	n o	à û	24										8
1a.1.16								47	7,	545	545		•								696'9
1a 1 17	Detailed Work Procedures 1a 1 17 1 Plant systems	•	,	,		٠		35	ur.	4	40										Š
1a.1.17.2	2 Facility closeout & dormancy					•		32	ı vo	<b>.</b> 6	4			•		,					516
1a.1.17	Total		•			•	•	69	10	8	80			•							1,025
1a.1.18			,	•			•	e	0	က	က		•	1	,		•		•	1	54
14.1.30	Drain & dry NISSS									ns n											
1a.1.21										. 16											
1a.1.22								,	120	e 903	4 506										46 433
- ti	SUCCESSION OF ACTIVITY CORES	•						<b>*</b> 7		1,090	060	•									200
Period 1	Period 1a Additional Costs																				
1a.2.1	Landfill and Firing Range Closure Subtotal Period 1a Additional Costs							818 818	8 8	000			8 8								
	: :																				
Period 1	Period 1a Collateral Costs 1a 3.1 — Spant Filal Contol and Transfer	1					,	625	ģ	808		808									
1a.3	Subtotal Penod 1a Collateral Costs							529	2.2	808		809	•								
Pariod 4	Darried O. Darried Canada and Contract																				
18.4.1	Insurance	,		•	,	٠		1 184	118	1 303	1 303	٠	٠	,							
1a.4.2	Property taxes	,						2,606	761	8,367	8,367				•						
1a.4.3	Health physics supplies		418		,				104	225	225			•							
18.4.4	Heavy equipment rental		420	, '	. '	•	, ?		99 '	518	518				. 6					, \$	
18.4.0	Disposal of DAW generated			״	7	• 1	₹ ,	1 502	730	4 824	1831				١/6				S	2	
13.4.7	NRC Fees	. ,			, ,			471	74	518	518										
1a.4.8	Emergency Planning Fees	•	•	•				381	38	419		419		•							

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

							RW			ž	C Spent Fue	L	1-	L		rial Volume		Burial /		Utility and
Activity Index	Activity Description	Decon	Removal F Cost	Packaging T Costs	Transport Pro Costs	Processing Dis Costs C	Disposal Off Costs Co	Other Total Costs Contingency		Total Lic. Term. Costs Costs	-		5	١	Class A Class B Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	Class B Class C Cu. Feet Cu. Feet	ort Cu. Feet	Processed	d Craft Manhours	Contractor
Penod 1a Perioc	Penod 1a Period-Dependent Costs (continued)																			
1a.4.9 FEM,	FEMA Fees	,	,		,	,		209			241	,	,		,			•	•	,
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M	•	,			,		745	112	857	,	857	1			,		•	1	1
12.4.11 ISFS	ISFSI Operating Costs	,	,		,			109			. ;	125	,					•	•	
	Security Staff Cost	, ,	•					020			2,323	ı			,			•	•	
	Utility Staff Cost	. ,	,	. ,				239		22 125	2,453		, ,					•	•	355 557
	Subtotal Period 1a Period-Dependent Costs		868	o	7		4	36,560	5,181 42,		41,241	1,401			571			11,419		458,732
1a.0 TOT/	TOTAL PERIOD 1a COST	,	898	6	2		24 39	39,332	5,613 45,	45,846 4;	42.936	2,010	006		571			11.419	9	474,165
PERIOD 16 - SA	PERIOD 1b - SAFSTOR Limited DECON Activities																			
Period 1b Direct	Period 1b Direct Decommissioning Activities																			
	•																			
Decontamination	Decontamination of Site Buildings	;																		
15.1.1.1 Reactor	Reactor Andibox Building	901	,					•	121	.352	1,352	,	,				'	•	21,904	
	Auxiliany Control Dubling (common)	i c			,		1	ı			585			,				•	12,088	
	Containment Mechanical Followers	3.8			•				ច ទ	4 5	4 5		,					•	77	•
	Contaminated Materials Warehouse(common)	. v		•		•		,	2 6		÷ 6	1						•	989 1	
	Monitor Tank Building (common)	3 5	•		,		,		<b>9</b> 5			,	,					•	1.438	
15.1.1.7 Wast	Waste Solidification Eacility (common)	2 5	•	•	,				çç u		ទ្ធ ៖	ı		•				•	1,830	
	Waste Scientification Facility (Common)	- 656					,				9 :			,				•	285	
	Burkaing S	2 200	. ,			, ,			328	330	3 300							•	14,482	
	1	2011				•					2.300	•						•	53,328	
1b.1 Subte	Subtotal Period 1b Activity Costs	2,200			,	,	•		1,100 3,	3,300	3,300	,	,		,		,	•	53,328	•
Period 1b Additional Costs	Costs																			
1h21 Misc	Misc Waste	,	,	•	ų	ч					;			;						
	Spent Fuel Pool Isolation	•	. ,	٠,	٠,	,		27.0	2 2 2 2	7 242	7.24.2			è			,	7,652		•
	Landfill Post Closure Maintenance	,						10			7 7	•	, <del>F</del>					•		•
1b.2 Subte	Subtotal Period 1b Additional Costs	,	•	4	9	9		6,282			7.230	•	<b>;</b>	37				2.652	126	
;																				
This 1 Decorporations	Collateral Costs	698																		
	Process liquid waste	115		. 45	130				521		58.5		,					' 9		,
	Small tool allowance	? ,	39	! ,	3 ,	,	} ,				45		. ,		0,			40,04		
1b.3.4 Spen	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer		•			,		138			? ,	150							•	
	Subtotal Period 1b Collateral Costs	976	38	45	130	,	203	138	-	.820	1,661	159	,		781			46,846	5 152	
Period 11 Deriog	Special Approach to the special of t																			
1641 Deco	Decon supplies	838									9									
	Descriptions in the second supplies	929			, ,			900			328		,					•	•	•
	Property taxes	. ,				, ,		1419			320							•	•	,
	Health physics supplies	,	324			,	. ,	2 .	· 6	405	405			. ,				•		•
	Heavy equipment rental		113			1	,				130		,		,			•	. 1	
	Disposal of DAW generated	,		6	2	•	24	,			42	,			582	,		11 633		
	Plant energy budget	,				,		401			462			,	! ,			3	•	
	NRC Fees	,			,	,		119			131							•	,	•
	Emergency Planning Fees	,	,		,			98	10			106	,					•	•	,
	FEMA Fees	,						53			61	,			•			•	•	
	Spent Fuel Pool O&M	,						188				216			•		•	•	١	
15.4.12 ISFS	ISFSI Operating Costs	•	,	•				27			•	35					•	•	•	1
	Indirect Overhead	,			,			509			286	,	,		,			•	•	
1b.4.14 Secu	Security Staff Cost	,		•		•		757			870			,	1	,		•	•	25.728
	Utility Staff Cost	•				,		849			5,577			,	,		•	•	•	89 897

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

							ļ			;											
Activity		Decon	Removal	Packaging	ı	Off-Site Processing	LLRW Disposal	Other	Total		NRC Lic. Term. N	Spent Fuel Management R	8	Processed Volume	Class A (	Burial Volu		l ı	Burial / Processed		Utility and Contractor
Index	Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Costs	Costs			1	Contingency	Costs		Costs	Costs	1			Cu. Feet C	Cu. Feet		Manhours	Manhours
1b.4	Subtotal Period 1b Period-Dependent Costs	838	437	on	2	•	24	8,717	1.526	11,553	11,200	353			282				11,633	50	115,626
15.0	TOTAL PERIOD 15 COST	4,015	476	58	137	9	228	15,137	3.858	23.915	23,391	512	£	37	1,362	•			61,131	53,626	115,626
PERIOD	PERIOD 1c - Preparations for SAFSTOR Dormancy																				
Period 16	Period 1c Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
10.1.1	Prepare support equipment for storage		388			•			85	446	446	,					,	,		3,000	
10.1.2	Install containment pressure equal. lines	٠	32	•		•		, ;	\$ 50	98	98 5	•								82	•
10.1.3	Interim survey prior to dormancy Secure building accesses			•	•	•		25	077	903 803	ŝ	•								2	
1c.1.5	Prepare & submit interim report	•	•	1			•	47	က	20	70	•		•	٠	,	1				251
1c.1	Subtotal Period 1c Activity Costs	•	420	•	1	•	1	750	285	1,455	1,455		•	•					•	17.801	251
Period 10 10.2.1 10.2	Period 1c Additional Costs 1c.2.1 Landfill Post Closure Maintenance 1c.2 Subtotal Period 1c Additional Costs			• 1		1 1		5 5	FF	£ £	, ,		£ £				. ,				• •
Period 1	Period 1c Collateral Costs			ŧ	ć		č		Š	9					ğ				75 657	946	
16.3.7	Process liquid waste Small fool allowance	ē.	. "	۶,	7 10		97,		517	5 4	5 4				87.				66.	<b>?</b> .	
10.3.3	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer		, ,			•	1 6	137	, 22,	158		158		•	. }				- 22		
5.3	Subtotal Period 1c Collateral Costs	8	7)	2	0L7		378	<u>}</u>	587	T. T.	4	80			<b>8</b> .				2000	<b>9</b>	
Period 1	Period 1c Period-Dependent Costs							ě	ş	ç	900								,		i
10.4.7	Insurance Property taxes							1.281	128	1409	1.409		, ,								
10.4.3	Health physics supplies	•	179	1	1	•			45	224	224								•		
10.4.4	Heavy equipment rental		113		. '	1	, (		17	8 5	<u>წ</u> წ	•			. 3				. 070	. "	
10.4.6	Disposal of DAW generated Plant energy budget			٠.	٠,		۰,	- 40	7 09	462	462				<u> </u>				,	,	
1c.4.7		•	1	•	•	•	•	119	12	131	131	. :	•						•		•
10.4.8	Emergency Planning Fees	•	•			•		8 5	ē «	8 2	, 2	90 .									
10.4.10			•	•				88	38°	216		216	,				•			,	•
10,4,11			•	1	,	i	•	27	4 ;	33	, ,	32	•								•
16.4.12	Indirect Overhead   Security Staff Cost							757	6 1	8 8 0 02	8 8 870		. ,								25,728
10.4.14		•	٠	•	,	•		4.849	727	5,577	5,577		•	•							89,897
10.4	Subtotal Period 1c Period-Dependent Costs	•	292	2	0	•	9	8,579	1.261	10,140	9,787	353			<del>4</del>				2.878	ι	115,626
1c.0	TOTAL PERIOD 1c COST	185	715	76	210	•	334	9.477	1.782	12,778	12,256	511	F	•	1,405	•			78,535	18,052	115,876
PERIOD	PERIOD 1 TOTALS	4.200	2.059	142	349	9	586	63,946	11,252	82,540	78,583	3,033	923	37	3.338	,			151,086	71,697	705,667
PERIOD	PERIOD 2a - SAFSTOR Dormancy with Wet Spent Fuel Storage	rage																			
Period 2 2a.1.1 2a.1.2	2 <b>a</b> [																				
2a.1.3 2a.1.4 2a.1.5	Prepare reports Bituminous roof replacement Maintenance sunnies							929	139	1.068 1.619	1,068										• •
2 <b>a</b> .1		•	•	•		•		2.224	463	2.688	2,688	•									

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						Off-Site	WG I				, in the second		ı								
Activity	y Activity Description	Decon	Removal	Packaging Costs	Transport F Costs	essing	Disposal	Other	Total	Total	Lic. Term.	Management	Restoration	Volume	Class A C	Class B Class	lo	GTCC Pr	Burial / Processed		Utility and Contractor
Period 2	Period 2a Additional Costs				ı			1			2	81802	200							Manhours	Manhours
2a.2.1 2a.2	Landfill Post Closure Maintenance Subtotal Period 2a Additional Costs		٠.	. ,		, ,		250	52 52	275		•	275						,	•	
Pariod 2:	Pannel 29 Collaboral Crete							200	Q	6/7		•	2/5	,						ı	
2a.3.1	Spent fuel Casa Spent fuel Casa and Transfer	•	1	,	,		•	866'9	1,050	8,048	,	8,048		,	ı	,			,		,
2	STOCKET PERSON AS CONSTRUCTED CORES						,	6.998	1,050	8.048	,	8,048	•			•	•				
Period 23	Period 2a Period-Dependent Costs																				
2a.4.2	Property taxes					•		5,329	533	5.862	5,265	597	•			,	,				
2a.4.3	Health physics supplies		900					£,'3	2075	1125	238	22,522							٠		,
2a.4.4	Disposal of DAW generated	•		61	=	•	168		3 6	288	289				. 604					. ;	•
2a.4.5	Plant energy budget NRC Fase					•		3,281	492	3,774	1,887	1.887	,		n .				218/6/	£ .	, ,
23.4.7	Emergency Planning Fees		•				ı	1,842	184	2,026	2,026	,			,						
2a.4.8	Spent Fuel Pool O&M						•	3,923	392	4,315	,	4,315		,							
2a.4.9	ISFSI Operating Costs				. ,			1 123	2CL.1	9,833		6,833		•							
2a.4.10	Indirect Overhead			•	,	,	. 1	2 252	3 8	287.	, 5	287.1	•	,	•						•
2a.4.11	Security Staff Cost	•		1			•	19,650	2.947	22,597	8.256	14 341									
24.4.72	Offility Start Cost Subfotal Period 3a Deriod Department Conta		, 6	, ;	,	,		21,457		24,675	4.654	20,021	•			. ,			. ,		397 591
i			nne F	6	F		168	87.283		100,198	24,360	75,838		•	3,991				79,812	135	1.026,216
2 <b>a</b> .0	TOTAL PERIOD 2a COST	ı	006	61	£		168	96.756	13,313	111,209	27.048	83,886	275	,	3.991	,	,		79.812	ž.	1 006 246
PERIOD	PERIOD 2b - SAFSTOR Dormancy with Dry Spent Fuel Storage																			3	017070'1
Period 2b 2b.1.1 2b.1.2	Period 2b Direct Decommissioning Activities 2b.1.1 Quarterly Inspection 2b.1.2 Sem-annual environmental survey									re e											
26.1.3	Prepare reports Bituminous roof replacement		1	,		,		98	47	s 42 TS	25	,									
2b.1.5	Maintenance supplies Subtotal Period 2b Activity Costs			• 1		•		692	173	965	965										
2								0	/47	8	1,436										
26.2.1 25.2.2	Period 20 Additional Coets 20.2.1 Landfill Manitenance Perpetuty 20.2 Subtotal Period 2b Additional Costs	• 1		•	,		,	557	8	612			612	•						,	ı
Period 2b	Period 2b Collateral Costs				ı		,	) 66	ጸ	612		1	612	·						•	ı
26.3.1 26.3	Spent Fuel Capital and Transfer Subtotal Period 2b Collateral Costs			1 1				763 763	4 T	878 878	, ,	878	•	1	,	•				,	
Period 2b	Period 2b Period-Dependent Costs									;		ò	•	•	,						ı
25.4.1 25.4.2	Insurance Property taxes							2.623	262	2.886	2,812	74									
2b.4.3	Health physics supplies	, ,	425					₹ .	4 6	53.59	159	•	•		•						
25.4.4 25.4.5	Disposal of DAW generated			31	9		98	,	25	147	14		٠,		2.036	. ,		. ,	40.710	, 9	
2b.4.6	NRC Fees							976	131	1,008	1,008	•							2	3.	
2b.4.7	Emergency Planning Fees	•			•			275	78 g	303	700'.	303									
2b.4.9	Israi Operating Costs Indirect Overhead							909	8	069		069	,						. ,		
2b.4.10	Security Staff Cost					. ,		260 5 673	39	299	299										
25.4.11	Utility Staff Cost	•	٠	•	ı	,		2,162	324	2,486	2,486	2 '									154,980
į	Success relied to relied-Dependent Costs		425	હ	9		` 8	13,598	1,970	16,115	12,935	3,179	,		2.036				40,710	, 89	200.900

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

					Off-Site	II RW				Jan	Second Second	I								
Activity Activity Description	Cost	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport P Costs	essing	Disposal	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total L	Lk. Term.	_	Restoration	Volume	Class A	Class B Class	0 1	GTCC Pr	-		Utility and Contractor
2b.0 TOTAL PERIOD 2b COST		425	31	"		1	,,	2,387		14,371	4,057	612					ł	40 710	Mannours	Manhours
PERIOD 2c - SAFSTOR Dormancy without Spent Fuel Storage	Ŗ.																	2	3	96.90
30 [									<b>.</b>											
2c.1.4 Bituminous roof replacement 2c.1.5 Maintenance sumples		,			•		3,438	516	3,953	3,953	,		•		,	,				,
							4.792 8.230	1,198	5,991 9,944	5,991 9,944										•
12c P																	ı		•	,
2c.4.1 Insurance 2c.4.2 Property taxes							17,708	1,77.1	19,479	19,479	•	,	•			•	•			
2c.4.3 Health physics supplies	•	2.943		•			5 .	736	3,679	3,679							•			
2c.4.4 Utsposal of DAW generated 2c.4.5 Plant energy budget		٠.	214	<b>8</b> 8		293		176	1,022	1,022	•			14,100				281,994	477	
2c.4.6 NRC Fees	•						6,504	91	7,154	75. 15.									,	
2c.4.8 Security Staff Cost			•				1.802	270	2.072	2.072	ı									
	•						14.974	3,985	30,549	30.549								•		596,400
2c.4 Subtotal Period 2c Period-Dependent Costs	,	2.943	214	38			74,626	10.845	89,260	89,260		. ,		14,100				281,994	477	318,080 914,480
2c.0 TOTAL PERIOD 2c COST	•	2.943	214	38		293	82,857	12,558	99,204	99,204	,	,		14,100	,	,	,	281 994	477	914 480
PERIOD 2 TOTALS		4.269	306	92		847 1	195,718	28,259	229.453	140,623	87.943	888		20136		,		400 646	i i	200
PERIOD 3a - Reactivate Site Following SAFSTOR Dormancy											!	}		3		•		402,316	8	2,141,596
3a [	• •				1 1	1 .	8 £	9 20	43 154	43 154									, ,	559 1,978
		1 1					38 88	4 0	E 2	33		• •	•	•						430
3a.1.0 Define major work sequence 3a.1.7 Penform SER and EA 3a.1.8 Penform Site-Specific Cost Study 3a.10 Penform Miles Section Cost Study							218 90 145	8 4 8	251 104 167	251 104 167										3,225 1,333 8,5
, š	•	•	•				139	<b>æ</b>	137 a	137		•	٠							1,761
3a.1.11 Re-activate plant & temporary facilities 3a.1.12 Plant systems 3a.1.11.3 Reactor internals 3a.1.14.6 Reactor vessel				1 1 1 1			214 206 189	3 18 32 28 27 88	246 139 237 217	222 125 237 217		25 - 14 - 1								3,169 1,792 3,053
Car. 1.1.16. Steam generators 3a.1.11.7. Reinforced concrete 3a.1.11.8 Main Turbine	,						51 14 15 15	0 <b>4</b> / 0	<u> </u>	t <del>1</del> 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		, , 25								2.15 1,342 688
39.1.11.9 Main Condensers 3a.1.11.10 Plant structures & buildings 3a.1.14.1.4 Waste management							5 2 2 2	142	t 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	' 22 <b>2</b> 2		52 .								172 1,342
Sa. 1. 1. 1. Z Facility & site closecut Sa. 1.1.1 Total		• •	1 1	1 1			26 1.157	4 174	1.330	1,171		15 159						. , .	, , ,	387 17,104

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		1		ı		1-Site					NRC	Spent Fuel	- 1-	I_		Burial Volumes			Burist /		life, and
Index	Activity Description	Cost	- 1	Costs	Costs	Processing	Disposal (	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Costs			Restoration	•	Class A (	Class B C	۱ ،	GTCC Proc	7	Craft	Contractor
Planning & Sit	Planning & Site Preparations				•										ı						e monte
39.1.12 Pre	Prepare dismantling sequence	•	,	•	1			20	9	8	80	,					,				
	Design water clean-in exetem					٠		2,700	405	3,105	3,105	,	,	•	,	,					7000
	Riodina/Cont. Cutrl Environments				•			4	ဖ	47	47	,		1					,		603
	Procure casks/liners & containers				,			2.100	315	2,415	2,415	•				1		,	,	,	
3a.1 Sut	Subtotal Period 3a Activity Costs		٠				,	8 2	0 10	4 1	4				,	,	,				529
				1	,			418.0	7 03/	7,951	7,792		159		,		•			,	31,262
3a/	itional Costs																				
3a.2.1 Site	Site Characterization	,		,		,		1.252	376	1.628	1628	٠	,								
	Subtotal Period 38 Additional Costs			•				1,252	376	1.628	1,628									8,75/ 0,467	3,35/
Period 3a Peri	Period 3a Period-Dependent Costs																		,	Ď.	1,55,6
3a.4.1 Inst	Insurance																				
	Property taxes	•	•	,				464	<b>4</b>	511	511			•	,	,		,	,	,	,
	Health physics supplies		366			,		8	e	<b>53</b>	59	•		i	,	,	•				
	Heavy equipment rental	•	363	•					<u>1</u> 6	456	456	•				,	,	,			
	Disposal of DAW generated		2	. '	, ,		, ;	,	89	518	518				,						
	Plant energy budget	1		,	-		20		Q	32	32		•	,	481			,	9613	, ¥	
	NOT THE STATE OF T	•	•		1			1,592	239	1,831	1,831		•	,		,			200	2	
	C cess							214	21	236	536			•							
	Committee Charles			٠		•		1,134	170	1,304	1,304		,								
	Security Start Cost				,			1,232	185	1,417	1417				•				,	ı	. !
	Ottliny Start Cost				•	,	,	10,709	1,606	12,315	12,315	•		•	,						35,728
	Subtotal Period 3a Period-Dependent Costs		815	7	-	,		15,373	2,435	18,652	18.652		,		481					, \$	200,229
3a.0 TO	TOTAL PERIOD 3a COST		815	,	•										•		11		20,6	2	/05,057
			2		-		₹	23,539	3.848	28,231	28,072	•	159		481				9,613	8.183	270,576
PERIOD 3b - L	PERIOD 3b - Decommissioning Preparations																				
Period 3b Direk	Period 3b Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Detailed Work Procedures	Procedures																				
	Plant systems							185	28	213	192	,	7	,	,	,					
	Demoining history			•		•	,	86	5	113	113		٠,			•	•				2,035
	COD cooling accomply			•	,		1	53	80	61	15		46	,							5,0,7
	COD bourings assembly	•			,			39	9	45	45		•	,							6
	Incore instrumentation							36	9	45	45										9 6
	Reactor vessel		•					38	9	45	45			,	,	,	,				5 5
3b.1.18 Fac	Facility closeout							142	2	164	164	•			,	,		,			254
	Missile shields		•					47	7	54	27		27			,			,		51.5
	Biological shield		, ,					2 1	m t	2	23	•		•			,	,	,		194
	Steam generators	ı	,			. ,		4 6	٠ د	4 6	54								,		516
	Reinforced concrete	,	,	,	,			8 6	7	, i	20.00						1		,		1,978
	Main Turbine		•	,				8 2	0 0	Q F	57		5,33				,		,		430
	Main Condensers				•			. 2	o	2 5			2 6	•							671
	Auxiliary building	,		,	•			107	. 4	5 5	, <del>[</del>		5 5		,						671
9	Reactor building	,			,		,	107	i Æ	123	÷		<u> </u>				,				1,174
30.1.1 fotal	<u>a</u>		•		,		,	1,263	190	1453	1.171		282				,			,	1,174
3b.1 Sub	Subtotal Period 3b Activity Costs												1								13,864
			,						190	1.453	1,171	,	282	,	•			,	,		13,864
3b (	nteral Costs																				
35.3.1 Dec	Decon equipment	862							129	991	991	•		,							
	Pipe cutting equipment	. ;	1,000	•					150	1,150	1,150		•		. ,						
	Notal Period so collateral costs	862	1,000				,		279	2.141	2,141										
											:										•

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

A children	، ا				Off-Site	LLRW	ĺ			NRC	Spent Fuel	Site	Processed		Burial Volumes	Himes		Parish /		Partition and
Index Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport Costs	f Processing Costs	Disposal Costs	Other Costs C	Total Contingency	Total L Costs	Lic. Term. Costs		Restoration Costs		Class A	Class 8	o i	eTCC	. 8.	Craft	Contractor
36																				Tellinours
3b.4.1 Decon supplies	27	ŀ		,				7	34	34		٠	•	•						
30.4.2 insulance 35.4.3 Property taxes	,	•					564	8	230	290		•	,			•				
		198					2	- 8	15	15										,
	•	229						8 8	25 56 85 56	248		•	•							
		,	4	-		=		5 ~	\$ 2	6	,	,		, 8					,	•
	•	,	,	,	,		118	122	933	933	. ,			8				5,328	თ	•
			,	•			109	Ξ	120	120								•	,	•
			•	,		,	789	118	206	206					•					
30.4.10 Security Staff Cost	,	٢		,	•	,	628	8	722	722	,									
30.4.11 Olimiy Staff Cost	. :	,	•			•	7,683	1,152	8,836	8,836			•	,						190,207
	/7	428	4	-		Ξ	10,297	1,619	12,387	12,387				586	٠			5,328	6	157,441
3b.0 TOTAL PERIOD 3b COST	888	1,428	4	٠		7	11,561	2,088	15,981	15,700	,	282	,	286		,		£ 328	đ	306
PERIOD 3 TOTALS	888	2,243	÷	2	,	31	35,100	5.936	44 212	43 771		441		1 5						80.
PERIOD 4a - Large Component Removal												:		į	,	,		T T	8.192	441,882
Period 4a Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
Nuclear Steam Sunny Sustem Demoval																				
4a.1.1.1 Reactor Coolant Piping	37	173		7	460	ţ			į											
	4	15	- 1c	4 4:	85	<u>ئ</u> و		132 25 C	710	710			634	534				147,070	5.201	
	\$	69	39	152	143	1210	. ,		200	2007			98.0	98				30,174	482	•
	7		351	129		774			1569	1.569			717	4, v				888,360	3,463	
	287	7,	2,369	1.038	2,281	8,542			20,788	20,788			21.655	15 151				60007	1824	
4a.1.1.b CKUM8/ICIS/Service Structure Removal 4a.1.1.7 Reactor Vescal Internals	92,8		260	73	33	151			738	738	•		401	3,425				2,200,5U3 84,283	2,488	621.2
	8 ,	136	60/.4	312		1,541	193	5,053	16,874	16,874	•	•	•	3,618	125	470		342,705	23,700	1.080
6	,	3,845	1,157	. 6	۱ ،	6.55.6	, <del>5</del>	2,214	16,9/3	16,975		ı	,	٠	. ;		999	129,800		•
4a.1.1 Totals	462	8.756	8,969	1.820	2.649	36,739	386	18,341	78.121	78,121			23,098	6.290 36.453	3.080	470	, 99	943,207 4 904 180	23,700	1,080
Removal of Major Equipment 4a.1.2 Main Turbine/Generator 4a.1.3 Main Condensers	1 1	326 1,112	315	35	900	488		375	2,438	2.438		,	4,726	2,632				637,812	8,121	9
Cascading Costs from Clean Building Demolition			l	,	3	2		7	3.027	3,027			7,274	2.145			r	519.770	28,459	
4a.1.4.1 Reactor	٠	463						;	į											
		8						20 ~	232	532					,	·	,	,	6,763	
	,	20		•	,	,		) m	3 2	3 8	, ,		•						595	
4a.1.4.4 Auxiliary Building 4a.1.4.5 Auxiliary Service Building (common)		165					,	52	189	£	•	, ,							2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	,
		6	r					4	4	104	ř	•			,	•		,	1.276	
	•	2 '		. ,				- 6	<u>ء</u> د	9 2			i					,	50	,
	,	91		,				, <del>4</del>	2 5	2 5				,					402	,
4a.1.4.9 Service Building (common)	•	87	,	,	,		,	. t	5	\$ 5		, ,	. ,		, ,	, .		ı	1,109	
	•	282	٠	,		•		42	325	325		,				•			4 856	
	•	47 LI	,				,	-	ς	2	,			,	,		,		200	
		n 6	•		,	,		- ;	ဖွ	9			,				•	,	8 %	
4a.1.4 Totals	•	1,333						50 Z	1,533	1.533	. ,								1,173	
~															,	•			8. 8.	ı
4a.1.5.1 Aux Bidg Chilled Water 4a.1.5.2 Aux Bidg Bed Area Chilled Weter (charge)	•	8 8	٠- (	m ·	8			8	219	219	•		1,094			,	,	44.411	1.857	·
	ı	3	7	1	ב			00	314	314	•	,	1,663					67,525	2,446	

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

						LLRW			l	ı	Spent Fuel	Sife	Processed		Divisial Mehinia		ľ	, 1-7-1		
Activity Index Activity Description	Cost	Removal Cost	Packaging Costs	Transport F Costs	Processing ( Costs		Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total Li	Lic, Term. M Costs	=	, ,	Volume	Class A	Class B C	ပ႑	GTCC Pro	Processed	Craft	Contractor
Orange of Direct Contract Contract						l	ı						100		1				ı	Manhours
day 1.5.3 Auxiliary Feedwater	,	900	ţ	2	200			;												
	ı	18	7	,	176			500	390	1,390			10.186				,	413,660	5,480	,
	,	7.5	•		107	•		ຄຸ	5 5	. ?		23	. !	,	,	,			564	
"	1	10	•	٠,		,		3 -	,	77		, '	08r.r	,	,	,		47,930	1.801	
	•	00	,	,			,		o			00				,		ı	142	,
	1	350	•	,	,	,		53	403			403					,		52.5	
		71	,					Ę	82	,		₽ <b>&amp;</b>							10,260	·
-	•	38					,	9	4		•	4					,		2,003	
-		33	•	,			1	S	38		٠	90							6 6	
_	•	212	4	œ	308	,	,	101	634	634		3	3 380					, ,	86	
_	•	80				•	,	13	103	<b>;</b> ,	•	103	600.0					137,548	986	
	•	80	٠			,		-	<b>o</b>			3	, ,	•					7./02	,
		13	0	0	10	•	,	ĸ	78	28		٠.	104				,		230	
	•	73	1	,		1	,	£	83	١,		8	3 .					4.4.4	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
	1	92		,	•	,	,	၈	8	,		8 8			,		,		2,13/	
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		33	•					9	88		,	98							507,	
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	•	50			,			ю	23	,		- 62		•					<u>د</u> و	
	•	51						00	S			3 %		, ,					22.5	
	•	13			•			7	15	,	,	3 4							7,52,	,
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	1	78	6	7	249	,	1	28	396	396		,	2 7.42			,		11 240	9	
	•	7	•	1	•			-	80			œ	;					0.5	545	
	1	<b>o</b>	•	,	•	,	,	-	£	,		-	•	•				•		
	٠	33						S	38			9						,	312	1
4a.1.5.30 Heater Drains	•	128	,	Í	,	,		6	147			147							900.5	
	1	<b>6</b>		,	٠	1	1	ო	23			2			. ,	. ,			9 Y	
44.1.3.32 Dealer Vent And 4.2.3 Discharge Dealer Character Character		17		,				٣	8			8			,		. ,		250	
		4 (		,	,	ı	,	2	16			16			,	,			8,4	
-	•	ò				,		φ	£3			43	•		,		,		1.132	,
_		# C						۲۷ ۰	4		,	17	,		•				55	
4a.1.5.37 Main Steam Leakoff & Steam Seal	,	3 00			,	,	1	4 -	8			30	•		,		,		28	,
	•	26		, -	. 2			- 4	D (	, 8	•	o	• }						248	
	,	119	· m	· w	230			2 4	72	òç	ı		594	1				24,127	601	
	•	5	٠,		} .			3 ^	ž č	57		,	2,525				-	02.559	2,891	
		101						1 2	1 1			7 15			,	,			291	
	•	-	,			,		0	-	,		-							, 60°S	
44. 1.3.45 Moisture Separator Reheater Bid Steam	•	S.		•			,	-	9	•	1	· v			,				5 £	
		145						23	166		1	166							4 2 3 8	
4a 15 46 Recirculated Cooling Mater (charge)		25.			ı	,		2	14	1	,	4	,	,	,				504	
	,	2 5	٠, ٩	, '	, ;		,	19	149			149			,	,	,	,	3.964	
		<u>و</u> کر	,	,	٩			٠,	4 8	42	,		174			,		7.060	429	
		a	٠	,	,			4 -	R 6	. 6		58							762	
	,	·w	,	,	٠,			+	7 4	77	•	. '	100			,		4,077	211	,
	•	247	10	20	774			182	1234	124		0	4 4						85	
	,	24					,	4	2 2			, 80	0.010					345,600	6.101	
		m				,		. 0	4	•		7						,	2	,
4a.1.5.54 Turbine Exhaust		2	1	,	,			0	7	,		۰ ۸							2 2	
4a 1.5.55 Turbine Hydraulic Oil	,	9					,	-	F	•	•	<b>;</b>			,		. ,		5 8	
		7 200	. 8	٠, ١	. ;	1	,	e	20		,	8	•	•	,	,	,		519	,
		7.830	<del>2</del> 5	<b>20</b>	2.935			1,020	7.021	5.024		1.997	32,267			,	- 1,3	1,310,369	80,927	

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		į						;						Processed		ısı	umes	L	Burtal /		Jülity and
hdex	Activity Description	ı	- 1	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs	Costs Co	Lotal Contingency	Costs (	Lk. Term. M Costs	Management F Costs	Restoration Costs	Volume Cu. Feet	Class A Cu. Feet	Class B Cu. Feet (	ပ္မွ	GTCC F	Processed Wt. Lbs. N	Craft (	Contractor
4a.1.6	Scaffolding in support of decommissioning		3.390	16	4	16	£	,	998	4,379	4,379			901	æ			ı	ءِ ا	l	
4a.1	Subtotal Period 4a Activity Costs	462	17.867	9.499	2.018	7.308	37,657	386	21,323	96.519	94,522	,	1,997	68,266	41,285	3,080	470	999	7,417.729	252,872	4,285
Period 4a	Period 4a Collateral Costs																				
4a.3.1	Process liquid waste	9	. \$	6	52	,	99		53	114	114	,	•		148				8.882	53	
48.3.3	Survey and Release of Scrap Metal		70 .				,	. 22.0	27	8	<b>8</b> F		21							•	
4a.3	Subtotal Period 4a Collateral Costs	19	182	o	52		, e	9/9	52	1,100	1.079		. 12		- 148				- 8	, 8	
Period 4a	Period 4a Period-Dependent Costs														!				1000	3	
4a.4.1	Decon supplies	55		•	,	,			7	g	9	,	,								
4a.4.2	Insurance			,	,	ı		541	75	595	292	•									• 1
48.4.3	Property taxes		. !		٠	,		79	ಣ	30	27	•	ю	•		,	•				
40.4.4	nearm physics supplies		1.473		,				368	1,841	1,841			•		,			,		
43.46	neavy equipment remail.	ı	2,265	. 5	,				340	2,605	2.605	•				•		,		1	
48.4.7	Plant energy budget			20	n				£4.0	252	525	•			3,480	,	٠		909'69	118	•
4a.4.8	NRC Fees			. ,	, ,			1,383	23/	1,821	1.821			1			,				
4a.4.9	Radwaste Processing Equipment/Services							303	î	0.19	513	,	•			,					
49.4.10	Indirect Overhead		,	,	•	•		2,201	330	2531	2531						•			1	
4a.4.11	Security Staff Cost	ı	•					1,655	248	1904	1904		,	,					•	,	45 840
48.4.12	Utility Start Cost					•		21,859	3,279	25,138	25,138			٠							388 549
49.4	Subtotal Period 4a Period-Dependent Costs	55	3.738	23	6	,		28,731	5,023	37.757	37,754	•	က	•	3,480			,	909'69	118	434,389
<b>4a</b> .0	TOTAL PERIOD 4a COST	535	21,787	9,561	2.052	7.308	37.842	29,793	26,498	135,375	133,354		2.021	98.266	44 913	3 080	470	9	7.406.21B	253.019	438 674
PERIOD 4	PERIOD 4b - Site Decontamination																!	i	!		
Period 45 L	Period 4b Uifect Decommissioning Activities 4b.1.1 Remove spent fuel racks	300	35	130	9/		518		313	1,372	1.372		,	•	2.648	,	•		237.562	1.033	
Disposal o	Disposal of Plant Systems																				
4b.1.2.1	Admin Bldg Chilled Water (shared)	,	14				,	,	2	16			16	,		,			,	416	
45.1.2.2	Admin Bldg Ventilation (shared)	•	9		,	r	,		-	7		,	7			•				17.	
4b.1.2.3	Annual Vendation		8 9	7 1	m ;	118			8	179	179		,	1,299				•	52,733	82	
4b.1.2.5	Aux Bida Ventilation		5 5	മധ	2 5	362			164	970	970	•	,	3,982					161,718	9.843	
4b.1.2.6	Boron Recycle		33.	. 6	2 %	378	. 2		- 5	7 48	4,48		,	5,113	900				207,636	3.728	•
4b.1.2.7	Boron Thermal Regeneration	,	230	24	36	103	223		136	752	752			1132	1 143				720.250	8,136	
4b.1.2.8	Breathing Air (shared)		135	- !	7	<b>8</b>			48	281	281			1,037	Ì.				42,110	3,335	
4b.1.2.10	Comp Room Chilled Water (shared)		700	'n.	132	473	814		442	2,509	2,509			5,204	4,217	•	,		584.618	13.616	1
4b.1.2.11	Component Cooling		£ 5						υţ	S 5		•	S ç						•	1,295	,
4b.1.2.12	Component Cooling RCA	,	14	4	7	279			2 %	n 0	- 605		2	, ,						3,092	1
4b.1.2.13	Computer Air Cond. (shared)		24	7	3	118			75	171	17		. ,	238					52,493	96.5	•
45.1.2.14	Condenser Circulating Water	,	83	•				,	4	107			107		,		,	•	ξ.	2 781	
4b 1 2 16	Cont Air Deturn Ed. H.D. Stemmer	,	<b>7</b>	- (	<b>-</b> ·	9			ŧ.	88	88		,	435			•		17,669	836	
46.1.2.17	Cont CRD & ICI Room Vent		<b>8</b> %	7 4	4 ;	135	, 7		45	98 5	99 !	•	•	1,488					60,418	2,087	
4b.1.2.18	Cont Water Sample & Purge	•	. ac			QE 7	3	, ,	Ξ,	8 t	8) t			3,184	23				140,856	1,880	
4b.1.2.19	Contamment Chilled Water	1	25	,	٠,	,			۷ تا	2 6	2 ,		, %	97				,	1,154	506	•
4b.1.2.20	Containment Chilled Water RCA		89	2	ę	128	,		37	238	238		₹.	1.407					57 124	1636	•
40.1.2.21	Containment Purge Ventilation	•	84.5	۲.	4	537			120	826	978	•		5,899	,		,		239,572	3,679	
4b 1 2 23	Control Area Live (shared)	ı	787	n	£ ,	361			127	786	982		•	3,969	,		,		161,176	6.615	
4b 1 2 24	Conventional Sampling		ž 8	ה כ	, ה	94.			Ε.	502	502			3.834					155,703	1654	,
	B		1	3	,	8	97.		5	000	000			745	4.	•		,	88,847	7,247	

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

_	Deco	Removal	Packading	1	Off-Site	LLRW							Processed	l					
Index Activity Description	Cost	Cost	Costs	Costs	Costs		Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total Establishment	Lk. Term. N	Management	5	.'	Class A	Class B Class C	lass C GTCC	CC Processed		Utility and
							ſ		ı		COSIS	Costs			Cu. Feet		- 1	bs. Manhours	
	•	82	٠																
4b. 1.2.2b Convntt Waste Mont & Treat (shared) RCA	•	207	50	6	355	•	,	£ ;	86		,	96			,	,			
		80	•	•	3 ,			à T	993	683		1	3.901					75.4c	,
	1	45		•	•			- 1	ה ר <u>י</u>			o	•		,	,			
		2.624	,	1		,		394	3017			52	,	•	,		,	- 140	
4b.1.2.31 Electrical (contaminated) RCA		763	12	54	688	39		308	1835	1835		3.017	. ;	•					
4b.1.2.32 Equipment Decon		5.354	87	172	6.505	,		2,349	14,465	14 465			7.563	2	,	•	- 325,208	208 18,807	. ,
	•	Ñ 9	٠.	- 1	33	,	,	12	74	74		,	40°.C	•			- 2,903		
4b.1.2.34 Filtered Water (shared)		9 9	4	æ	289	,		9	420	420			998	,	•		- 41		,
		6 %	, (		. !		1	10	74	ì.		, 2	3,77,8				- 129		
		9 €	5	-	37		1	12	77	77		•	. ;						
		882	,	•		,	1	9	49			. 9	714		ı	,	- 16	16,721 626	,
		118	. '		. ;			28	446			446				,		- 1,27	,
		221	υħ	0 4	717	. 3		63	406	406	,	} .	2 383	,			,		,
	1	2	? .	2	202	£	,	112	629	629			2.285	484			8	96,755 2,872	•
	1	4						m	54	,		24		?			- 131		•
	,	462	\$	, 6	37.7			7	26	,		S			,			- 59	•
	•	190		3 ,	0			236	1,504	1,504	•	٠.	8.522	. ,				1,454	
4b. 1.2.44 Instrument Air RCA	•	649	7	4	415		,	8 ;	218	,	•	218					- 346,098		
	,	731	92	. 60	30.5	536		242	1,427	1,427			5.663						
	,	4	٠,	i ,	3,	800		385	2.130	2,130		,	3,575	2.846	. ,	•	78,827		•
		22	,		,			٠,	51	,		5					- 20		,
	•	240	15	4	4	, &		~ 6	\$ 3	. !		52				. ,		1,466	
		63		•	: ,	3,		76		491			450	459	,		- 50 400		
4b 1 2 51 Nuclear Service Water Fump Vent		-	,					n c	,,			22	•			,	Ś		
		473	4	28	1,061		,	283	1 860	1 000		-	•	,	,				
	•	217	20	36	140	151	,	257	674	1,860			11,665	,	,	,	473		•
	•	4			,		,	-	<b>†</b> *	4/0		,	1,542	834		•	132 019		
	1	98 8	17	8	14	182	,	26	1 5	. 55		4			•				
	•	270	o i	13	482		,	142	913	3 5			1.550	931		•	. 146,		
		286	17	54	75	153	,	88	477	477			5,296	. ;			215,0		
	. ,	8 %	ş	25	826	238			1,834	1.834			824	/83	•		103,675		
		64				,			33			, 8	9,0/3	1,23/			. 477,		•
_	,	98						7	25			25						. 987	
		173	Ξ	16	147	, 8			<b>4</b> 3	,	•	5						1.457	•
40.1.2.62 Station Air (shared)	,	22		? ,	- 1	ŝ			493	493	,	•	1.287	456					,
	,	243	e	ı,	, <u>5</u>			ro ;	52			52		} ,			0/1.56		
		43	' '	,	2 ,				536	236		•	2.140				. 90		1
4b.1.2 66 Turbine Building Ventilation	•	2		,	,		. ,	۰ -	4. Din			49					8	79467	
4b.1.2 Totals	,	96	c	,	1			- 4	. 6			5				•	•	145	
		18.132	250	879	17,326	2,866			47.367	42 526		90.0	100	. ;			•		
4b.1.3 Scaffolding in support of decommissioning	,	5.086	76	4	ç	;						1.040	190,459	4.946 946			9.049,210	10 458,771	1
		3	<b>*</b> 7	٥	38	9		1,299	6,568	6,568	,		1352	84					
Decontamination of Site Buildings 4b 14 1 Resolut														5			68,397	97 46,253	,
	924	929	121	227	428	829				023									
	<b>4</b>	146	78	23	92	2				050,4			9,498	6.561		•	1,003,0		
	9 \$	D (		7	=	6				71		,	833	1.599			191,766		
	5.5	5 4	- •	0.0	Ŧ.	4				: 99			₹ ₹	3 23		1	9,7		•
	3.5	<u>*</u> °	4 .	œ ·	,	=				130			77	/9	,		11.2		
-	: =	۸ ۵	- •	- (		2				113				224		•	22,4		
<b>&amp;</b>	629	- SG /	- t	٦ ۾	<b>8</b> 0 (	e ;	,	10	45	42	,		, 8	3 5			3,180	1,903	
4b.1.4 Totals	2.184	1555	168	2,50	505	33				2,304	,		3 303	į	•		60 60 1		
			9	350	8/Z.L	696	1			8,455	٠	,	14.065	0 100			176.1		,
													}	200			1,425.7		•

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		Deco	Removal	Dackaring							NRC	Spent Fuel	- 1	Proceeded				l			
hdex	Activity Description	Cost	- 1		Costs	Processing L Costs	Disposal Costs (	Other Costs Co	Total Contingency	Total Costs	Llc, Term. I	=	5		Class A	읽	٥	GTCC	Burial / Processed		Utility and
4b.1	Subtotal Period 4b Activity Costs	2,485	24.807	872	1.281		ı		200	23.764		51800	Costs	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet	Cu. Feet		- 1	- 1	٤	Manhours
Period 4b	Period 4b Additional Costs								8	02'/01	176,80		4,840	205,876	26.661				10,780,930	594,205	
40.2.1	RP Storage Tent Asphalt Disposal		ď	Ŧ	•		į														
4b.2.2	ISFSI License Termination	•	603	- m	505 505		95 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	, ;	9	252	252				2,633				345 000	Ş	
4b.2.3	Fond Closures		,		١.		8,	3.48		/1/3	,	2,717		,	5,247				724 491	13.470	
4b.2	Subtotal Period 4b Additional Costs			,	,		,	616	185	5 6	, 6		400	,						2	, ,
			609	4	250		419	2.174	713	4,170	1053	2717	- 40		. 6				,		6,240
Period 4th	Period 4b Collateral Costs											i	ş		7.880				1,040,391	13,590	6,240
4b.3.1	Process liquid waste	76	,	55	10		į														
4b.3.2	Small tool allowance	,	412	3.	₽,	•	8¢L		8	468	468			,	610				202.00	į	
40.33	Decommissioning Equipment Disposition	•	,	107	30	909	ָ ג		20.00	474	474		ı	•		,	. ,		/60'06	£.	•
40.3.4	Survey and Release of Scrap Metal	, 1	,		•		2 ,	1.014	5 5	9 4	940		•	6,000	373	•			303,507	. 8	
		9/	412	143	132	909	232	1,014	434	3.047	3.047	•	•	, 6	. ;					,	,
Period 4b	Period 4b Period-Dependent Costs									:		•		9,000	883				340,103	207	,
4b.4.1	Decon supplies	893	,	•																	
4b.4.2	Insurance	) ,	, ,					, ;	223	1.116	1,116	,		,							
4b.4.3	Property taxes				•	1	,	699	29	736	736										
45.4.4	Health physics supplies		3.011					ž.	m	37	37	,								ı	,
40,4,0	Heavy equipment rental	•	2,779						753	3,763	3,763			•		•	. ,			,	
7 7 7 7	Disposal of DAW generated	1	•	110	20		304	•	÷ 8	8 6	96	,					,				ı
4b 4 8	NAC Heat					,	; ,	1544	25.0	1 775	972	•	•	,	7,230				144.602	244	,
4b.4.9	Radwaste Processing Fountment/Secured		,					583		2 5	2.4	•	,		•	,			! .		
4b.4.10	Indirect Overhead		,	•	•			485		558	85.5							,			
4b.4.11	Security Staff Cost						•	2,658	399	3,057	3,057		, ,			,	,		,		
4b.4.12	Utility Staff Cost				,	•		1.872		2,153	2,153	,	,				,			,	•
4P.4	Subtotal Period 4b Period-Dependent Costs	893	5.790	110	۶ ,		, 5	26,871	4.031	30,902	30.902	•		•		. ,			,		56,640
0 44	TOTAL DEBIOD 44 COST				2	ı		È	979'9	48,460	48,460			•	7.230				144 602	244	469,303
2	CONFERENCE 48 COST	3,454	31,618	1,129	1,682	19,346	5.324	37 905	18 980	110 430	777								1	ţ	250,343
PERIOD 4	PERIOD 4e - License Termination							3		027	1481	2,717	5,240	211,876	42,754	,		- 12,	12,306,020	608,247	532, 183
Period 4e [ 4e 1 1	Period 4e Direct Decommissioning Activities																				
	Terminate license	,	,		,	1		150	45	705	404										
4e.1	Subtotal Period 4e Activity Costs	,									2	•									,
:				1		,		150	42	195	195		,								
Period 4e / 4e,2.1	Additional Costs License Termination Survey																				•
4e.2	Subtotal Period 4e Additional Costs	, ,		,				9,459	2,838	12,296	12,296	,									
				,		,		9,459		12.296	12.296	,	•		. ,	. ,			,	228,376	3,120
7eilog 4e F	reliod 4e Period-Dependent Costs																	,		28.376	3,120
	modance Property taxes				,	,	,		1	,											
	Health physics supplies	,	, !	•		,	,	20	2	2	, 6			•		,	,	,			
	Disposal of DAW generated	. ,	<u>8</u>	, 4	. `	,				1.495	1,495	. ,		•					,		,
	Plant energy budget	,		י	-	,			4	25	25	,	,		345	,	,		, ,	,	
	NRC Fees		,	. ,	•	,		240		276	276		•		; ,				6,907	12	
7 0 7 0 7	Indirect Overhead	,	,	,		. ,		c c		390	390	,	,	,	,						
	Security Staff Cost	,			,	, ,		26		.93	793	•	•			,		. ,			
	Subtotal Berned 4s Berned December 6		,		1			7607		494	494	•					,	,		, ,	11 706
	sison inappedent of the contract of the contra		1.4	ιρ	-	,		9.341	1,686	12.244	12.244		,								121,786
0.94	TOTAL PERIOD 4e COST		1 196	ď	•		;						,		£				6.907	12	33,571
					-			056.81	4.568 2	24,735	24.735	•	,	,	345				6.907	228.388	136 601
																					120.05

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate
(thousands of 2008 dollars)

Activity		2	Pemorel	Dackseine							NRC	Spent Fuel	- [							
Index	Activity Description	Cost	Cost		Costs	Processing D Costs	Oisposal O	Other Costs Cor	Total	Total	É.	÷	5	_'	Class A C	Class B Class C		Burial /	,	Utility and
PERIO	PERIOD 4 TOTALS	3,989	54.601	10.695	3 735	3	ı	Ι.	L		61603	COSTS	Costs	Cu. Feet	- 1	J. Feet Cu.	Feet Cu. Feet		ž	Manhours
PERIO	PERIOD 5b - Site Restoration				!			Š	50,046	279,548	269.570	2,717	7,261	280,143	88,013	3,080	470 6	666 19,809,150	0 1,089,653	1,107,548
Репод	Period 5b Direct Decommissioning Activities																			
Demoliti	5																			
5b.1.1.2	2 AB - Battery & Cable Room (common)		2.627	٠					394	3 024			į							
5b.1.1.3			181						27	203			3.021	•				•	38.439	
5b.1.1.4			2.52						28	212			212					•	2,772	•
5b.1.1.5			1.508					,	33	254			25.5					•	2,750	
5b.1.16		•	826		, ,	• •			526	1,735	,		1,735					•	4,366	
5b.1.18	Containment Mechanical Equipment	•	25						124	6 6 6			949						22,370	
5b.1.1.9			237		•		,		e ge	8 %	•		9	,					1,085	
5b.1.1.10			1.988						298	2.286		•	272					•	5.478	
5b.1.1.11			288		•		,		\$	343			2,286					•	34,180	•
5b.1.1.12			26.5		,			,	27	207			2 6				1	•	4,152	
5b.1.1.13		,	821						37	281	,		281	, ,				•	3,401	
55.1.14		,	4.398		, ,		•	ı	123	944			94				•	•	3,548	,
5b 1 1 16		ı	330	,					9	5,057	٠	•	5,057	,				•	10,075	
5b.1.1.17	17 Service Building (common)		867	,	,	,	,	. ,	, t	3/8	,		379		,	,	,	•	970'8/	•
5b.1.1.18			893	1	,				134	726			266	,				. ,	0,2/0	
5b.1.1.19			51						, eo	285		,	1,027					,	18.025	
5b.1.1.20			3.0					,	^	5 5			80 °				•	٠	954	. ,
5b.1.1.21		. ,	522	•					403	3,091			2001					•	968	
5b.1.1.22			38						93	716	,		716					•	47,944	,
55.1.1.23		,	51		. ,				9	4			4	. ,				•	7,683	•
5h 1 1	Totals Totals	,	739	,		. ,		1		58	,		28	•				•	633	,
	Sign	,	20.088	•	,			. ,		32 404		•	820	•	,				11 073	
Site Clos	Site Closeout Activities									2			23,101				•	•	320,764	. ,
5b.1.2	BackFill Site		38+ 3																	
55.1.3	Grade & landscape site	i	110			ı			928	7,114		•	7,114							
5 1	Substitution of the second of	,		,		. ,		, 4	<b>9</b>	126			126			. ,		•	23,126	
3	Guototal Period 50 Activity Costs	•	26,383					. <b>6</b>	96.0	30 411	2 8	•		,	,		, ,		87	- 5
Period 51	Period 5b Additional Costs									- -	2		30.341				,	•	344,138	671
5b.2.1	Concrete Crushing	,	1 027																	
56.2.2	ISFSI Demolition and Restoration	•	1,176			•	,	n (	155	1,186			1,186			,				
3.00°	Subtotal Period 5b Additional Costs		2.202	,	,			5 4 5	183	1.401		1.401						•	5,291	, ;
Period 5t	Period 5b Collateral Costs							?	000	7.000		1,401	1,186	•					13.989	160
5b.3.1	Small tool allowance		248																	}
5 <b>b</b> .3	Subtotal Period 5b Collateral Costs		248 78	٠,					37	286		,	286		,					
Period 5b	Period 5b Period-Dependent Costs					ı			JE	586	,		286							
5b.4.1	Insurance																		ı	
5b.4.2	Property taxes	•		ı							,									
55.4.3	Heavy equipment rental		4.781			,		4		<b>6</b>		• •	. 4				,	•	1	
20.4.4	Plant energy budget	,				,		. ;		5.499			5.499		•			•		
54.0	Indirect Overhead	,	,					4 4		304		,	38					٠		
55.4.7	Julity Start Cost	,	ı		,	. ,		5 45		857	857	,								,
5b.4	Subtotal Period 5h Period-Dependent Contr	,	• !		,	,	- 7.	7,811		283	ı	,	986				•		, ,	22 958
			4.781			,	90	730	2.174 16	16,686	857		8.983					•		131,589
											;		070.01	•			•	•	,	154,547

Catawba Nuclear Station Decommissioning Cost Analysis

Table D-2
Catawba Nuclear Station - Unit 2
SAFSTOR Decommissioning Cost Estimate (thousands of 2008 dollars)

	pue /	Contractor		155,378	976 33	0/0'0	.552,070
		_			•		4
		Manhours		358,137	35R 137	j	1,528,360
	Burial /	Processed Wt., Lbs.		•	٠		20,377,690
	1 1	Cu. Feet			,		999
	olumes	Cu. Feet Cu. Feet					470
	BurialV	Cu. Feet					3.080
		Cu. Feet			•		112,224
	Processed	Cu. Feet				, ,	780,180
	Site P	- 1	47 641	<u>.</u>	47,641	23 465	661.76
	Spent Fuel Management Res		1401		1,401	95,094	
	NRC k. Term.	Costs	928		928	533.475	
	Total	Costs	49.970	;	49,970	685,723	
	Total	Contingency	6,516		9.51G	102.009	
	Other	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	9,839	0	629	391,250	
1	Disposal	C0818			,	44.644	
040	rocessing (	800	•	,		26,660	
	Decon Removal Packaging Transport Processing Cost Cost Costs Costs					4.141	
	ackaging 1					11,155	
	Removal P Cost	9,0	33,676	33,616		<b>€</b>	
	Cost					2/0/6	
	Activity Description	5b.0 TOTAL PERIOD 5b COST		TALS	TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION		
3	Index	5b.0 TO		PERIOD 5 TOTALS	TOTAL COST		

TOTAL COST TO DECOMMISSION WITH 17.48% CONTINGENCY:	\$685,723 thousands of 2008 dollars
TOTAL NRC LICENSE TERMINATION COST IS 77.8% OR:	\$533.475 thousands of 2008 dollars
SPENT FUEL MANAGEMENT COST IS 13.87% OR:	\$95.094 thousands of 200s dollars
NON-NUCLEAR DEMOLITION COST IS 8,33% OR:	\$57,155 thousands of 2006 dollars
TOTAL LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE VOLUME BURIED (EXCLUDING GTCC):	115.773 cubic fact
TOTAL GREATER THAN CLASS C RADWASTE VOLUME GENERATED:	686 cubic feet
TOTAL SCRAP METAL REMOVED:	53,891 tons
TOTAL CRAFT LABOR REQUIREMENTS:	1,517,633 man-hours

End Notes may not charged as decommissioning expense. In a -indicates that this activity performed by decommissioning staff. 0 - indicates that this value is less than 0.5 but is non-zero. a cell containing "-" indicates a zero value.